

2nd Taipei School on

*FeynRules-MadGraph for LHC Physics*

9/4-8, 2013, National Taiwan Normal University, Taipei

TOP QUARK THEORY

IN THE HIGGS ERA

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CENTER FOR COSMOLOGY, PARTICLE PHYSICS AND PHENOMENOLOGY (CP3)  
UNIVERSITÈ CATHOLIQUE DE LOUVAIN, BELGIUM

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Degrandi, et al. '12



Click on the references for more info

# THE HOTTEST NEWS IN TOP PHYSICS



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- A new **force** has been discovered, the first ever seen\* not related to a gauge symmetry.

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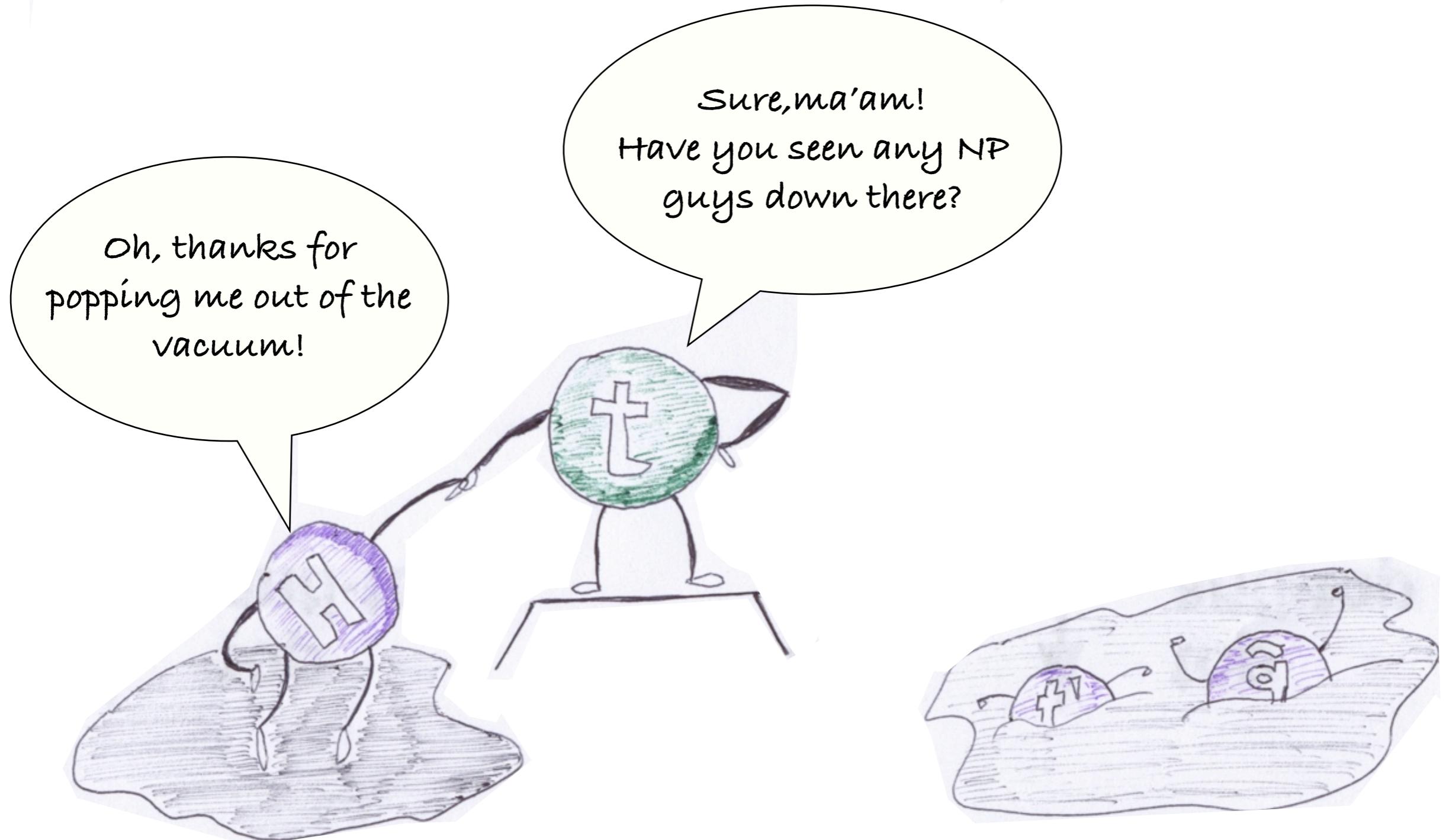
# THE HOTTEST NEWS IN TOP PHYSICS



- A new **force** has been discovered, the first ever seen\* not related to a gauge symmetry.
- Its **mediator** looks a lot like the SM scalar

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# **TOP IN THE HIGGS ERA**

Is this good or bad news (for top physics) ?

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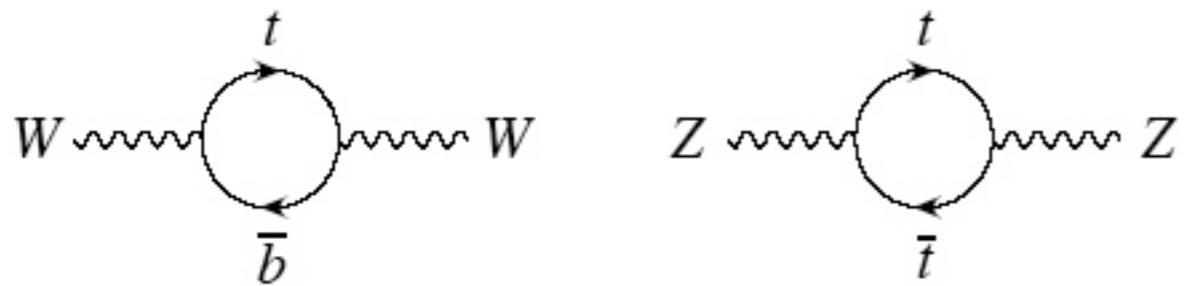
- ☺ Renewed interest and strong motivation for **precision measurements** in top physics, first of all the top mass.

# PRECISION MEASUREMENTS

Indirect evidence for the existence of particles not yet detected can be inferred from quantum corrections.

At tree level  $m_W = m_Z \cos \theta_W$ . At one loop:

$$m_W^2 \left(1 - \frac{m_W^2}{m_Z^2}\right) = \frac{\pi\alpha}{\sqrt{2}G_F}(1 + \Delta r)$$

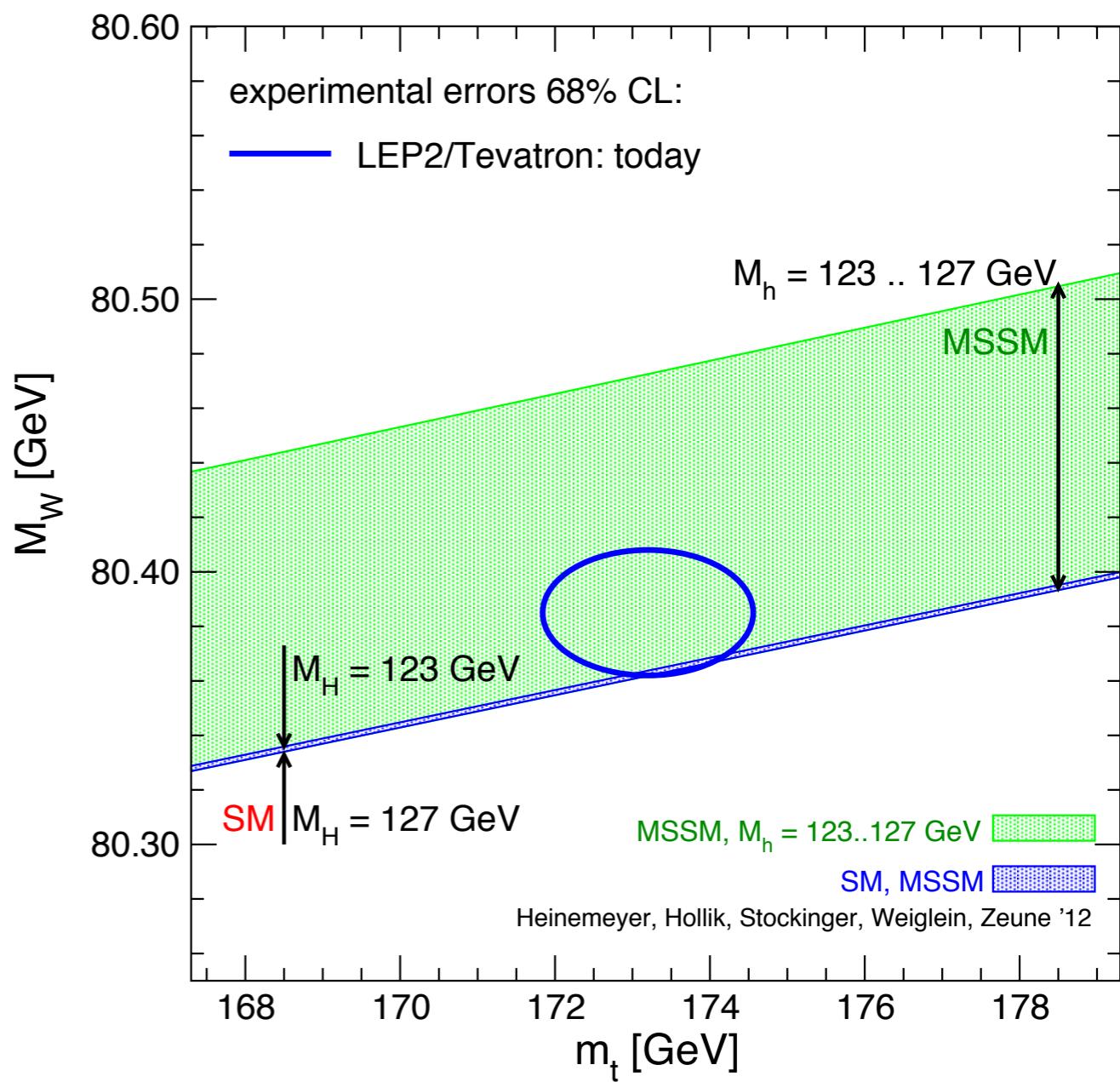


$$\Delta r_{\text{top}} = -\frac{3\alpha}{16\pi} \frac{\cos^2 \theta_W}{\sin^4 \theta_W} \frac{m_t^2}{m_W^2}$$



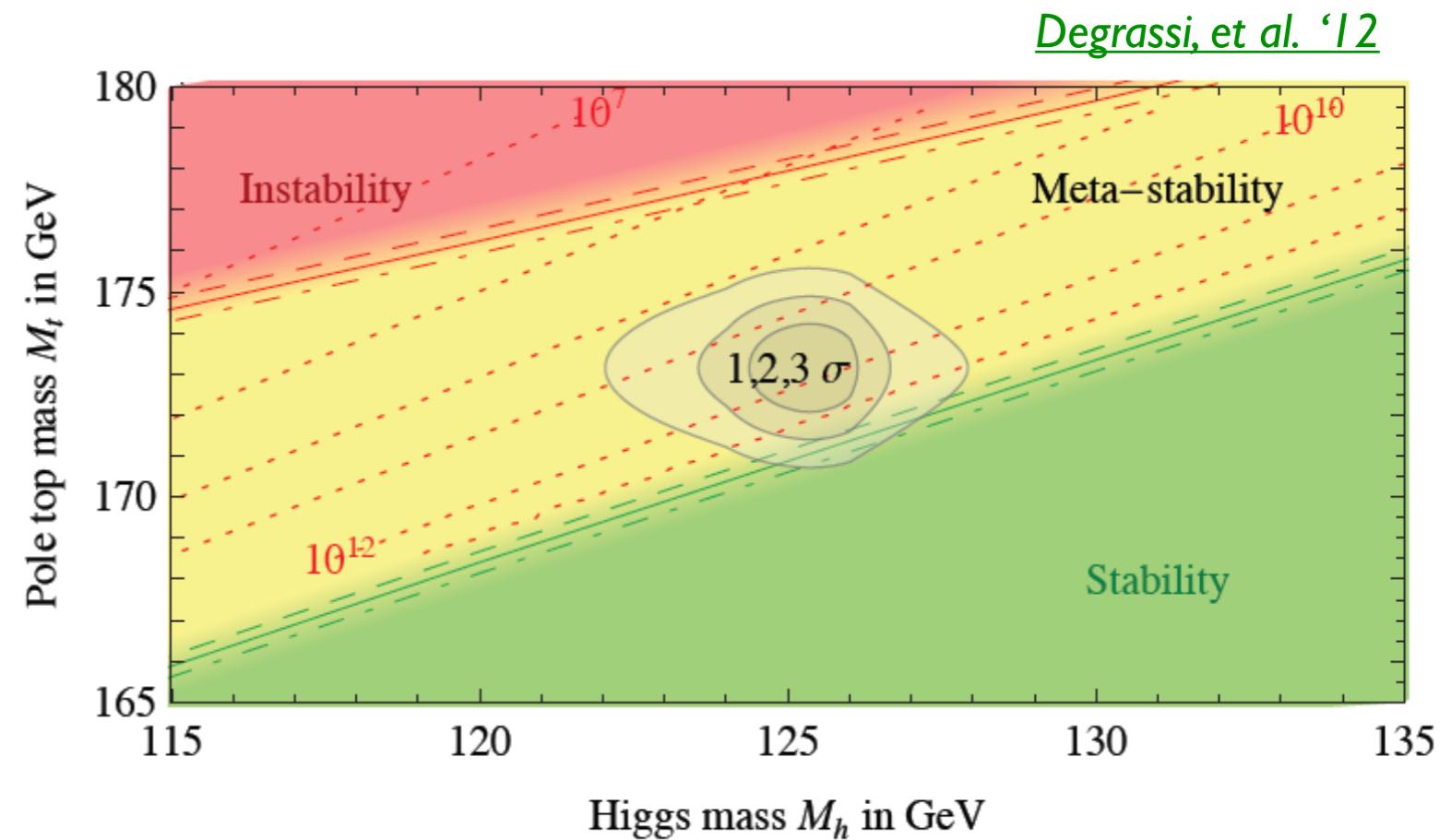
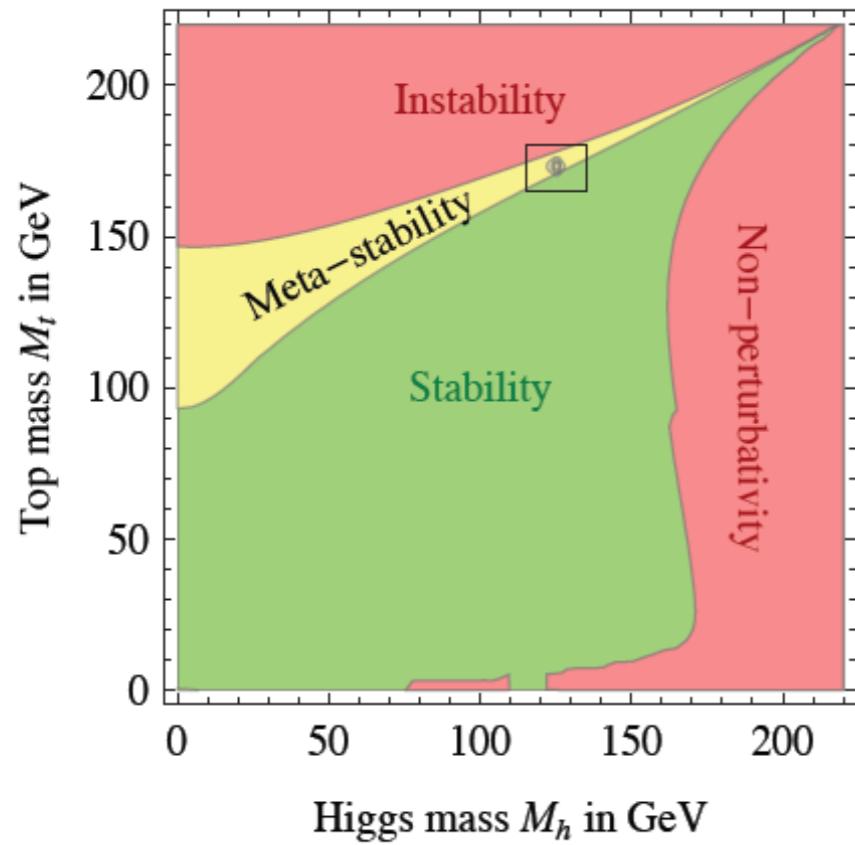
$$\Delta r_{\text{Higgs}} = +\frac{11\alpha}{48\pi \sin^2 \theta_W} \log \frac{m_H^2}{m_W^2}$$

[Heinemeyer et al. '12](#)



# PRECISION MEASUREMENTS

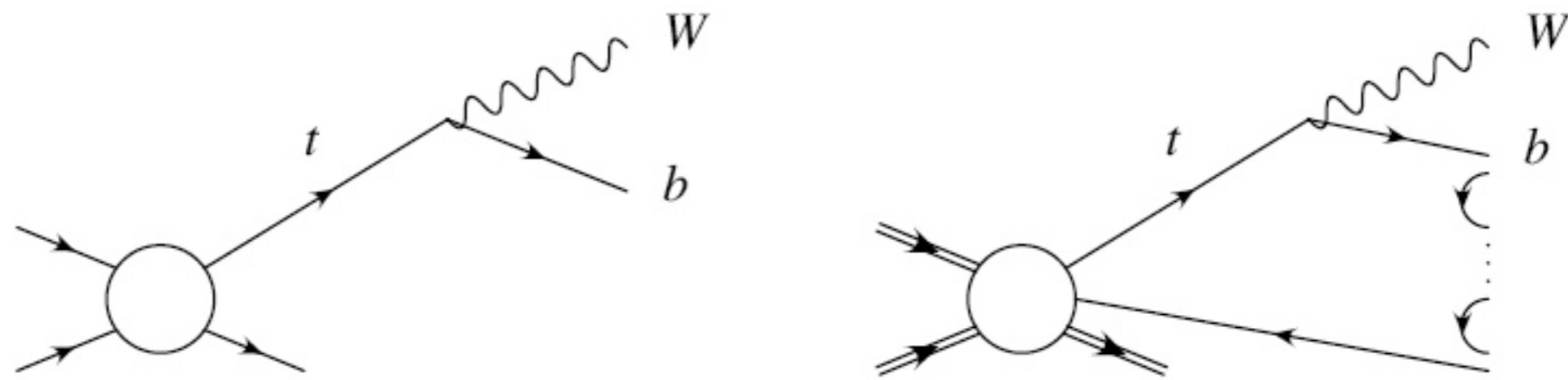
The fate of the Universe depends on 1 GeV in  $m_t$



$$y_t(M_t) = 0.93587 + 0.00557 \left( \frac{M_t}{\text{GeV}} - 173.15 \right) \dots \pm 0.00200_{\text{th}}$$

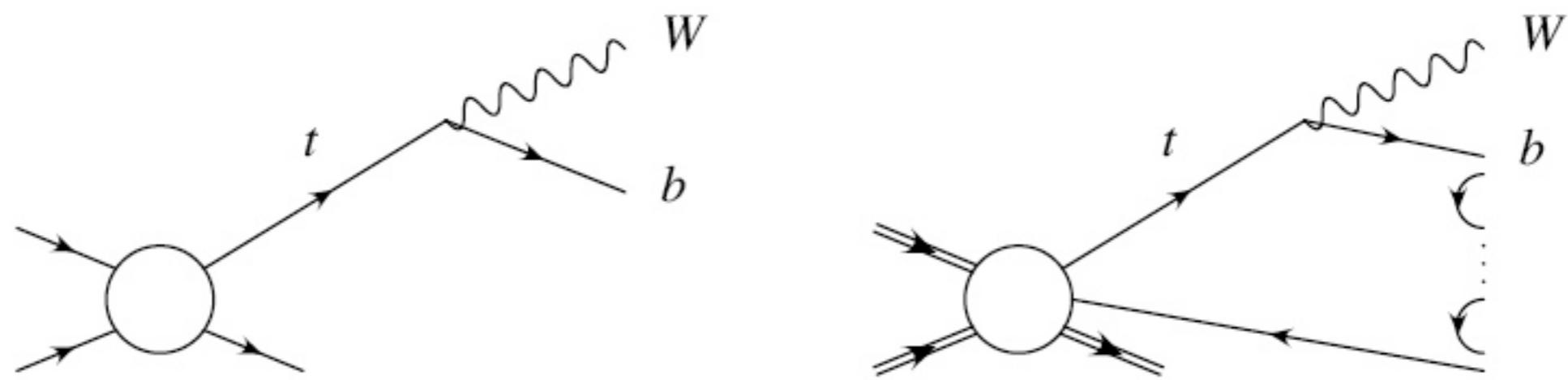
# THE TOP MASS

The pole mass corresponds to our physical intuition of a stable particle (pole = propagation of particle, though a quark doesn't usually really propagate -- hadronisation!) however, it can never be determined with accuracy better than  $\Lambda_{\text{QCD}}$ .



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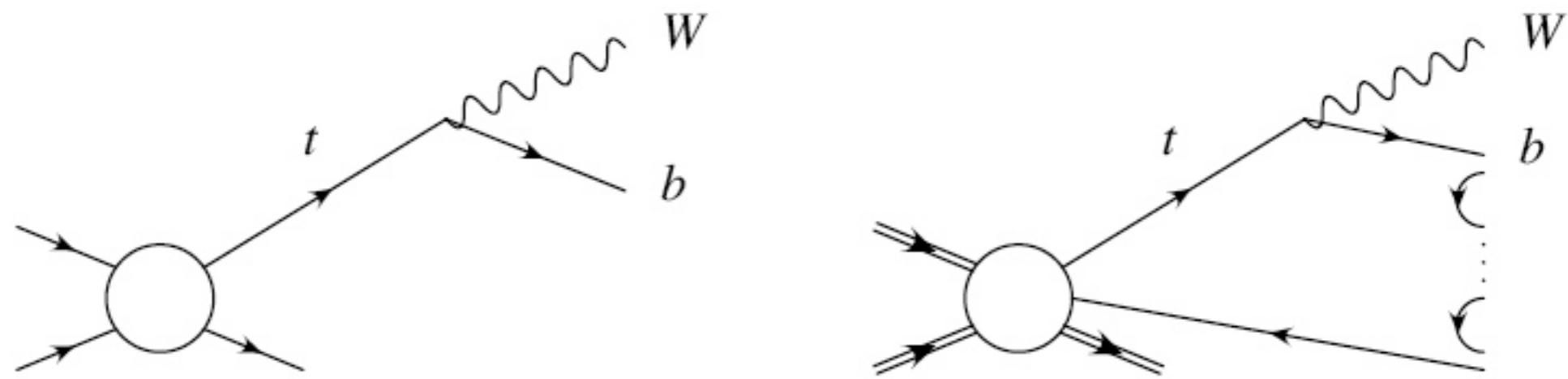
The pole mass is closer to what we measure at colliders through invariant mass of the top decay products. The ambiguities in that case are explicitly seen in the modeling of extra radiation, the color connect effects and hadronization.

It can be connected to a short distance mass perturbatively (modulo non-perturbative corrections!!):

$$m_{\text{pole}} = \overline{m}(\overline{m}) \left( 1 + \frac{4}{3} \frac{\overline{\alpha}_s(\overline{m})}{\pi} + 8.28 \left( \frac{\overline{\alpha}_s(\overline{m})}{\pi} \right)^2 + \dots \right) + O(\Lambda_{\text{QCD}})$$

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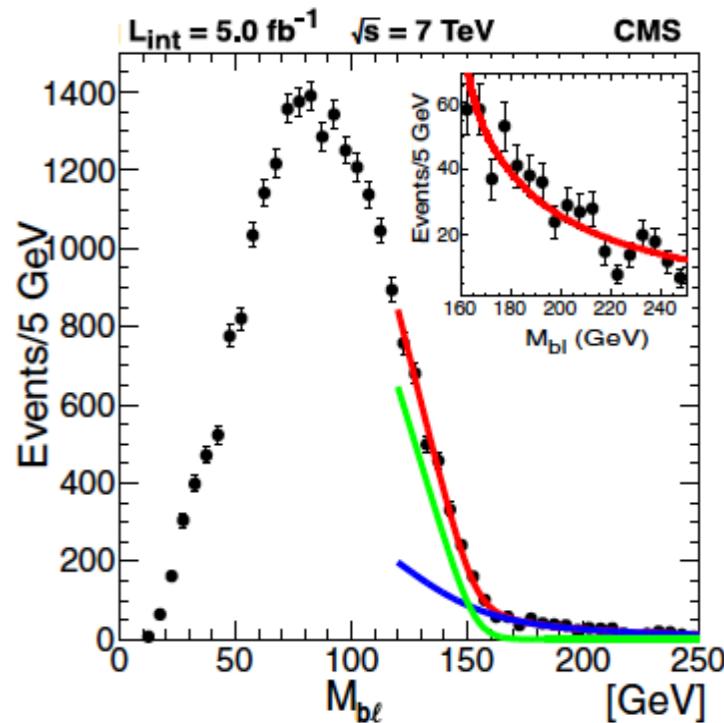
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2. Alternative more exclusive final state observables, such as the  $m(J/\psi, \text{lepton})$  [\[Kharchilava '99\]](#), [\[Chierici, Dierlamm CMS NOTE 2006/058\]](#). Statistically limited.

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3. End point method [[CMS, 2013](#)] :  $m_{T2}$ , simple and resilient.

$$M_{bl}^{\max} = \sqrt{m_b^2 + \left(1 - \frac{m_\nu^2}{M_W^2}\right) (E_W^* + p^*) (E_b^* + p^*)}$$

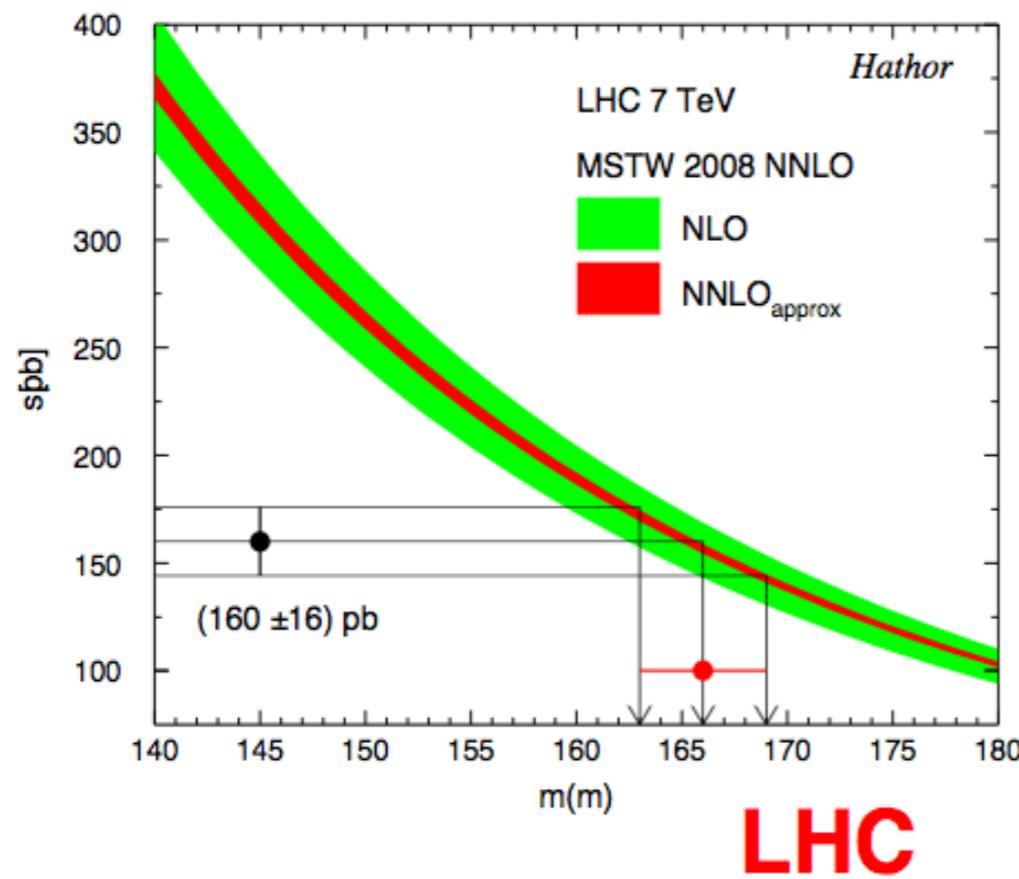


# THE TOP MASS

Several strategies for top mass measurement:

3. Extraction of  $m^{\text{MSbar}}$  from the cross section

[[Langenfeld, Moch, Uwer 2009](#), [Beneke, Falgari, Klein, Schwinn '11](#) [Ahrens, Ferroglio, Neubert, Pecjak, Yang '11](#)]



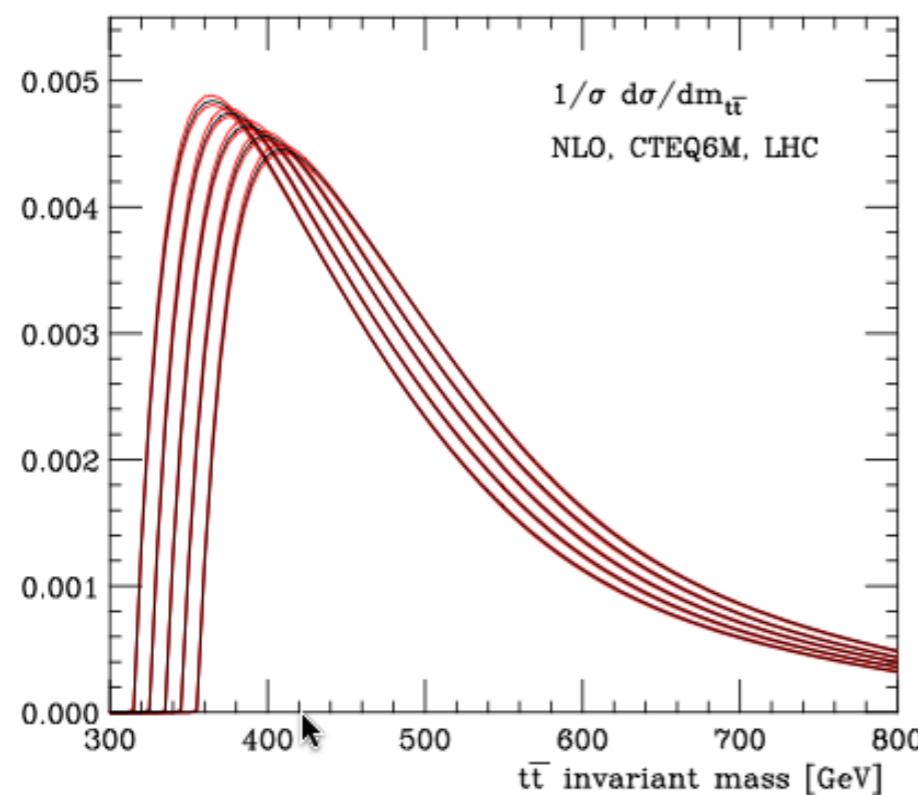
- Not competitive right now due uncertainties in the cross section measurement, to the slope and the TH uncertainty band.
- $\Delta m/m \sim 3\%$

# THE TOP MASS

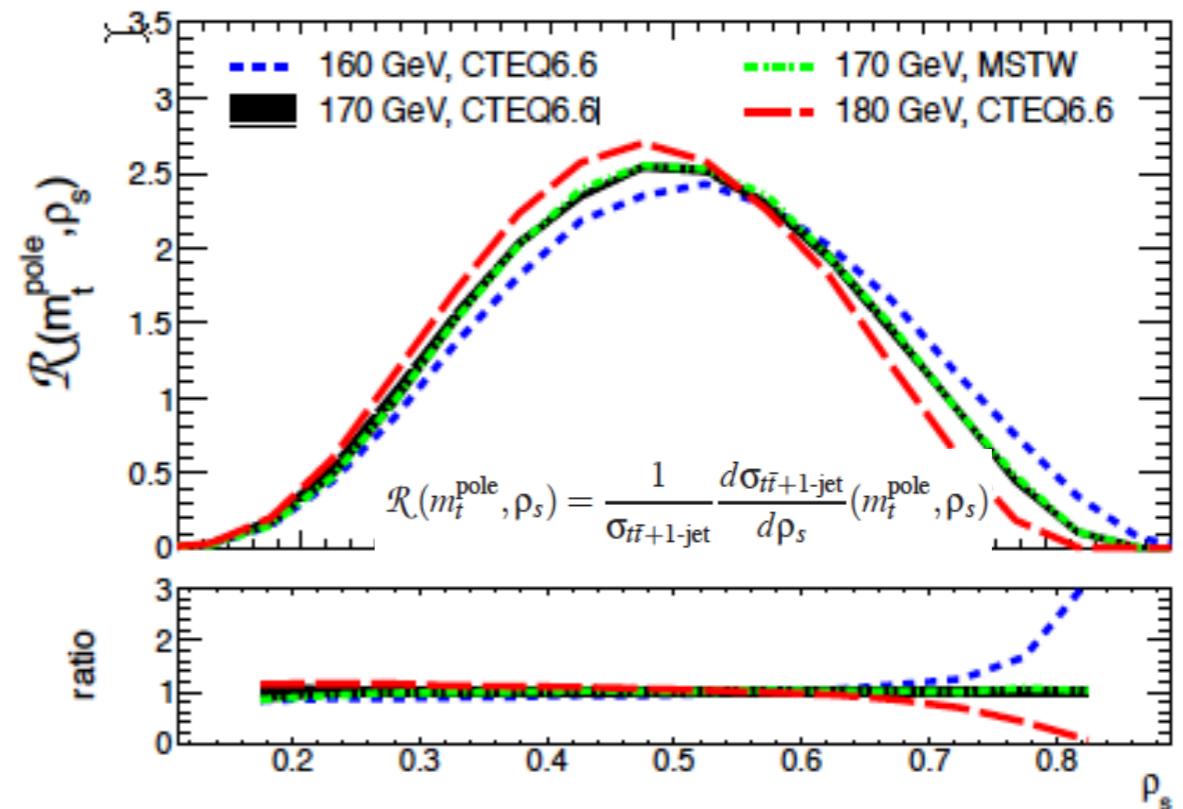
Several strategies for top mass measurement:

4. Extraction of  $m_{\text{top}}$  from distributions:

[Frederix, FM 2009]



[Alioli et al. 2013]



Difficult roads, yet worth to be explored! Boosted states and single-top production could also be used to independently assess the impact of non-perturbative corrections.

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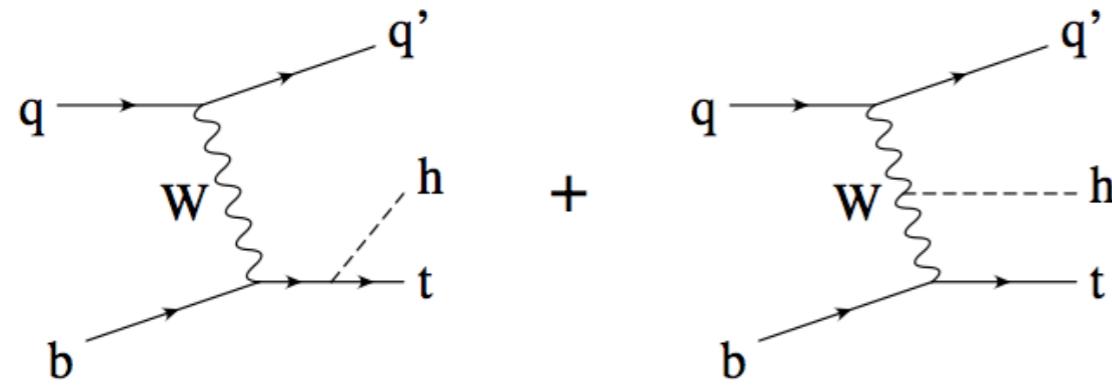
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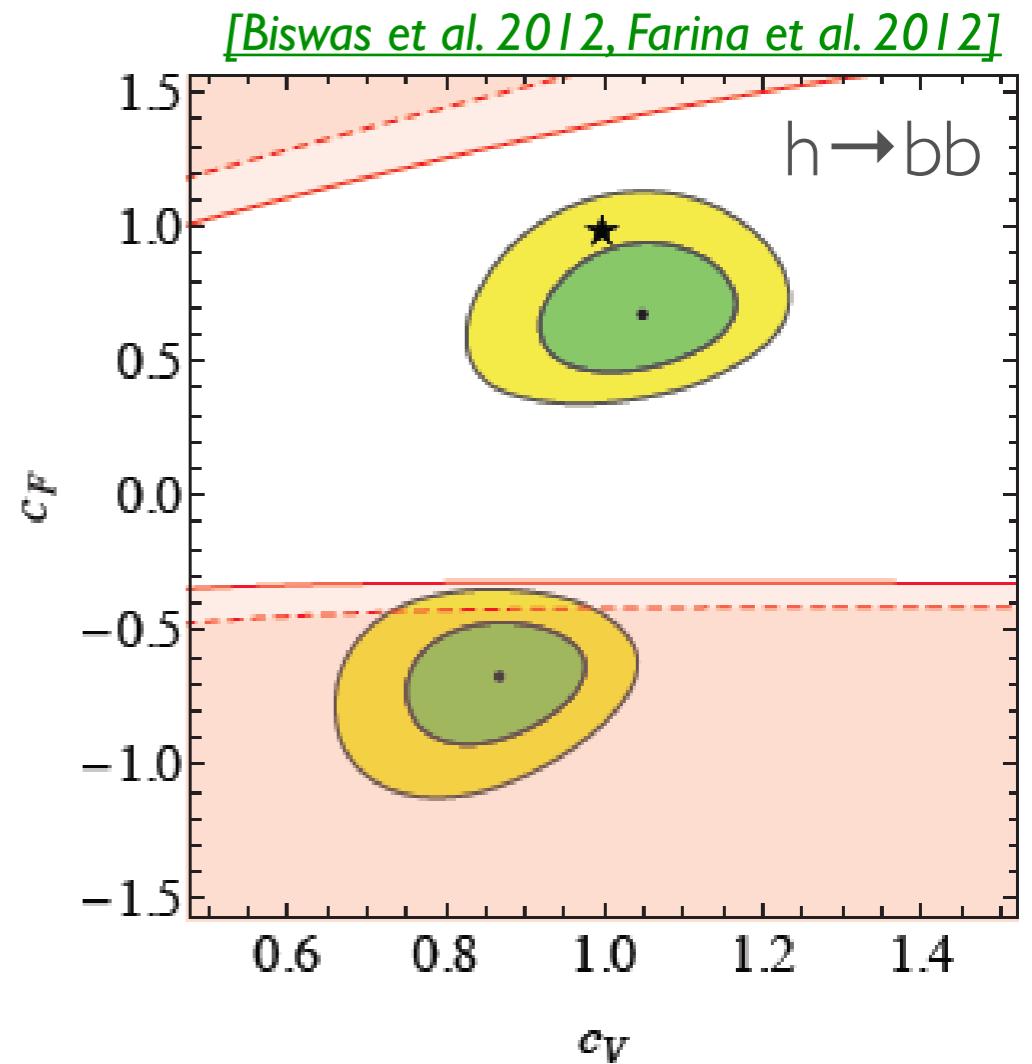
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# TOP-HIGGS INTERACTIONS

Sign of the Yukawa coupling enters in the destructive interference between W and top loops in  $h \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ . Another process exists with a similar behaviour:



aMC@NLO		$\sigma^{\text{NLO}}(pp \rightarrow thj) [\text{fb}]$	
		$c_F = 1$	$c_F = -1$
8 TeV		$18.28^{+0.42}_{-0.38}$	$233.8^{+4.6}_{-0.1}$
14 TeV		$88.2^{+1.7}_{-0.1}$	$982^{+28}_{-0}$



# TOP-HIGGS INTERACTIONS

Effective lagrangian approach

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}^{SM} + \sum \frac{c_i}{\Lambda^2} \mathcal{O}_i + O\left(\frac{1}{\Lambda^4}\right)$$

In general dimension 6 ops involving top [[Willenbrock and Zhang 2011](#),[Aguilar-Saavedra 2011](#)] are not very much constrained from low energy data. Room for NP in top couplings strengths and structure.

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$$\mathcal{O}_{hg} = (\bar{Q}_L H) \sigma^{\mu\nu} T^a t_R G_{\mu\nu}^a,$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{Hy} = H^\dagger H (\bar{H} \bar{Q}_L) t_R$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{Ht} = H^\dagger D_\mu H \bar{t}_R \gamma^\mu t_R,$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{HQ} = H^\dagger D_\mu H \bar{Q}_L \gamma^\mu Q_L$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{HQ}^{(3)} = H^\dagger \sigma^I D_\mu H \bar{Q}_L \sigma^I \gamma^\mu Q_L$$

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$$\left. \begin{aligned} \mathcal{O}_{hg} &= (\bar{Q}_L H) \sigma^{\mu\nu} T^a t_R G_{\mu\nu}^a, \\ \mathcal{O}_{Hy} &= H^\dagger H (\bar{H} \bar{Q}_L) t_R \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow \mathcal{O}_{HG} = \frac{1}{2} H^\dagger H G_{\mu\nu}^a G_a^{\mu\nu}$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{Ht} = H^\dagger D_\mu H \bar{t}_R \gamma^\mu t_R,$$

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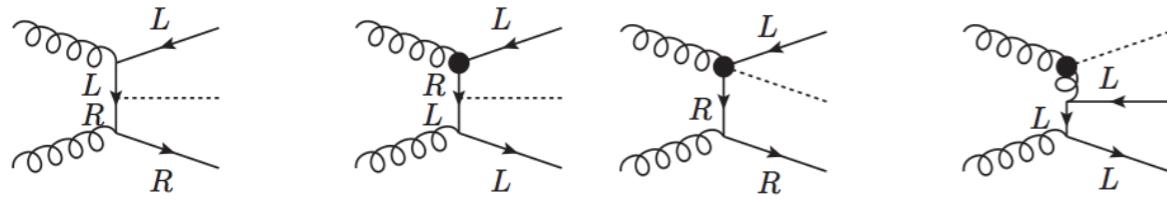
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$pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}h$

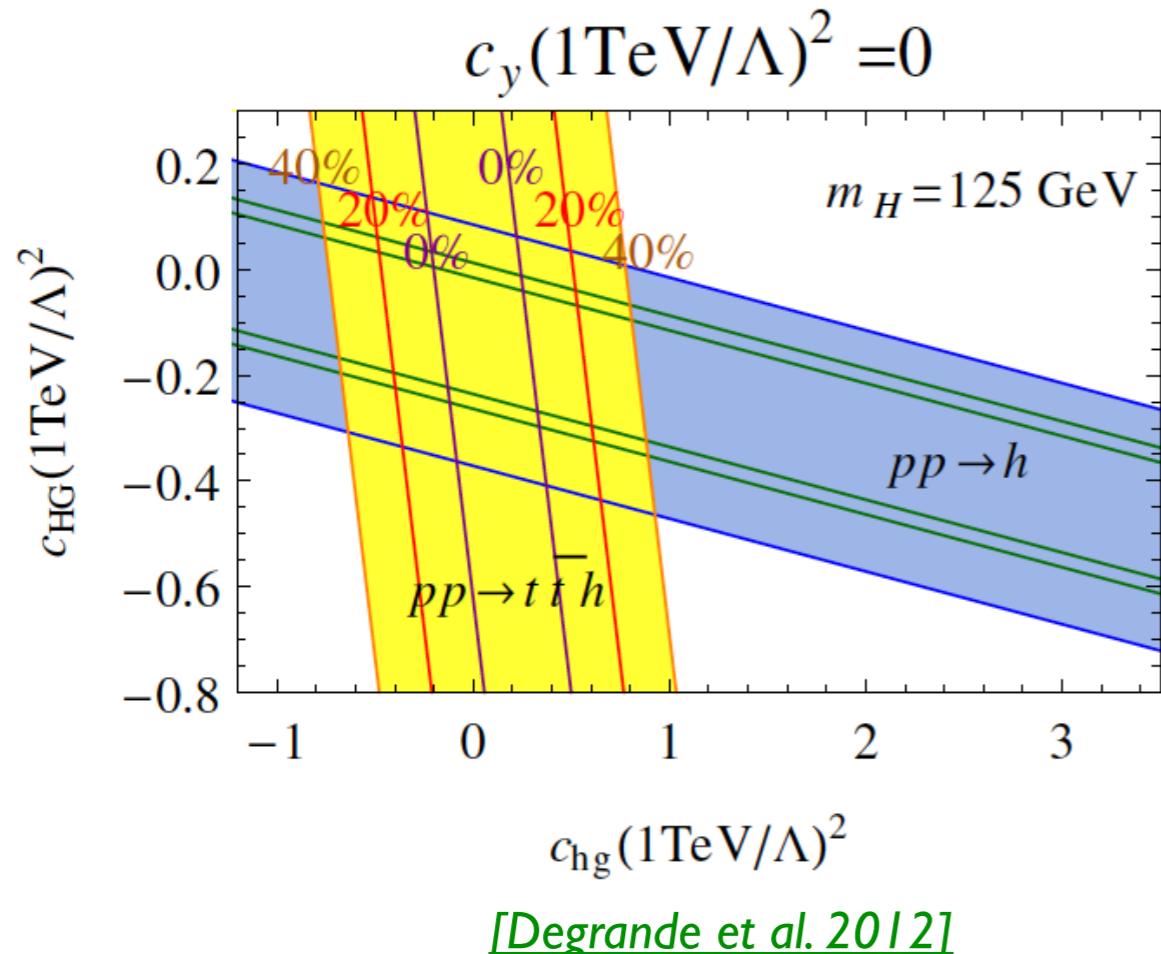
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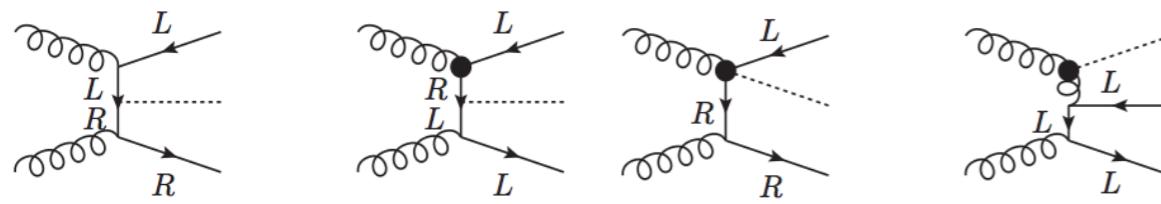


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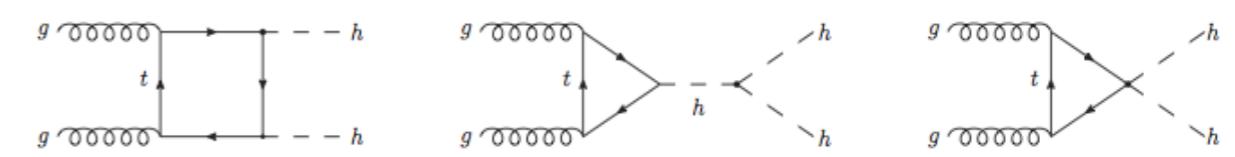


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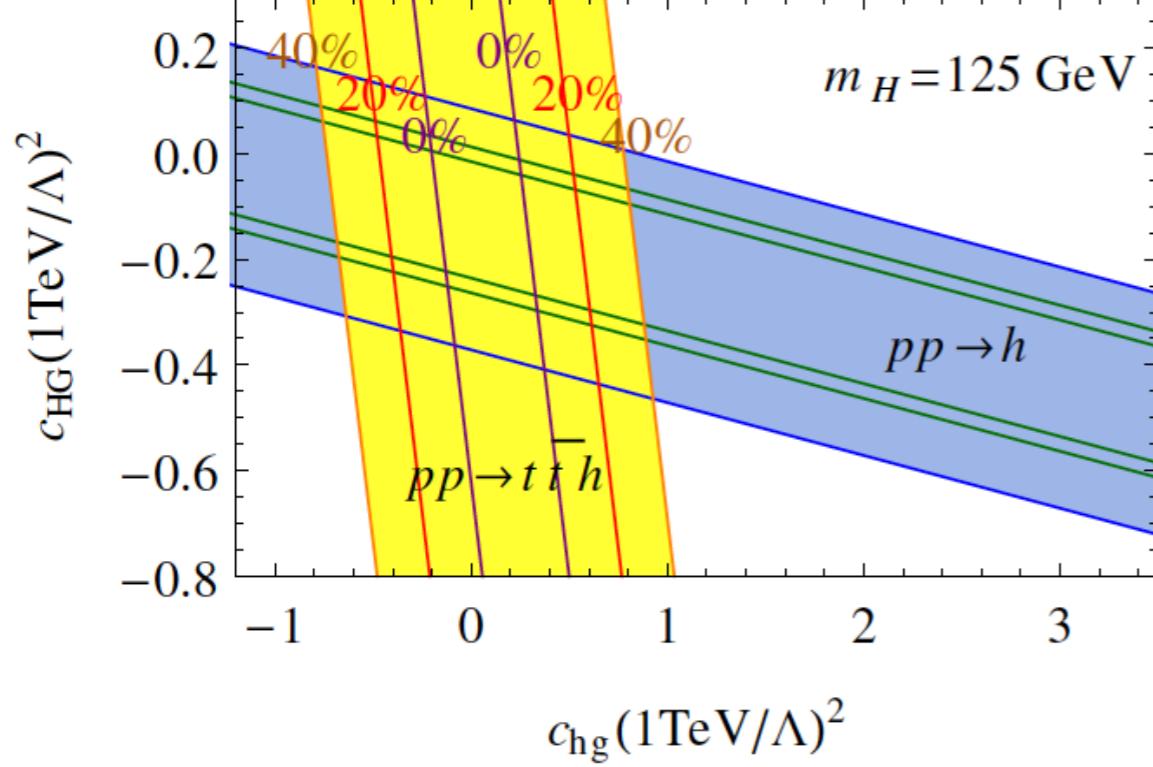
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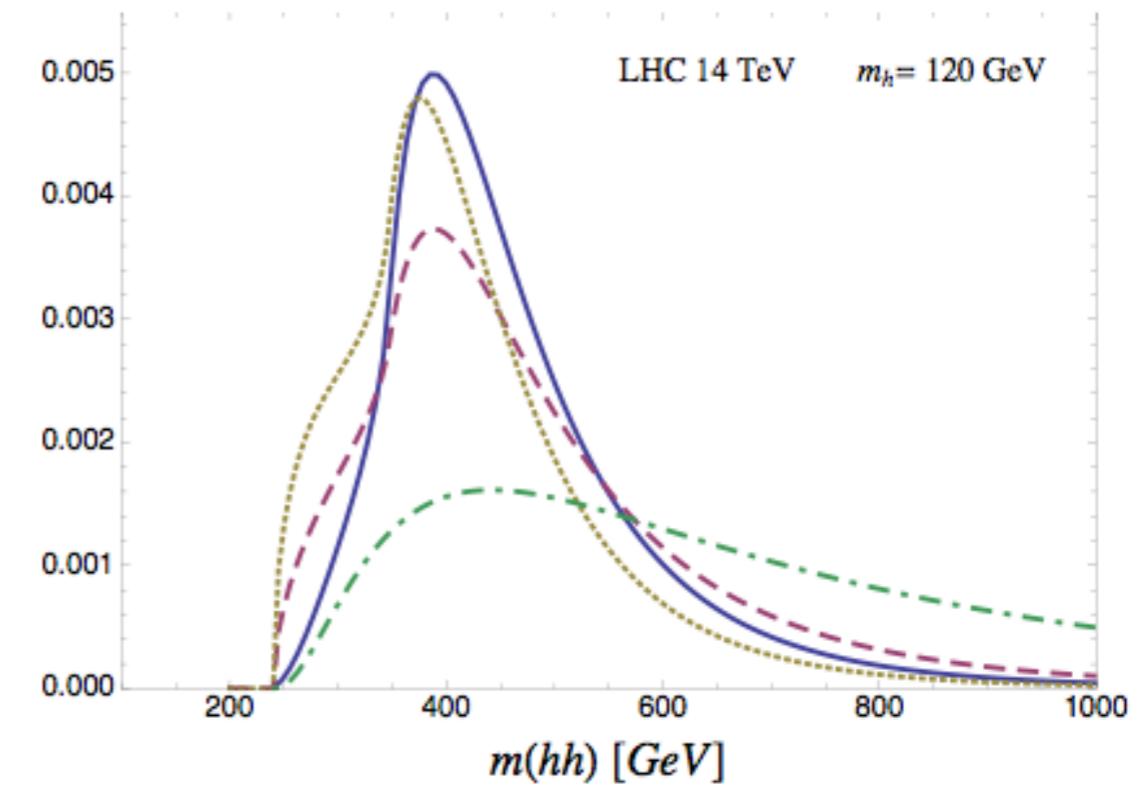
$pp \rightarrow hh$



$$c_y(1\text{TeV}/\Lambda)^2 = 0$$



[Degrande et al. 2012]



[Contino et al. 2012]

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Is this good or bad news (for top physics) ?

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- ☺ A new realm of possibilities for studying **top-Higgs interactions** has opened up.

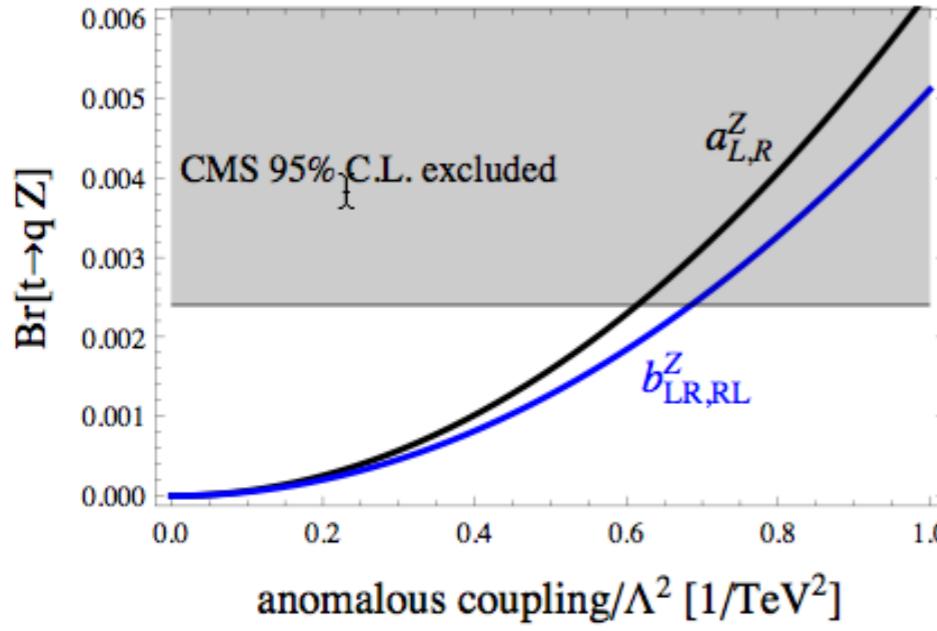
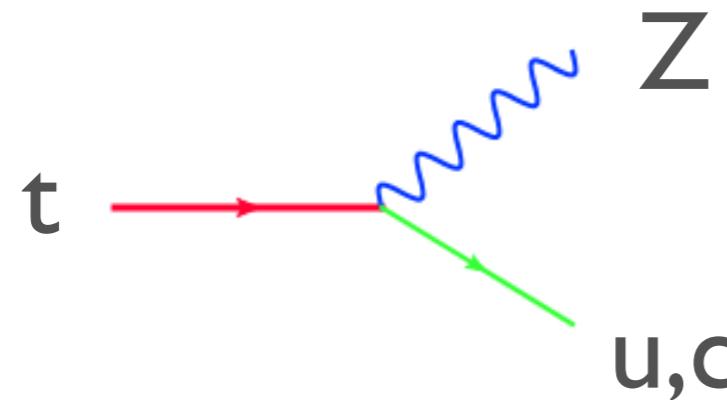
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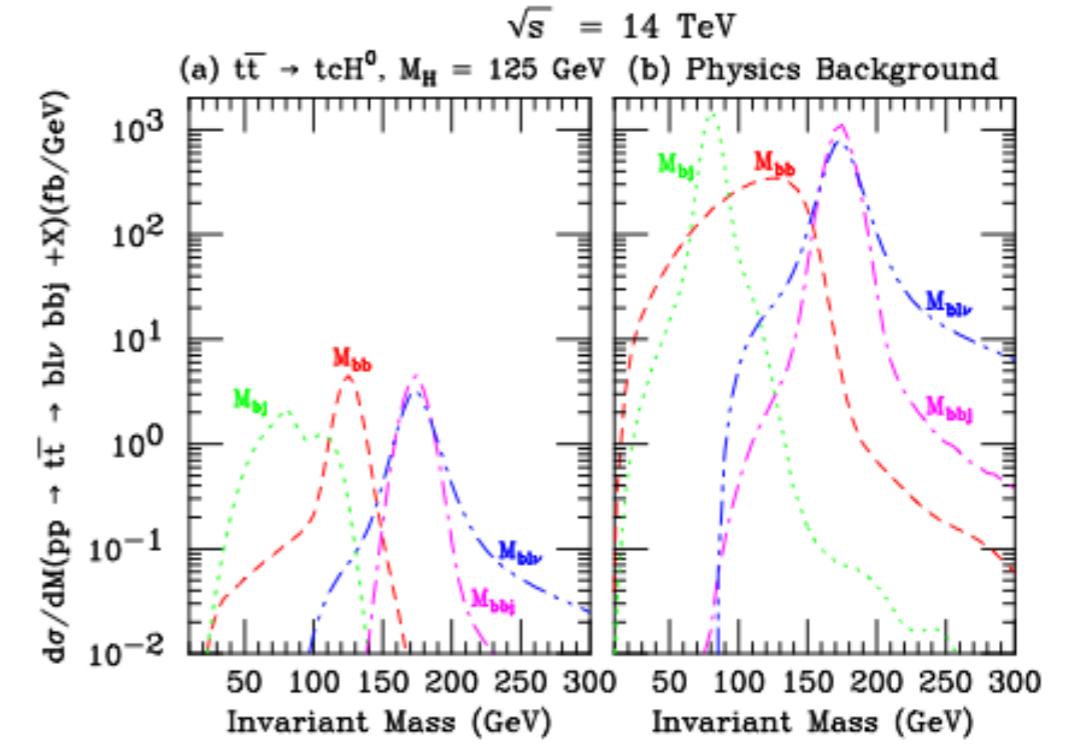
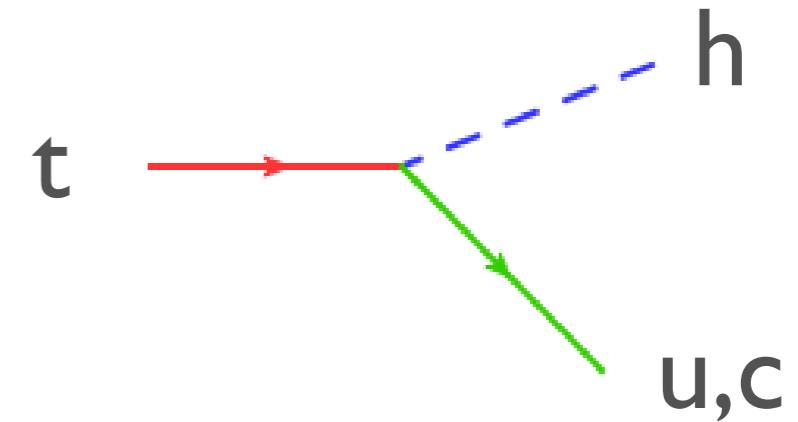
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- ☺ A new handle on **flavor physics** in general.

# FLAVOR PHYSICS

The study of FCNC couplings can bring new information:



[Drobnak, 2012 based on CMS and ATLAS results]



[Kao et al. 2011 , Kai-Feng et al 2013]

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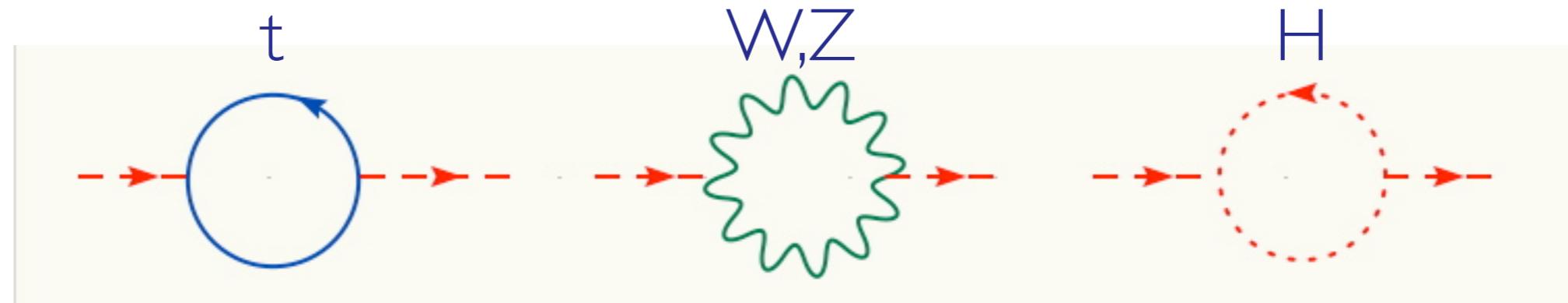
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- ☺ A new handle on **flavor physics** in general.
- ☺ Still our best **gateway to BSM** physics at the weak scale....

# GATEWAY TO NEW PHYSICS

The top quark dramatically affects the stability of the Higgs mass.  
Consider the SM as an effective field theory valid up to scale  $\Lambda$ :

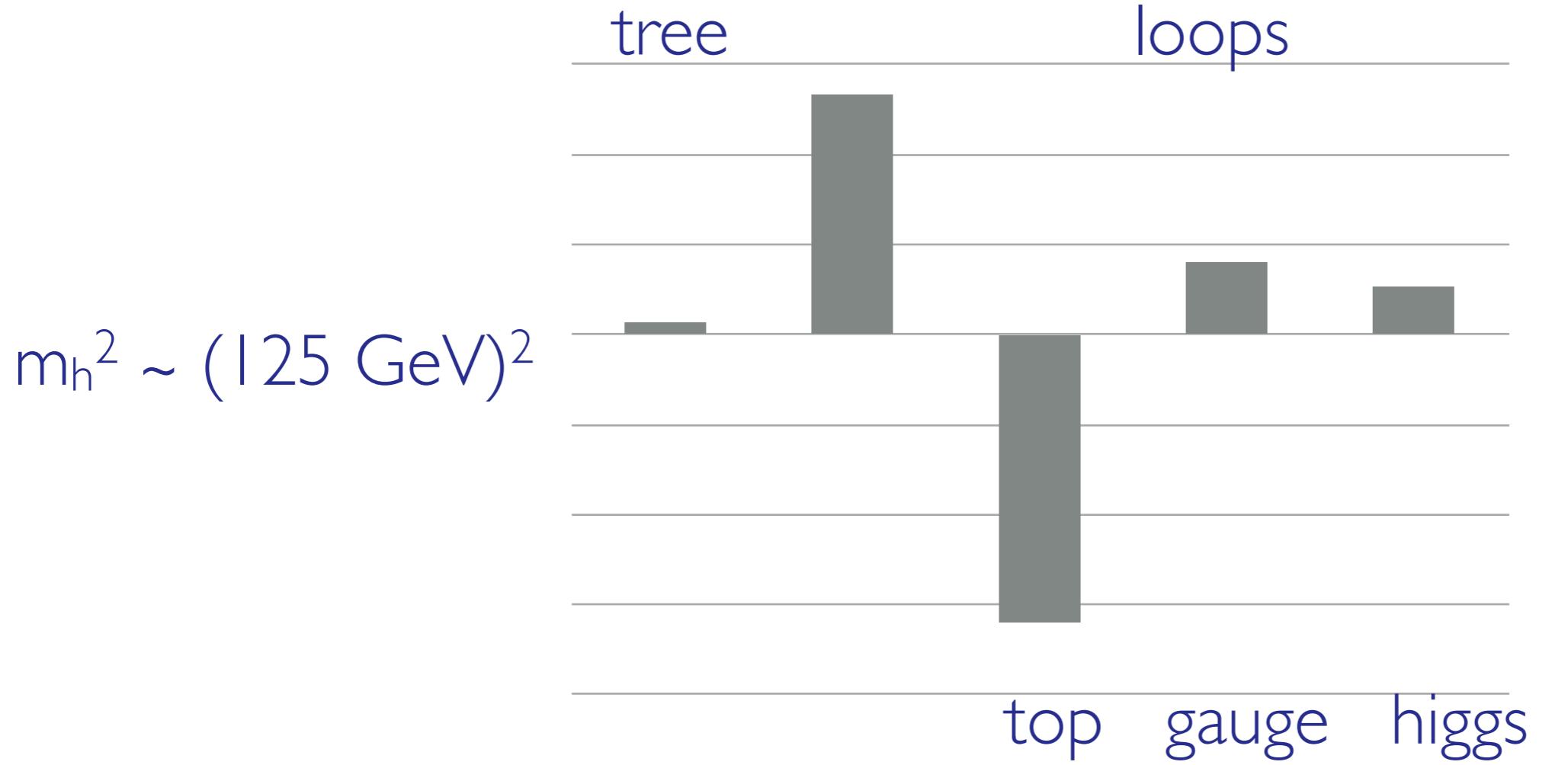


$$m_H^2 = m_{H0}^2 - \frac{3}{8\pi^2} y_t \Lambda^2 + \frac{1}{16\pi^2} g^2 \Lambda^2 + \frac{1}{16\pi^2} \lambda^2 \Lambda^2$$

Putting numbers, I have:

$$(125 \text{ GeV})^2 = m_{H0}^2 + [-(2 \text{ TeV})^2 + (700 \text{ GeV})^2 + (500 \text{ GeV})^2] \left( \frac{\Lambda}{10 \text{ TeV}} \right)^2$$

# GATEWAY TO NEW PHYSICS



$$m_h^2 \sim (125 \text{ GeV})^2$$

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Definition of naturalness: less than 90% cancellation:

$$\Lambda_t < 3 \text{ TeV} \quad \Lambda_t < 9 \text{ TeV} \quad \Lambda_t < 12 \text{ TeV}$$

One can actually prove that this case in model independent way, i.e. that the scale associated with top mass generation is very close to that of EWSB.

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Many BSM models point to the top:

- SUSY → top ⇒ EWSB, light (natural) stops
- Little Higgs → vectorial top partners
- Strong Dynamics → ETC, colorons, ....4t interactions

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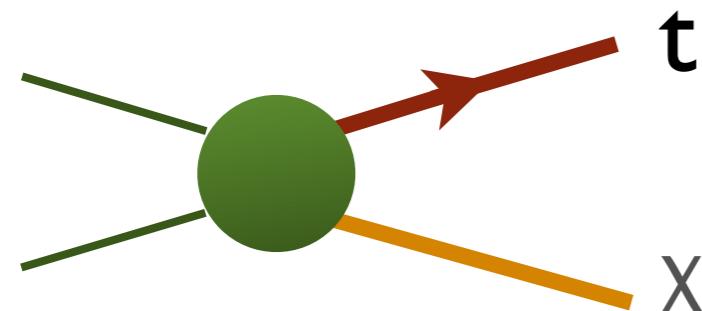
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Strategies:

- Direct searches of top partners
- Searches for exotic top signatures
- Precision measurement in  $t\bar{t}$  events

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Many exotic signatures **still worth** to be explored:

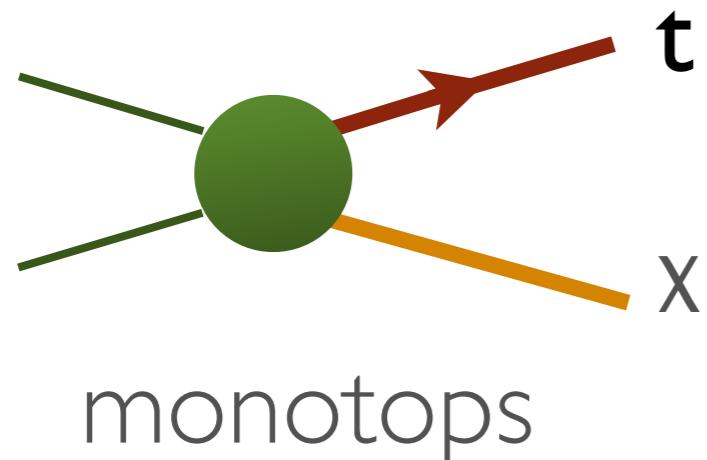


monotops

[Andrea et al. 2011]

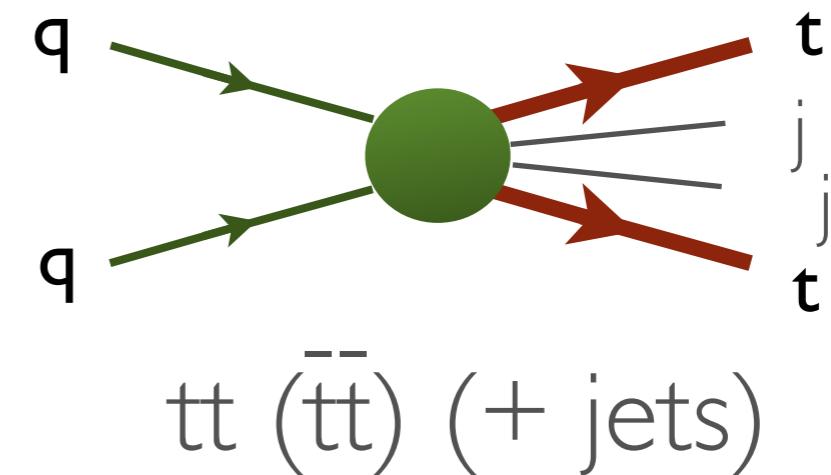
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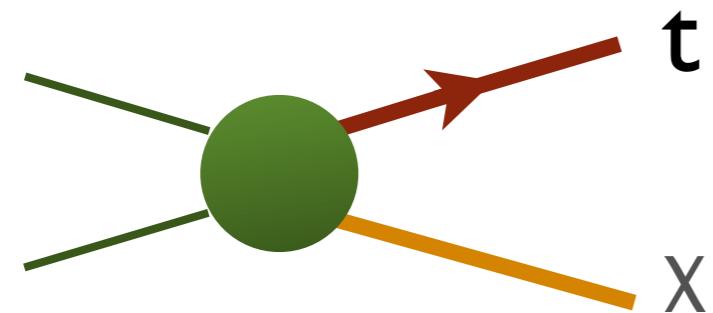


$t\bar{t}$  ( $\bar{t}\bar{t}$ ) (+ jets)

[Aguilar-Saavedra, 2011, Degrande et al. 2011,  
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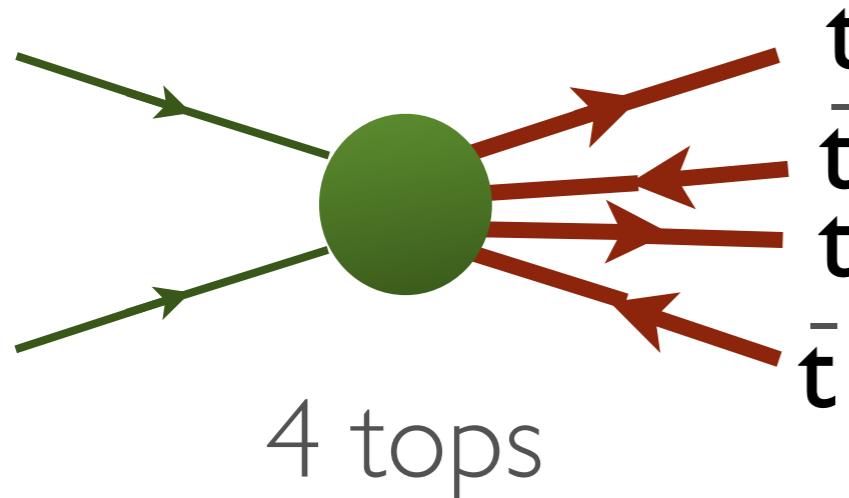
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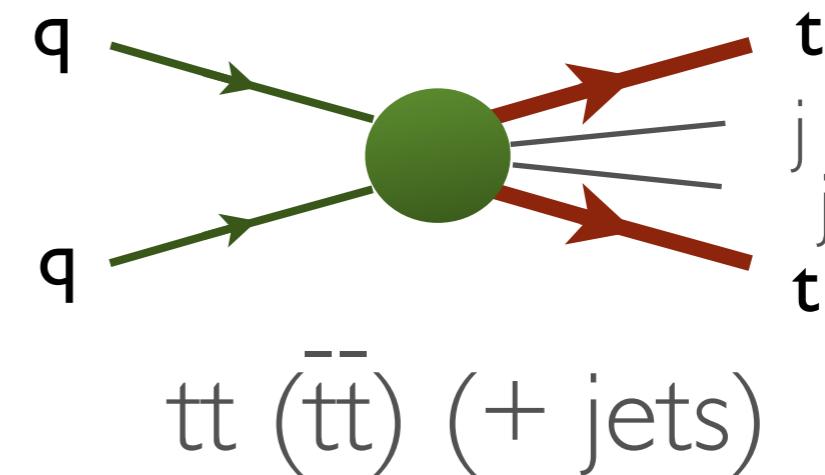
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4 tops

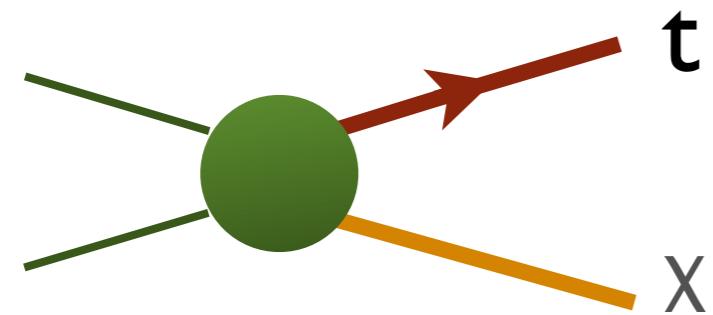
[Tait et al. 2008, Gregoire et al., 2011, Servant et al., 2010, Cacciapaglio et al. 2011, Degrande 2010, ...]



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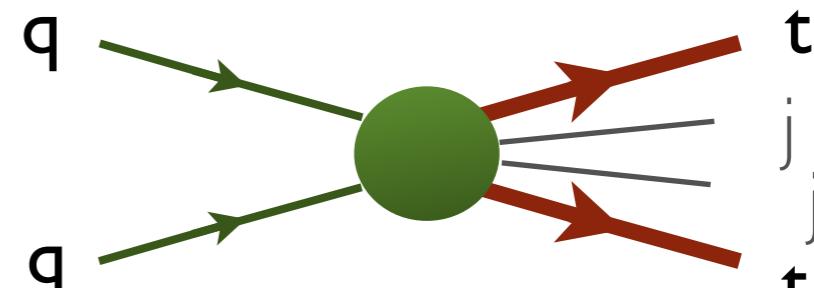
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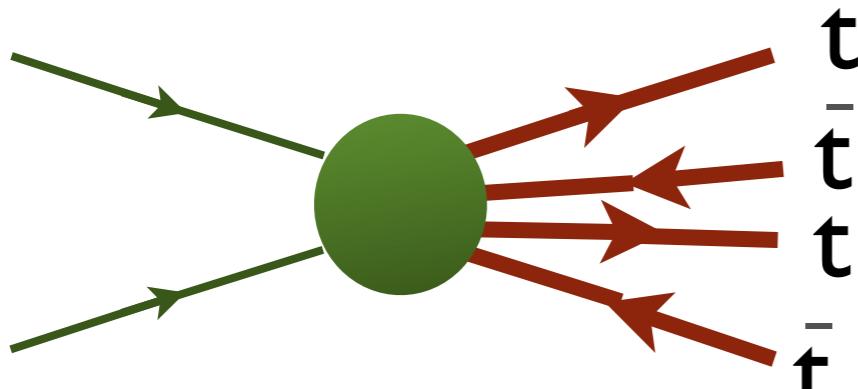
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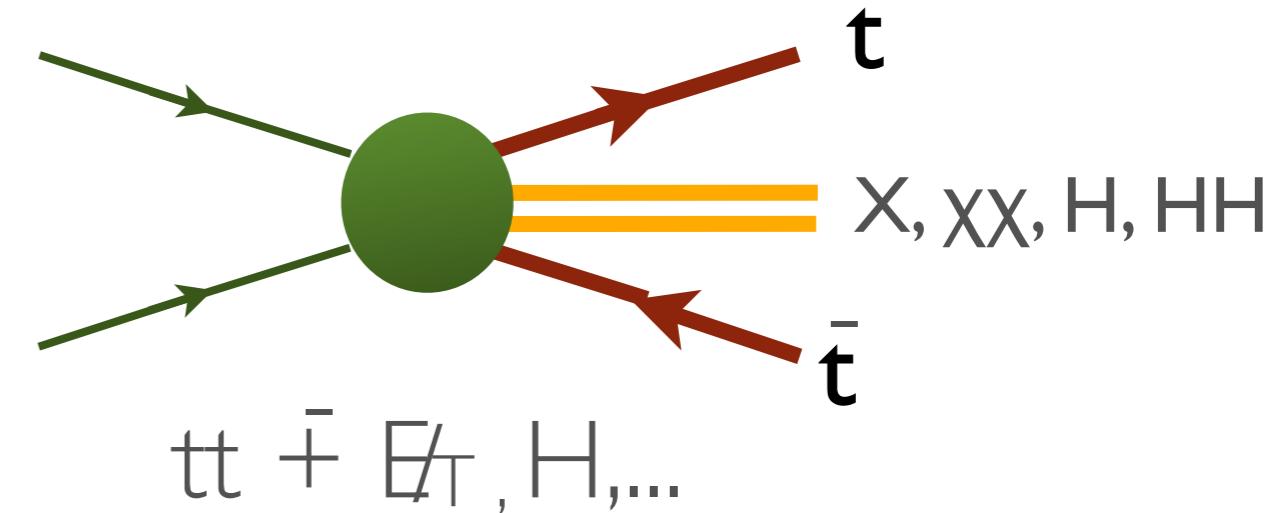
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4 tops

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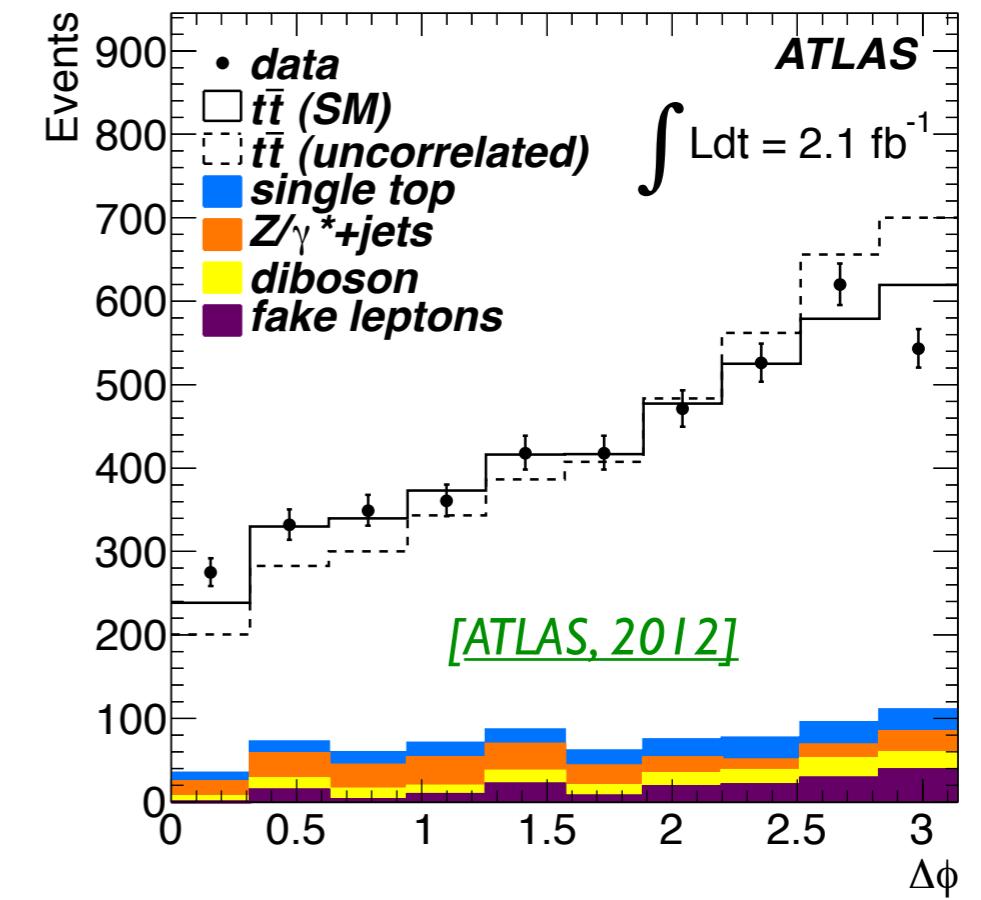
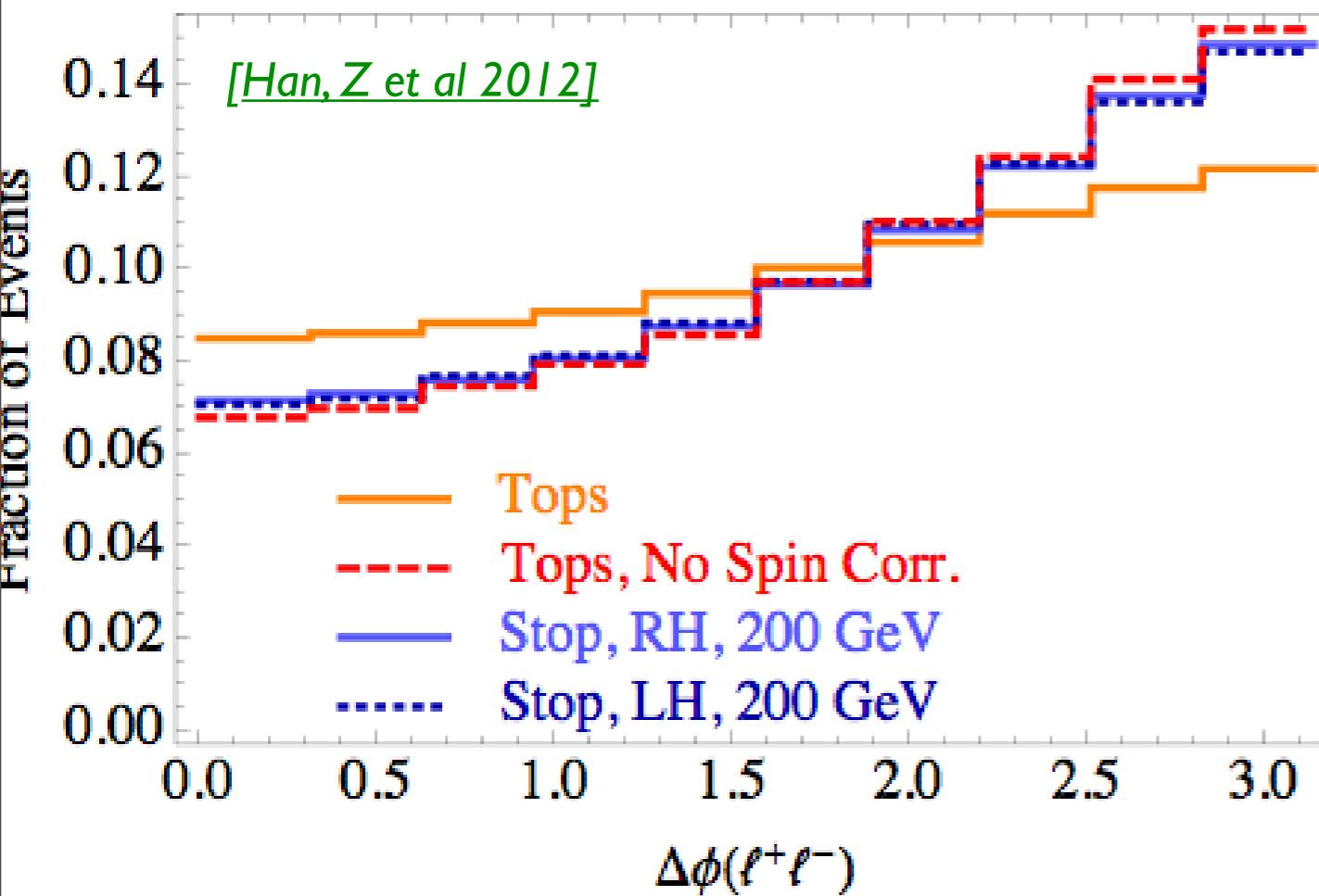


[Too long list here]

# GATEWAY TO NEW PHYSICS

Light stops are still viable. Spin correlation measurement could reveal their presence.

$\ell^+ \ell^-$  Azimuthal Angle



$$pp \rightarrow \tilde{t}\tilde{t}^* \rightarrow t\bar{t} \tilde{\chi}^0 \tilde{\chi}^0$$

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- ☺ Renewed interest and strong motivation for **precision measurements** in top physics, first of all the top mass.
- ☺ A new realm of possibilities for studying **top-Higgs interactions** has opened up.
- ☺ A new handle on **flavor physics** in general.
- ☺ Still one of our best **gateways to BSM** physics at the weak scale....
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# THE QUEST FOR ACCURATE PREDICTIONS

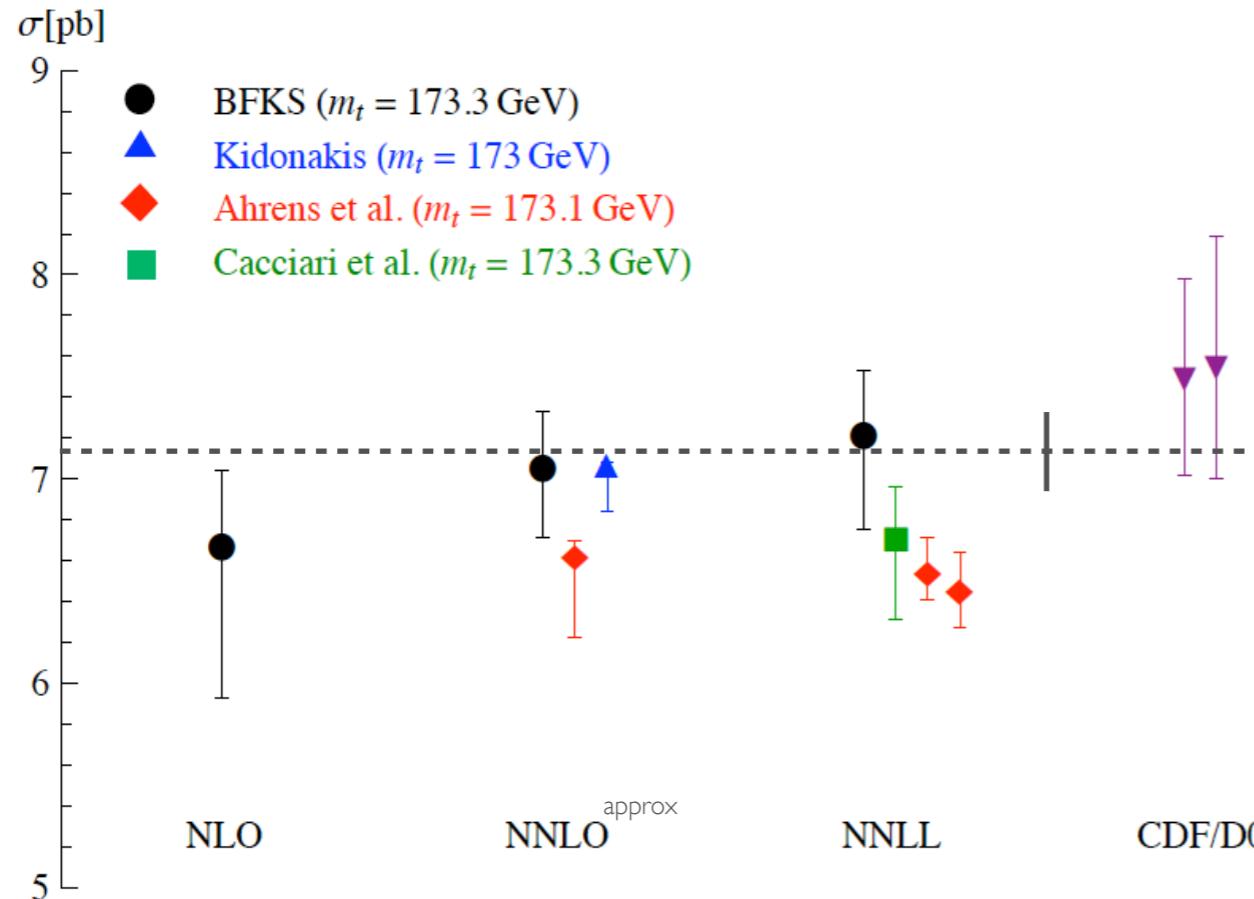
- The ultimate NNLO+NNLL  $t\bar{t}$  cross section
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# SIGMA( $t\bar{t}$ ) AT NNLO

- A long history of theoretical achievements.
- Until two months ago  $\sigma(t\bar{t})$  analyzed exclusively in approximate NNLO QCD Tevatron



[Beneke, Falgari, Klein, Schwinn 2009-2011]  
[Ahrens, Ferroglio, Neubert, Pecjak, Yang 2010-2011]  
[Kidonakis 2003-2011]  
[Aliev, Lacker, Langenfeld, Moch, Uwer, Wiedermann 2010]  
[Cacciari, Czakon, Mangano, Mitov, Nason 2011]

[Beneke, Falgari, Klein, Schwinn 2011]

# SIGMA( $t\bar{t}$ ) AT NNLO+NNLL

Monumental MILESTONE in perturbative QCD:

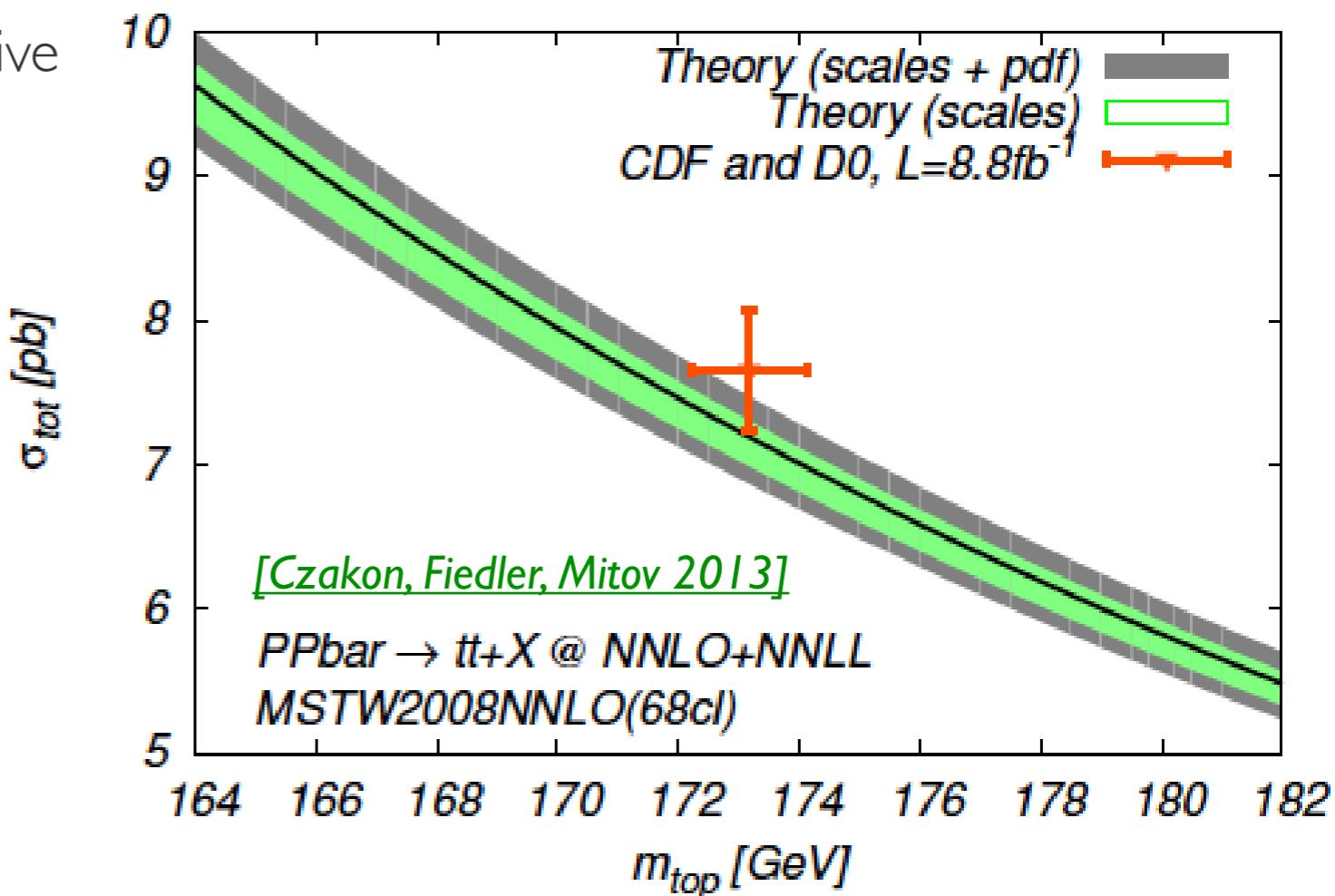
[\[Bärnreuther, Czakon, Mitov 2012\]](#)

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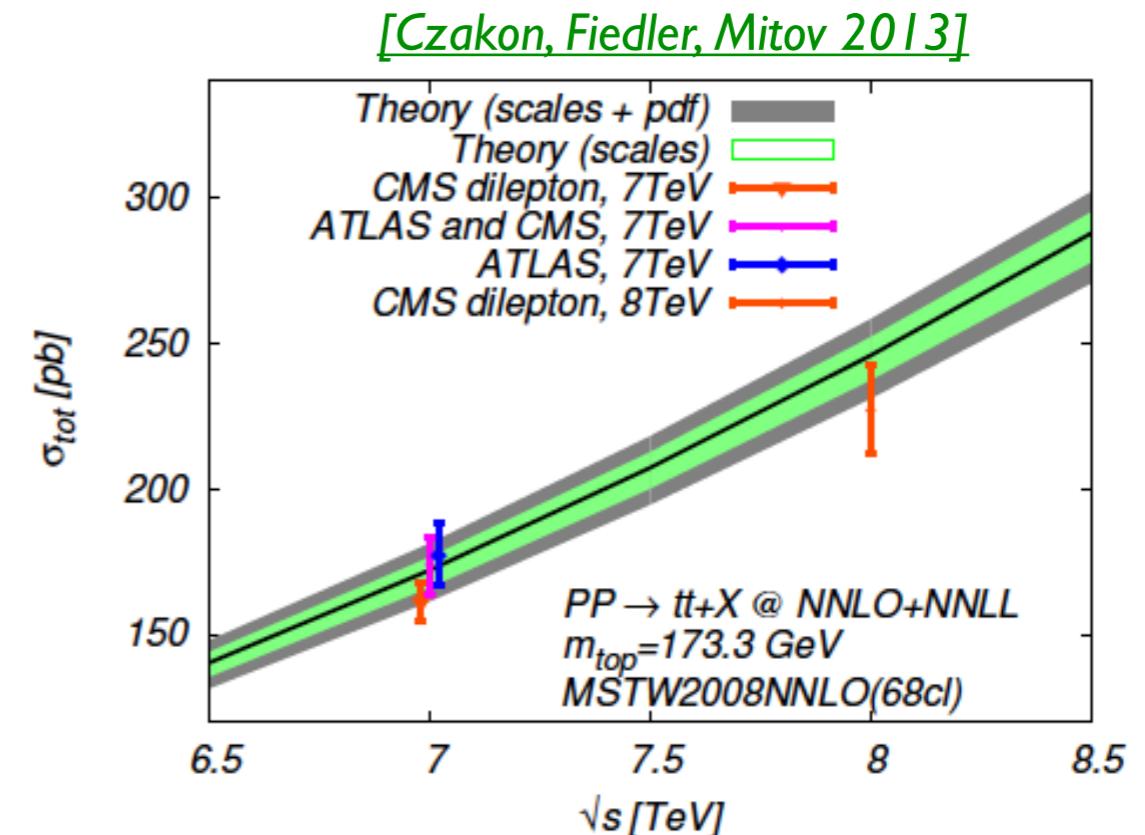
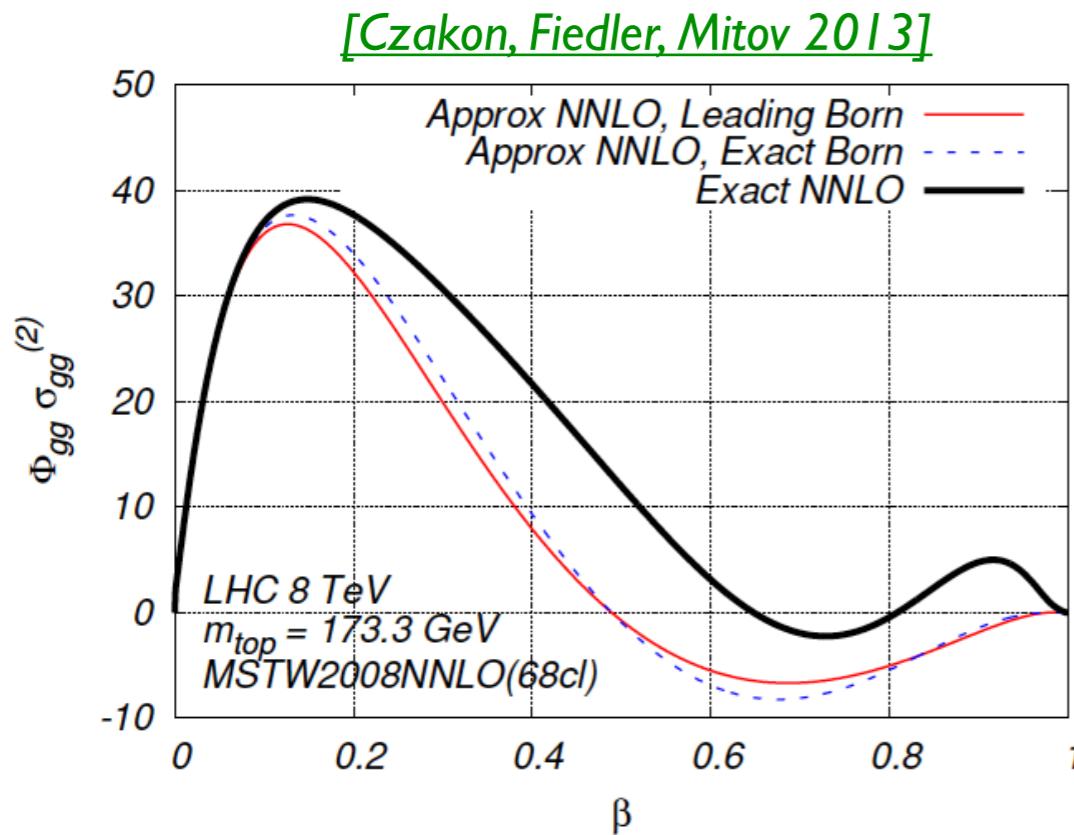
[\[Czakon, Fiedler, Mitov 2013\]](#)

- First ever hadron collider calculation at NNLO with more than 2 colored partons.
- First ever NNLO hadron collider calculation with massive fermions.



- Two loop hard matching coefficient extracted and included
- Very weak dependence on unknown parameters (sub 1%): gg NNLO, A, etc.
- $\sim 50\%$  scales reduction compared to the NLO +NNLL analysis of

# SIGMA( $t\bar{t}$ ) AT NNLO+NNLL

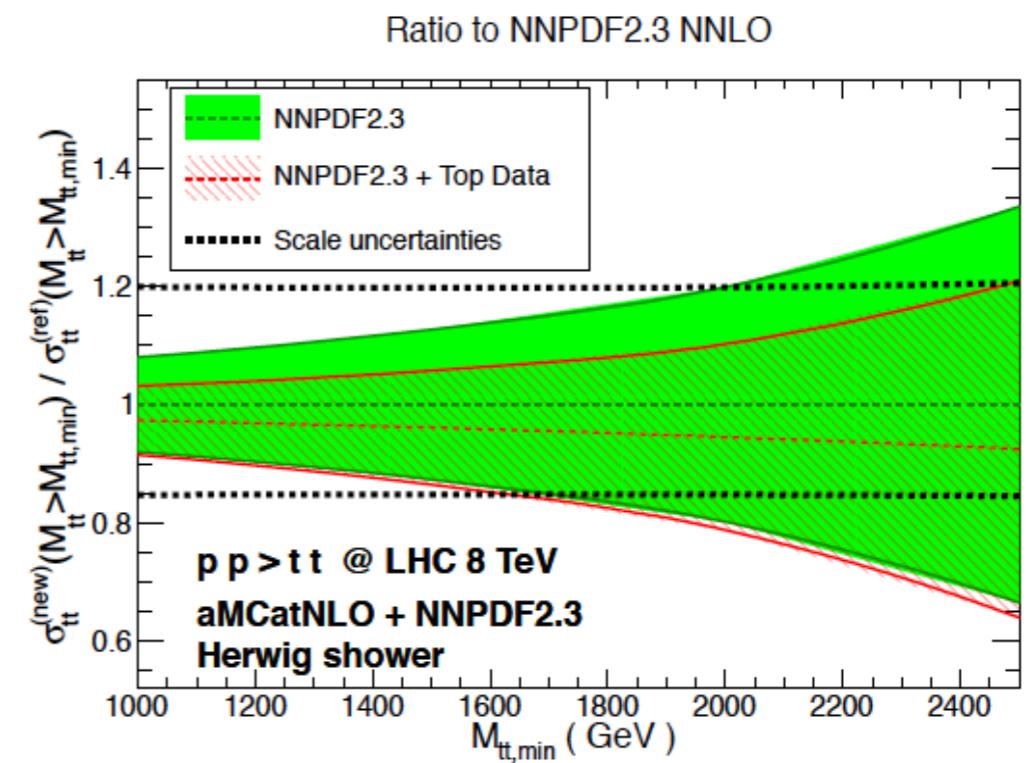
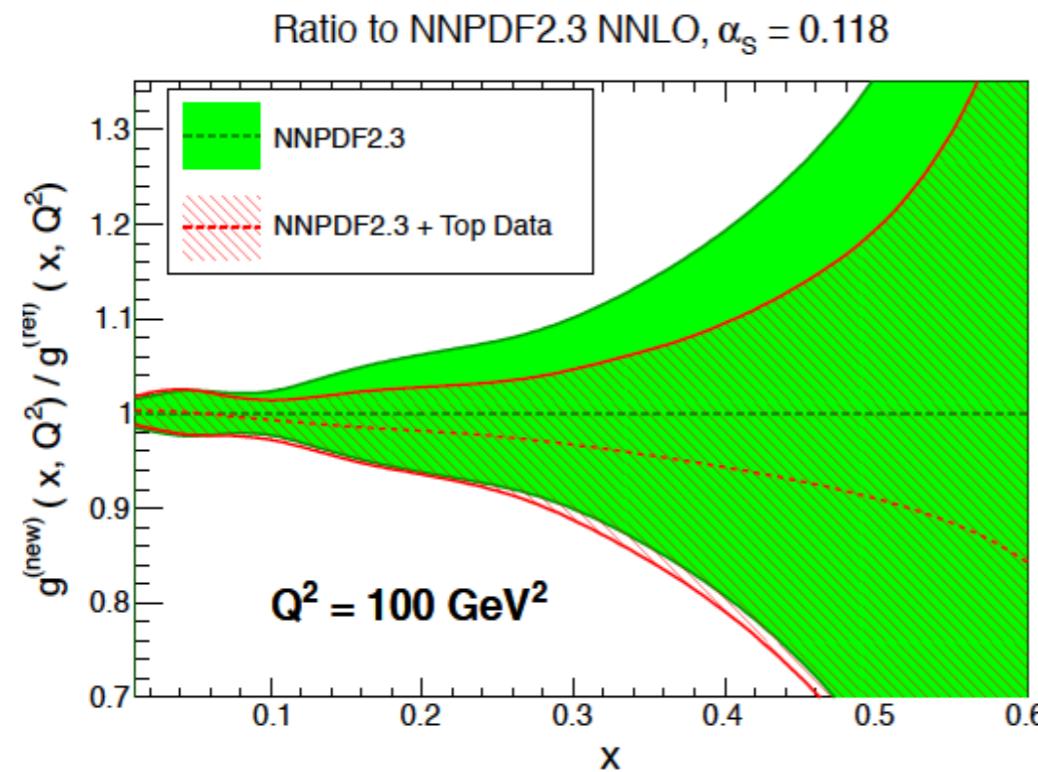


Collider	$\sigma_{tot}$ [pb]	scales [pb]	pdf [pb]
Tevatron	7.164	+0.110(1.5%) -0.200(2.8%)	+0.169(2.4%) -0.122(1.7%)
LHC 7 TeV	172.0	+4.4(2.6%) -5.8(3.4%)	+4.7(2.7%) -4.8(2.8%)
LHC 8 TeV	245.8	+6.2(2.5%) -8.4(3.4%)	+6.2(2.5%) -6.4(2.6%)
LHC 14 TeV	953.6	+22.7(2.4%) -33.9(3.6%)	+16.2(1.7%) -17.8(1.9%)

- Theoretical and exp uncertainties comparable now.
- Finally, we can learn how good/bad previous approximations were!

# SIGMA( $t\bar{t}$ ) AT NNLO+NNLL

First applications: improve the gluon at large  $x$  with LHC data.

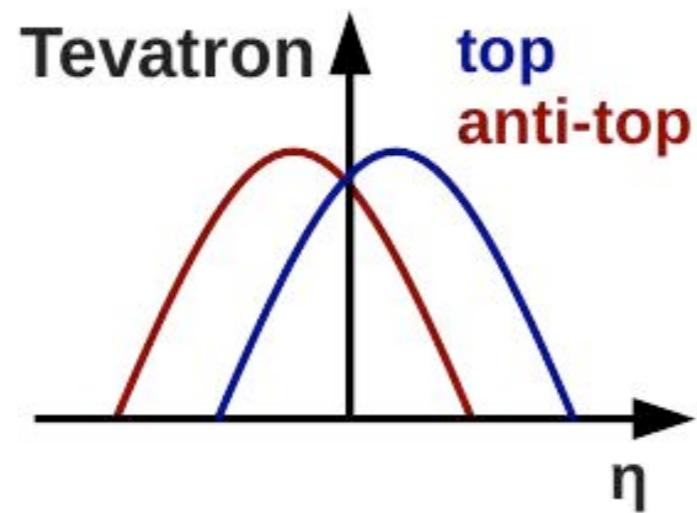


[Czakon, Mangano, Mitov, Rojo 2013]

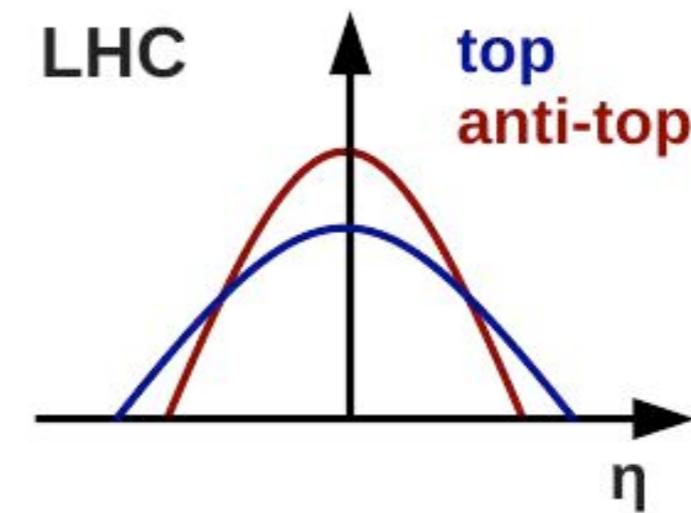


# TTBAR ASYMMETRY

$$A_{CC}^{t\bar{t}} = \frac{\sigma(\Delta y > 0) - \sigma(\Delta y < 0)}{\sigma(\Delta y > 0) + \sigma(\Delta y < 0)}$$



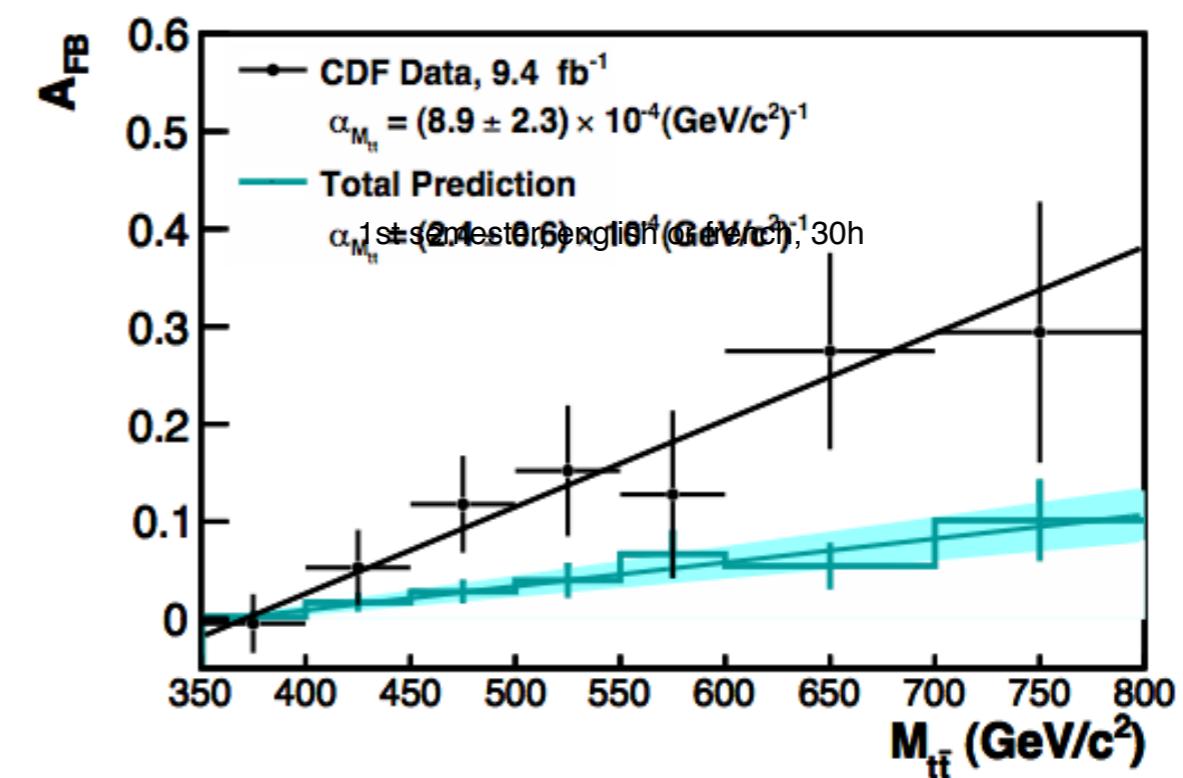
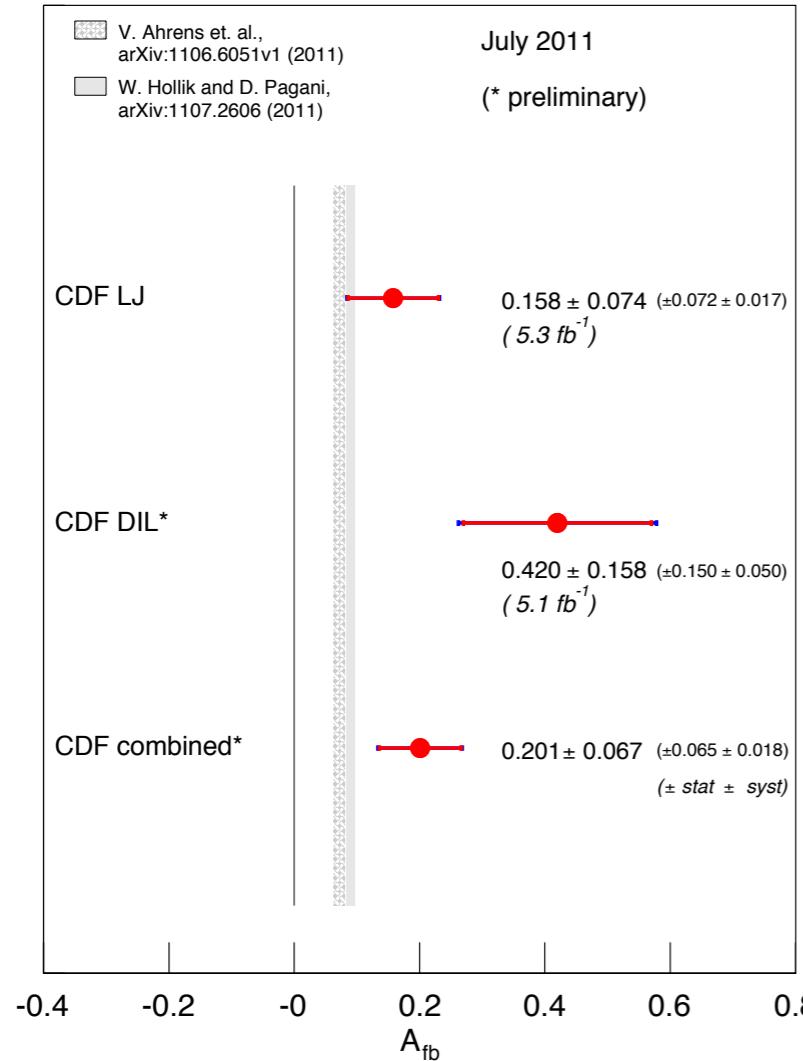
$$\Delta y^{\text{TEV}} = y_t - y_{\bar{t}}$$



$$\Delta y^{\text{LHC}} = |y_t| - |y_{\bar{t}}|$$

# TTBAR ASYMMETRY

## $A_{fb}$ of the Top Quark



Similar asymmetry seen in D0 but no pattern in  $m_{t\bar{t}}$ .

# TTBAR ASYMMETRY

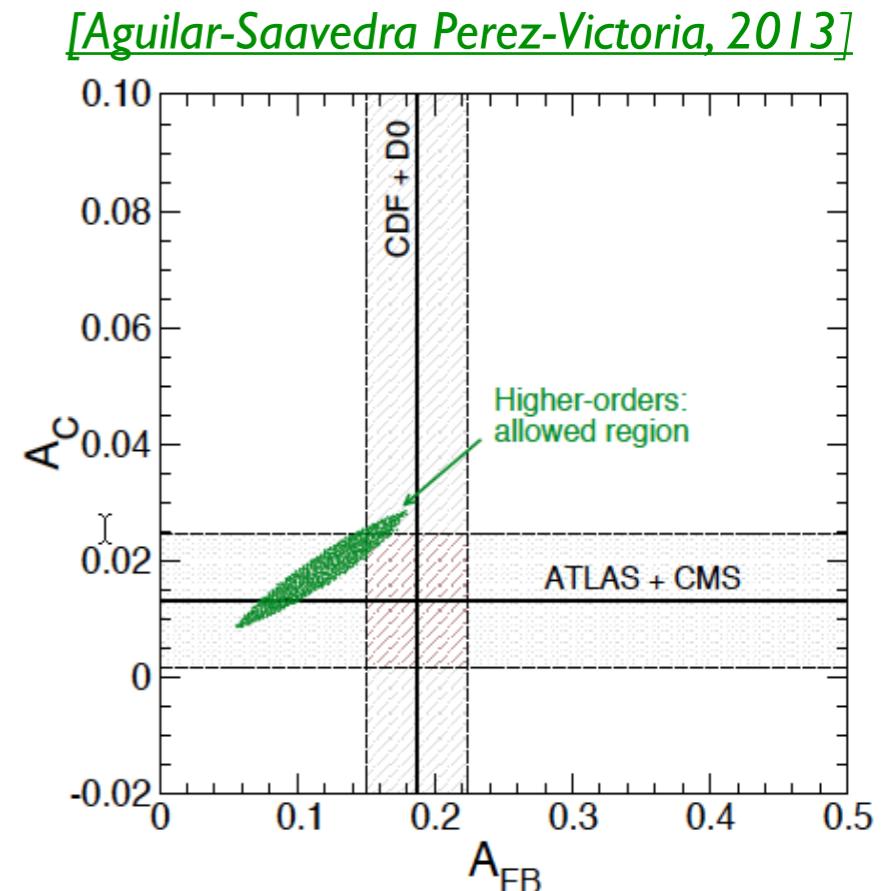
$$A_{CC}^{t\bar{t}} = \frac{A\alpha_S^3 + B\alpha_S^4 + \dots}{C\alpha_S^2 + D\alpha_S^3 + \dots}$$

I. Approx NNLO results indicate no major changes

[\[Almeida et al 2010, Ahrens et al. 2010\]](#)

2. Studies on ttj indicate that the nature of the asymmetry is twofold and no genuinely new contributions should arise at higher order. [\[Melnikov & Schulze, 2010\]](#)

3. EW corrections are small [\[Hollik & Pagani 2011\]](#)



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Note, however, the interesting pattern:

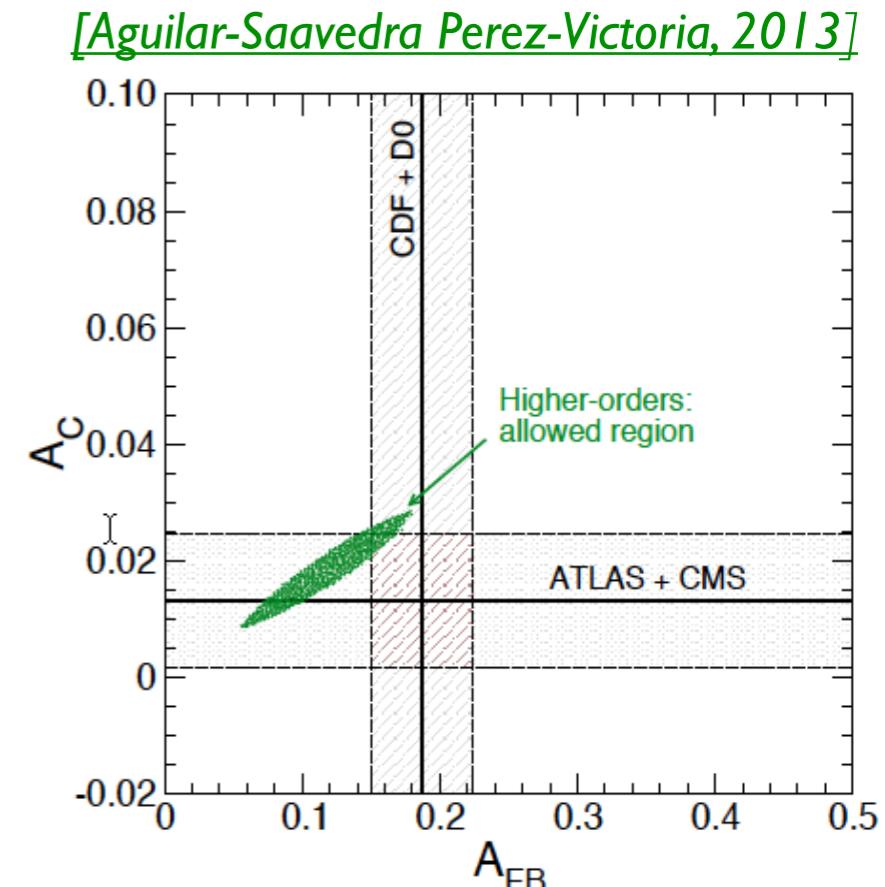
t tbar : LO=0 + Virtual>0 (large) + Real<0 (small) = 0.05

t tbar j : LO<0 (-0.08) + Virtual>0 (large) + Real<0 (small) = -0.02

t tbar jj : LO <0

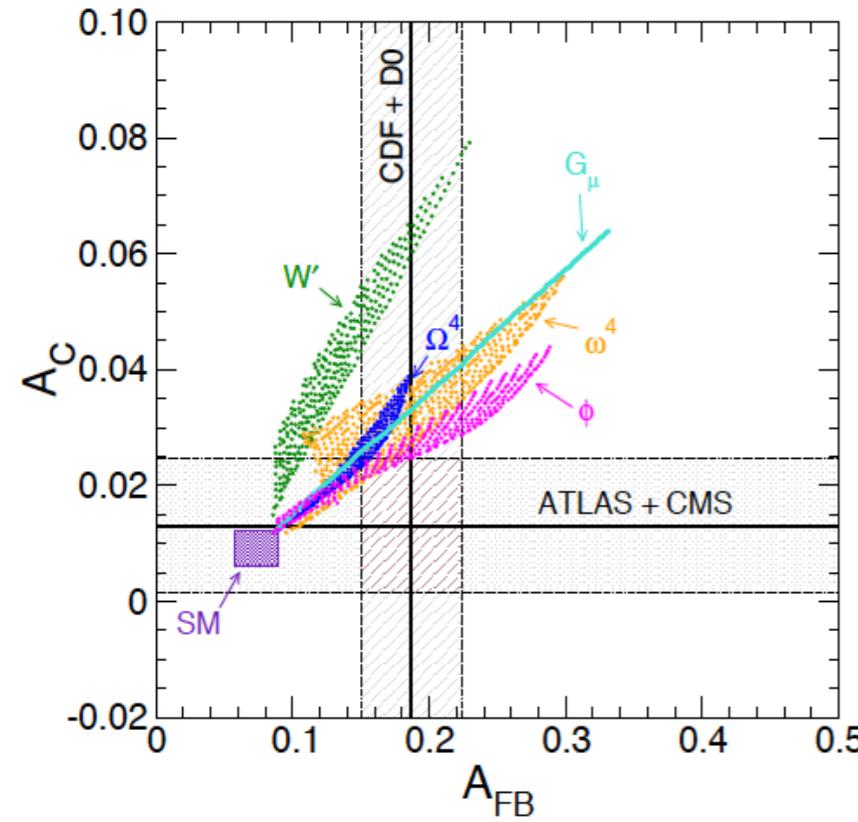
Virtuals always dominate : what about the two-loop contributions? to be seen...

**The  $\alpha_s^4$  (NLO) calculation for the A(ttbar) will give the final answer from QCD!**



# BSM INTERPRETATIONS

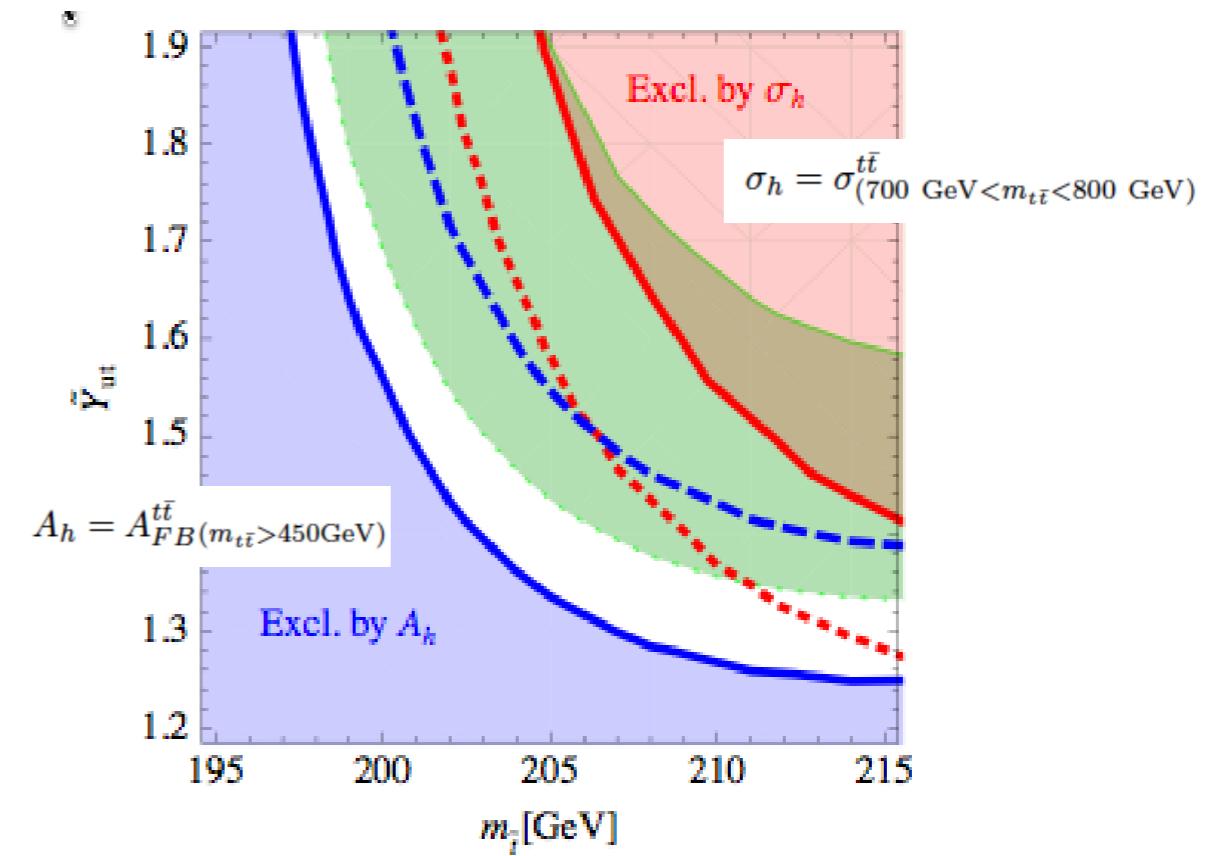
[Aguilar-Saavedra Perez-Victoria, 2013]



$$pp \rightarrow X(s \text{ or } t) \rightarrow t\bar{t}$$

Note that the NP ranges are similar to the QCD HO ones.  
None of these models is motivated by other measurements

[Isidori and Kamenik, 2011]



$$pp \rightarrow \tilde{t}\tilde{t}^* \rightarrow t\bar{t} \tilde{\chi}^0 \tilde{\chi}^0$$

Interference with t-channel neutralino exchange. Light stop scenario. Not exclude by direct ATLAS and CMS searches.

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# (SEMI) AUTOMATIC MC'S AT NLO

Processes involving tops can be simulated at the NLO+PS level, via:

- POWHEG-Box library : tt, single top channels
- POWHEL : ttj, ttbb, ttW, ttZ, ttH
- Sherpa + external loop codes : tt,...
- **aMC@NLO** : process directly generated by the user.

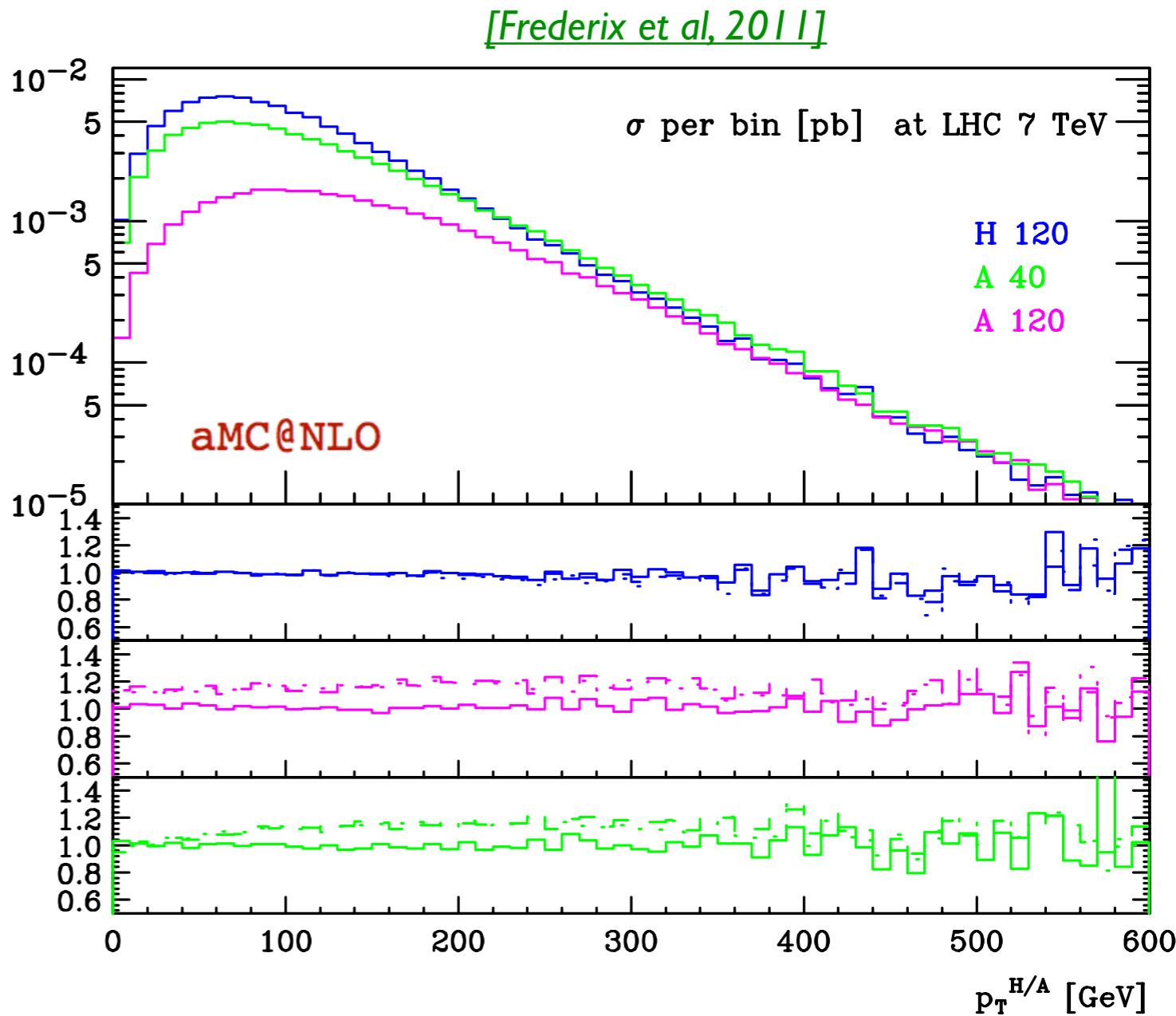
# AUTOMATIC TOP PHYSICS AT NLO

$$pp \rightarrow t\bar{t} H$$

NLO results were known (but no public code available) for scalar Higgs since some time. No results for pseudoscalar A known.

**First fully** automatic results for both H and A.

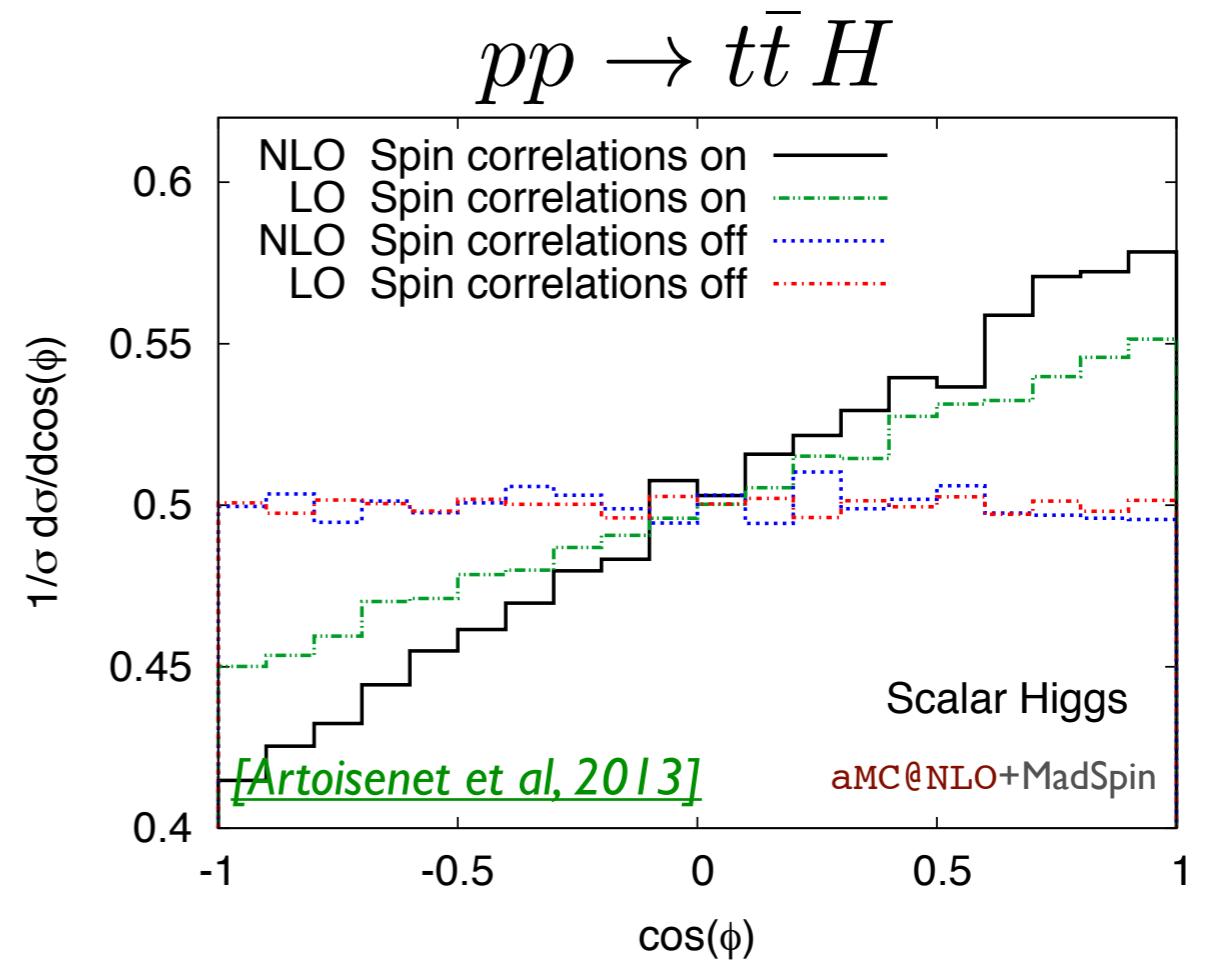
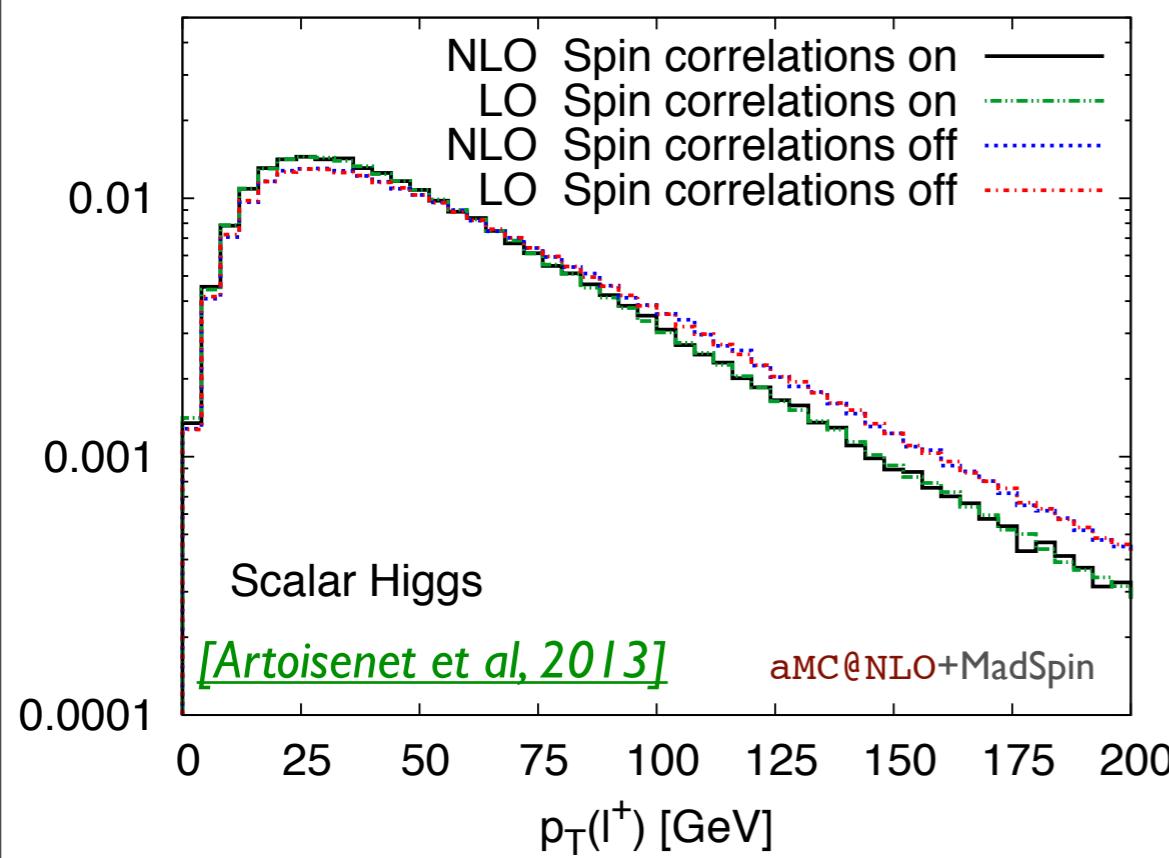
Mild corrections to the shapes for  $m_h=120$  GeV.  $p_T$  pseudoscalar is harder. At high  $p_T$  (boosted Higgs) the three curves are equal in shape and normalization.



# AUTOMATIC TOP PHYSICS AT NLO

Inclusion of spin correlations in top decays, can now be done via post-processing of NLO event samples out in the Les Houches format with top on shell.

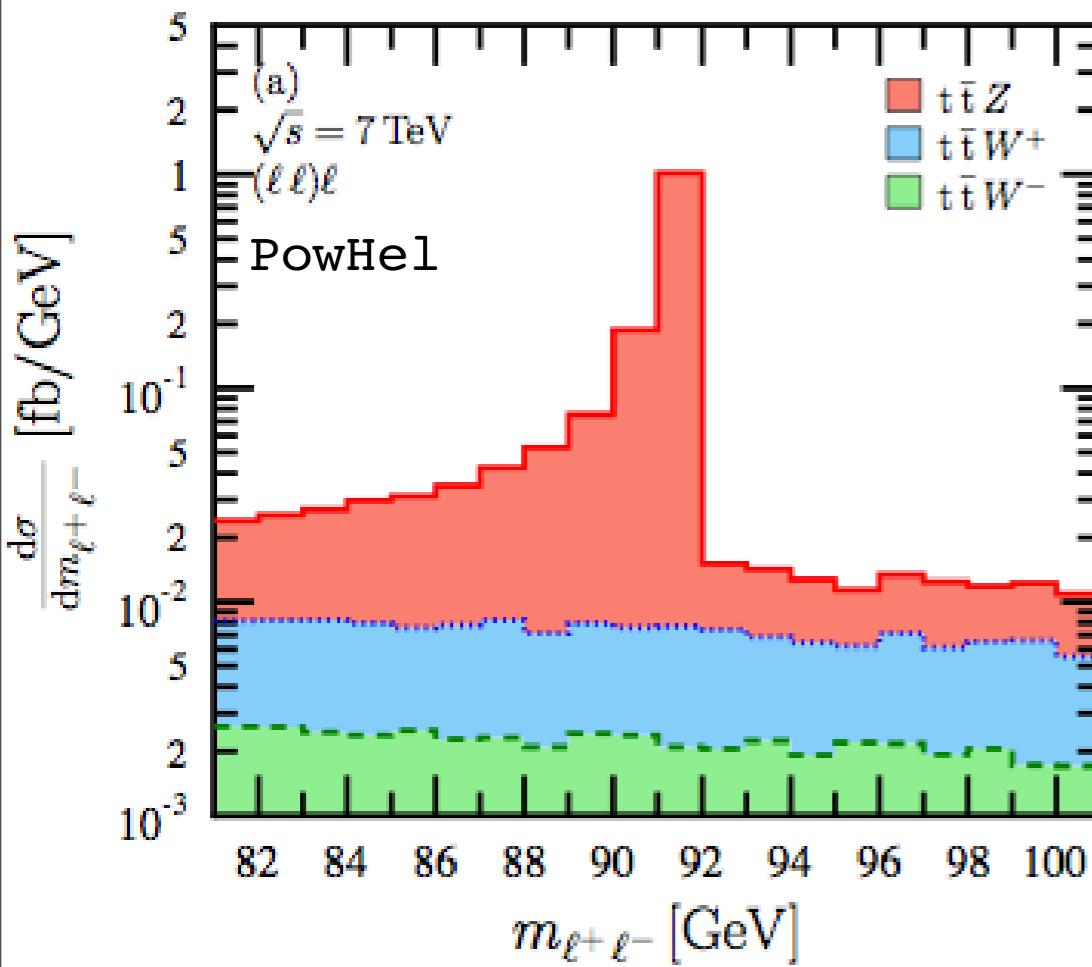
$$pp \rightarrow t\bar{t} H$$



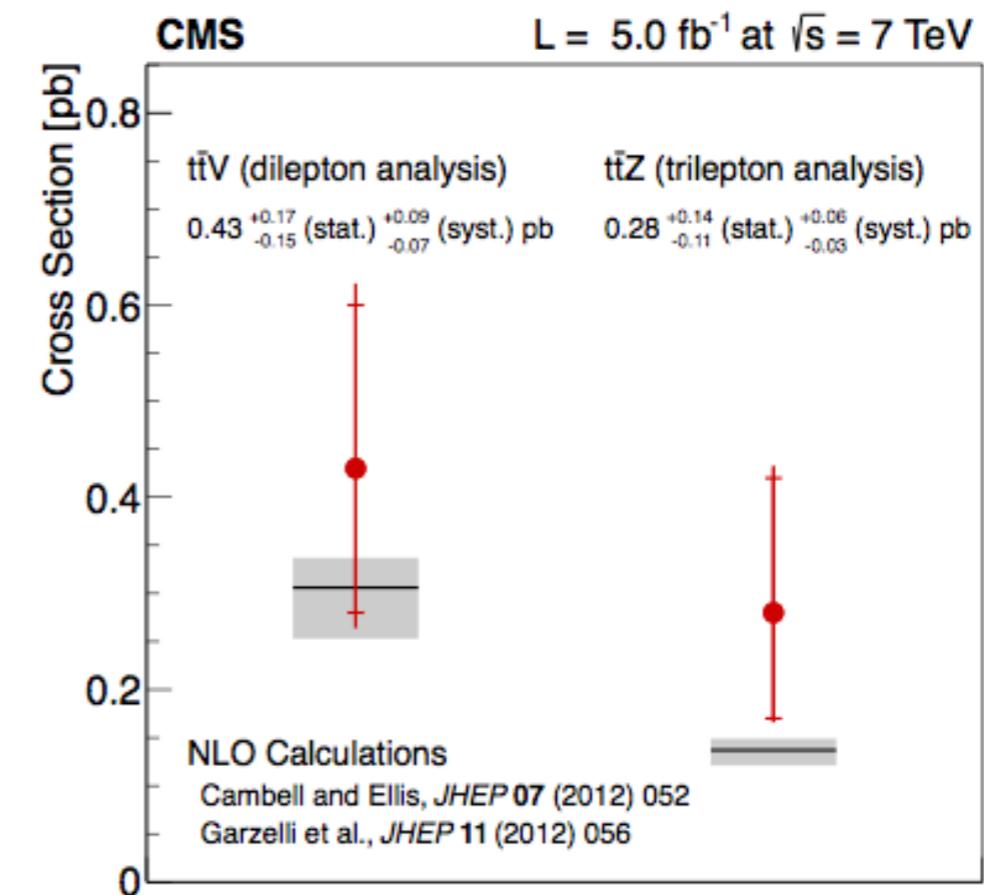
The effects of the spin correlations on the  $p_T$  shape of the charged lepton is more important than that of NLO QCD corrections!

# AUTOMATIC TOP PHYSICS AT NLO

$$pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}Z \text{ & } pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}W$$



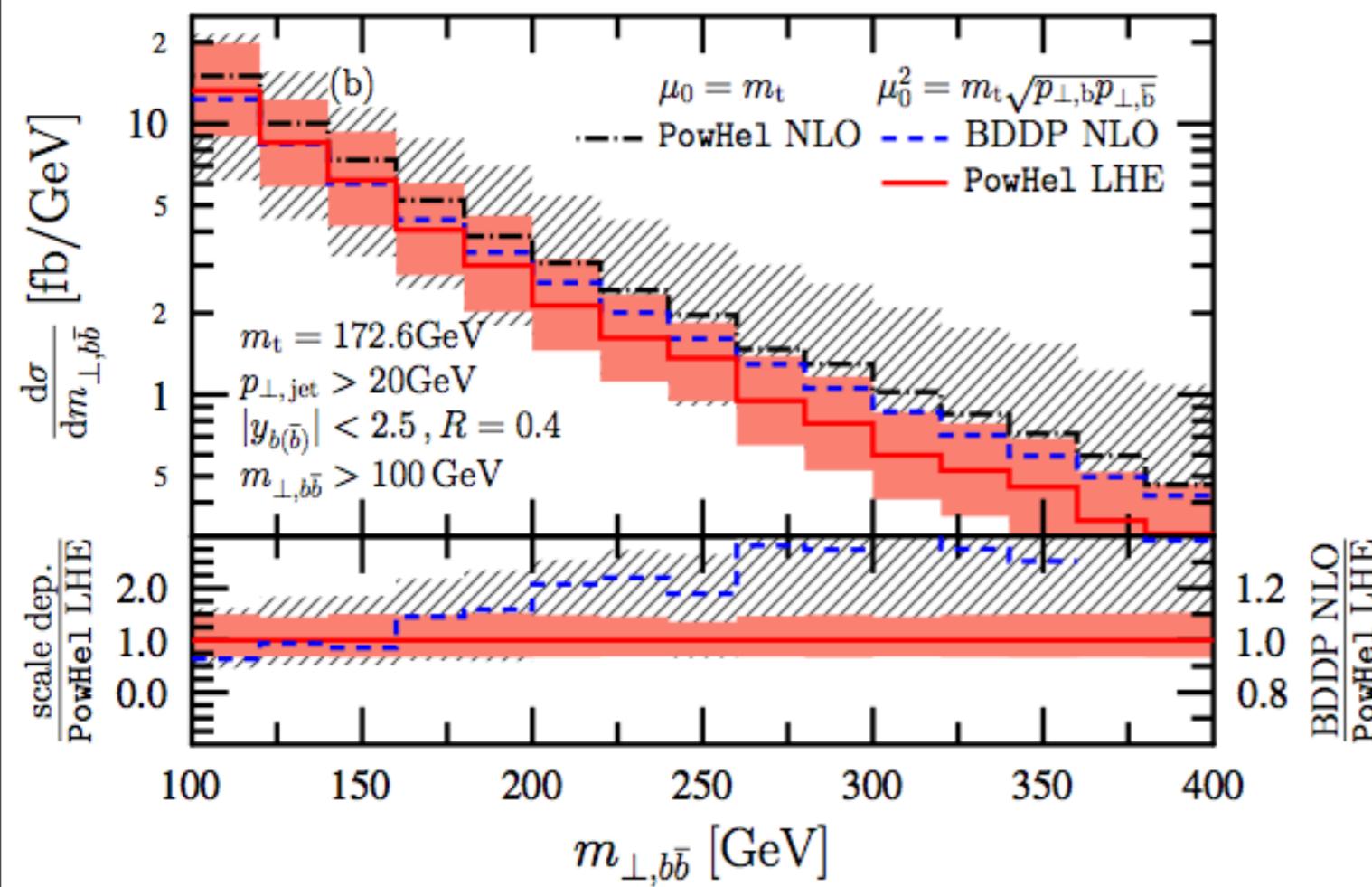
[Garzelli et al. 2012]



[CMS collaboration 2013]

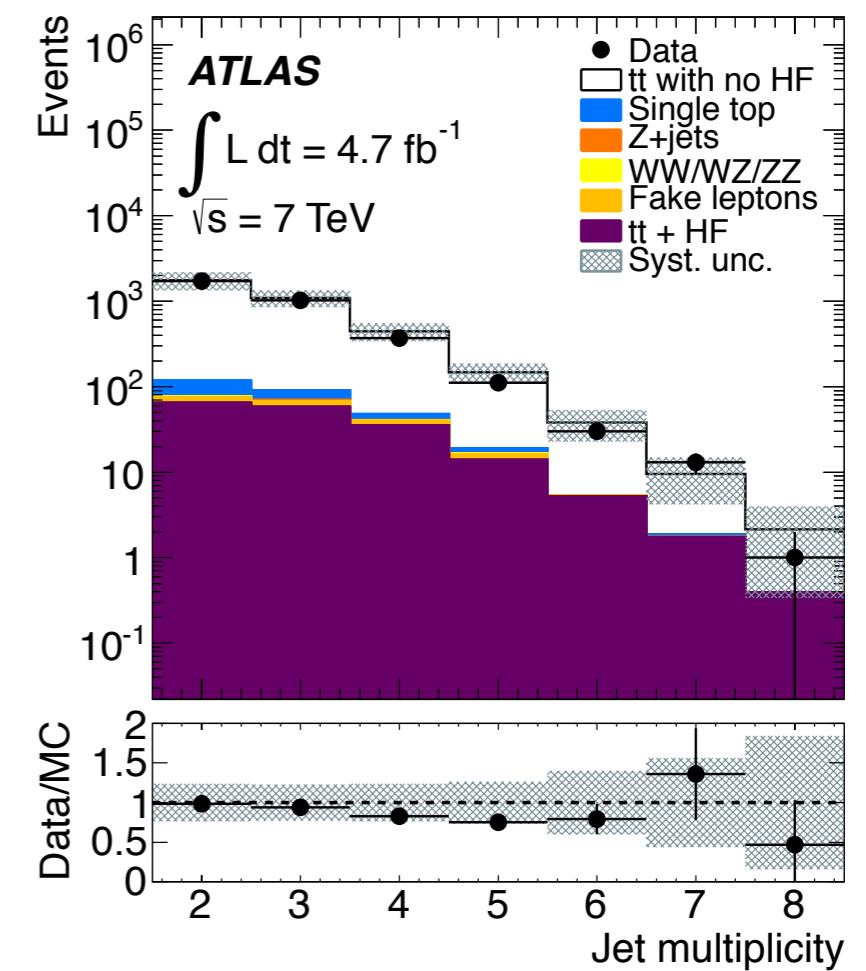
# AUTOMATIC TOP PHYSICS AT NLO

$pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}b\bar{b}$



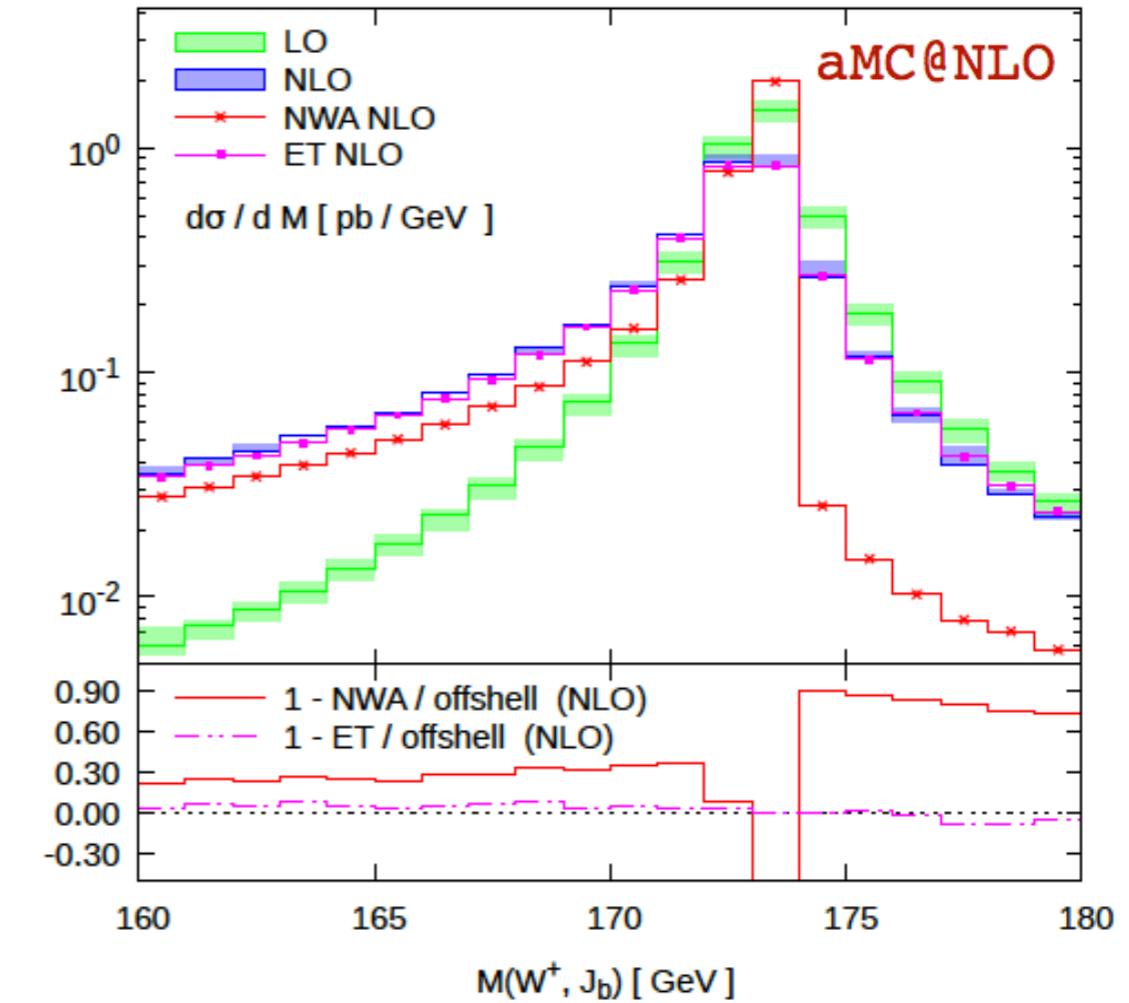
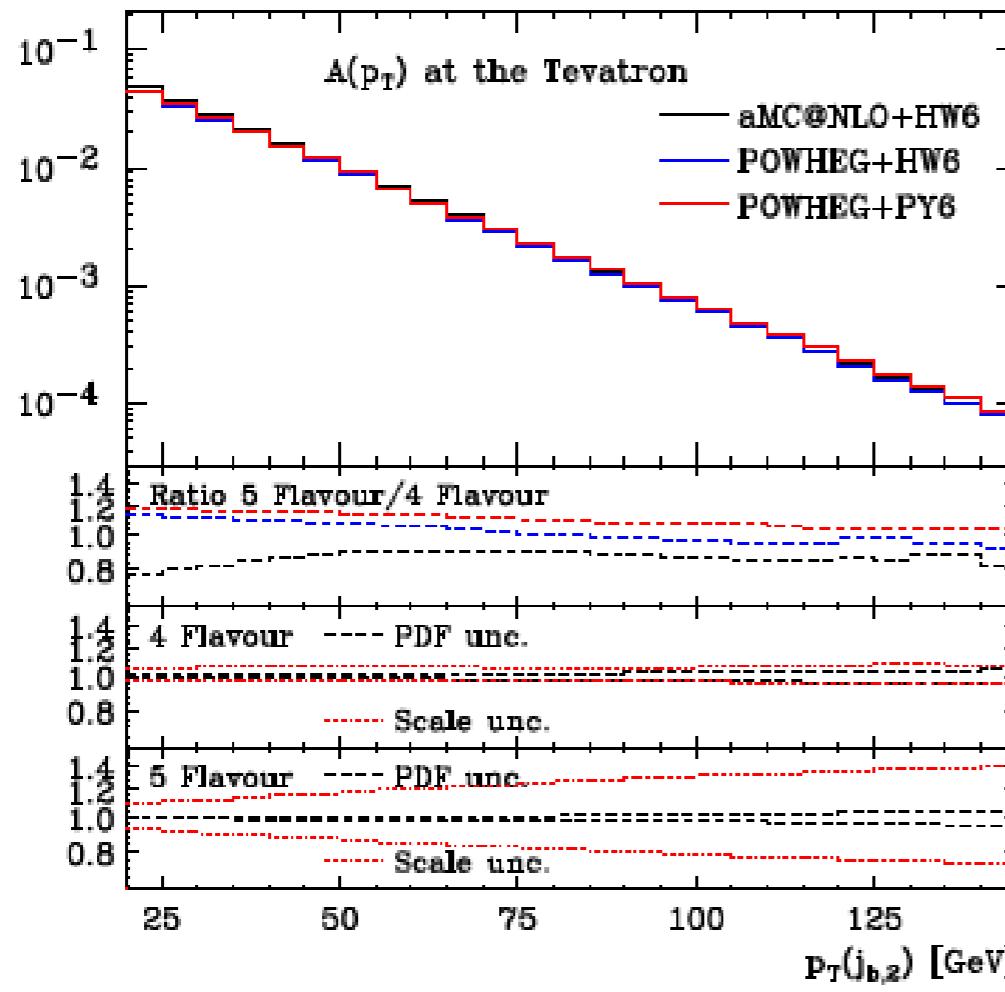
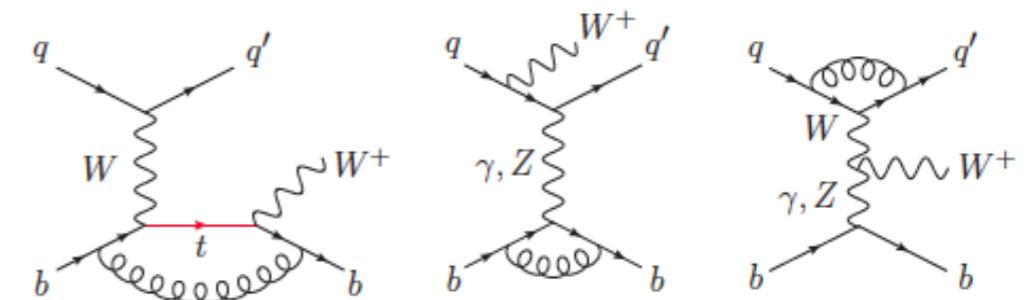
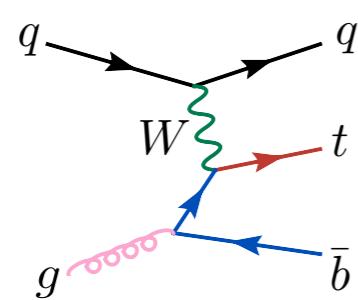
[Kardos and Trocsanyi, 2013]

$pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}b\bar{b}$  &  $pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}jj$



[ATLAS collaboration 2013]

# AUTOMATIC TOP PHYSICS AT NLO



[Frederix et al., 2012]

[Papanastasiou et al., 2013, to appear]

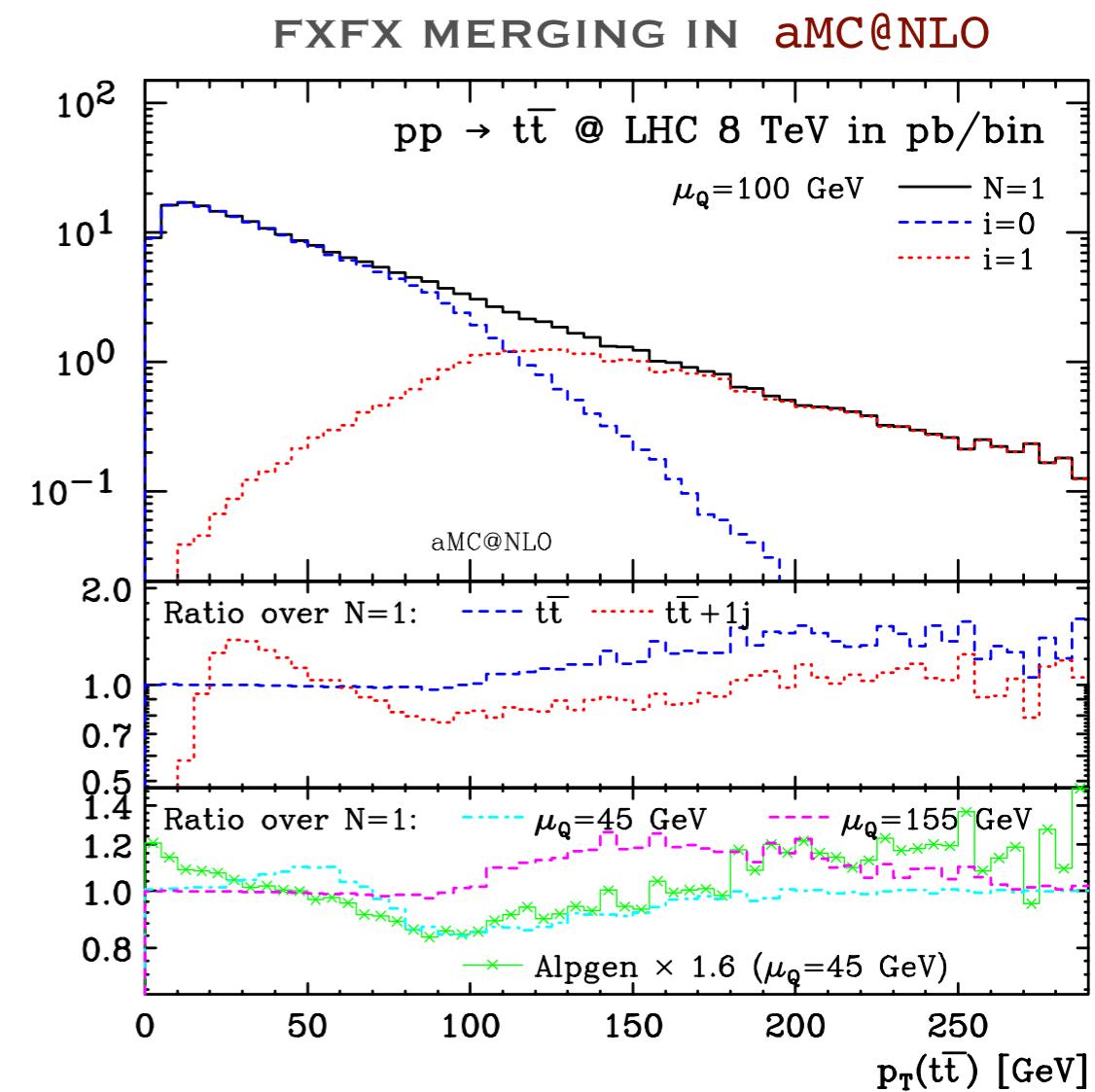
# AUTOMATIC TOP PHYSICS AT NLO

[Frederix and Frixione, 2012]

- **aMC@NLO** samples for S+0j, S+1j, S+2j, S+...j consistently without double counting (where S can be a Higgs, a ttbar pair, a W-boson, etc.)

Use techniques from CKKW/MLM and multi-scale improved fixed order NLO or “MINLO” [Hamilton, Nason & Zanderighi, 2012] to define **exclusive event samples** for S+0j, S+1j, etc. in such a way that the exclusive samples can simply be combined to one big event sample

- Transverse momentum of the ttbar pair and of the 1st jet.
- Agreement with ttbar+0j and ttbar+1j at MC@NLO level in their respective regions of phase-space; Smooth matching in between; Small dependence on matching scale



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# TTBAR XSEC NLO PREDICTIONS

A long history of hard work and amazing results:

- Early NLO QCD results (inclusive, semi-inclusive) [Nason, Dawson, Ellis '88](#)  
[Beenakker et al '89](#)
- First fully differential NLO [Mangano, Nason, Ridolfi' 92](#)
- 1990's: the rise of the soft gluon resummation at NLL [Catani, Mangano, Nason, Trentadue '96](#)  
[Kidonakis, Sterman '97](#)  
[Bonciani, Catani, Mangano, Nason '98](#)
- NNLL resummation developed (and approximate NNLO approaches) [Beneke, Falgari, Schwinn '09](#)  
[Czakon, Mitov, Sterman '09](#)  
[Beneke, Czakon, Falgari, Mitov, Schwinn '09](#)  
[Ahrens, Ferroglio, Neubert, Pecjak, Yang '10-'11](#)
- Electroweak effects at NLO known (small  $\sim 1.5\%$ ) [Beenakker, Denner, Hollik, Mertig, Sack, Wackerloth '93](#)  
[Hollik, Kollar '07](#)  
[Kuhn, Scharf, Uwer '07](#)
- Inclusion of spin correlations in the decays at NLO [Bernreuther et al. 2001](#)  
[Melnikov and Shulze, 2009](#)  
[Campbell and Ellis, 2012](#)
- Full WbWb final state [Denner et al. 2012](#)  
[Bevilacqua et al. 2012](#)

# TTBAR + JETS PREDICTIONS

Another story of hard work and amazing results:

- | process                         | available from<br>aMC@NLO                         |   |     |
|---------------------------------|---|---|-----|
| • tt+1jet at NLO                | <a href="#"><u>Dittmaier et al. 2007</u></a>      | yes                                       |     |
| • tt+1jet at NLO with decays    | <a href="#"><u>Melnikov et al. 2011</u></a>       | yes                                       |     |
| • tt+1jet with PS               | <a href="#"><u>Alioli et al. 2011</u></a>         | <a href="#"><u>Kardos et al. 2011</u></a> | yes |
| • tt+2jets at NLO               | <a href="#"><u>Bevilacqua et al, 2011</u></a>     | no  |     |
| • ttbb at NLO                   | <a href="#"><u>Bredenstein et al, 2010</u></a>    | yes                                       |     |
| • ttbb at NLO with PS           | <a href="#"><u>Kardos and Trocsanyi, 2013</u></a> | yes                                       |     |
| • tt+jets merged samples at NLO | <a href="#"><u>Frederix, Frixione, 2012</u></a>   | yes                                       |     |
| • tttt at NLO                   | <a href="#"><u>Bevilacqua and Worek, 2012</u></a> | yes                                       |     |

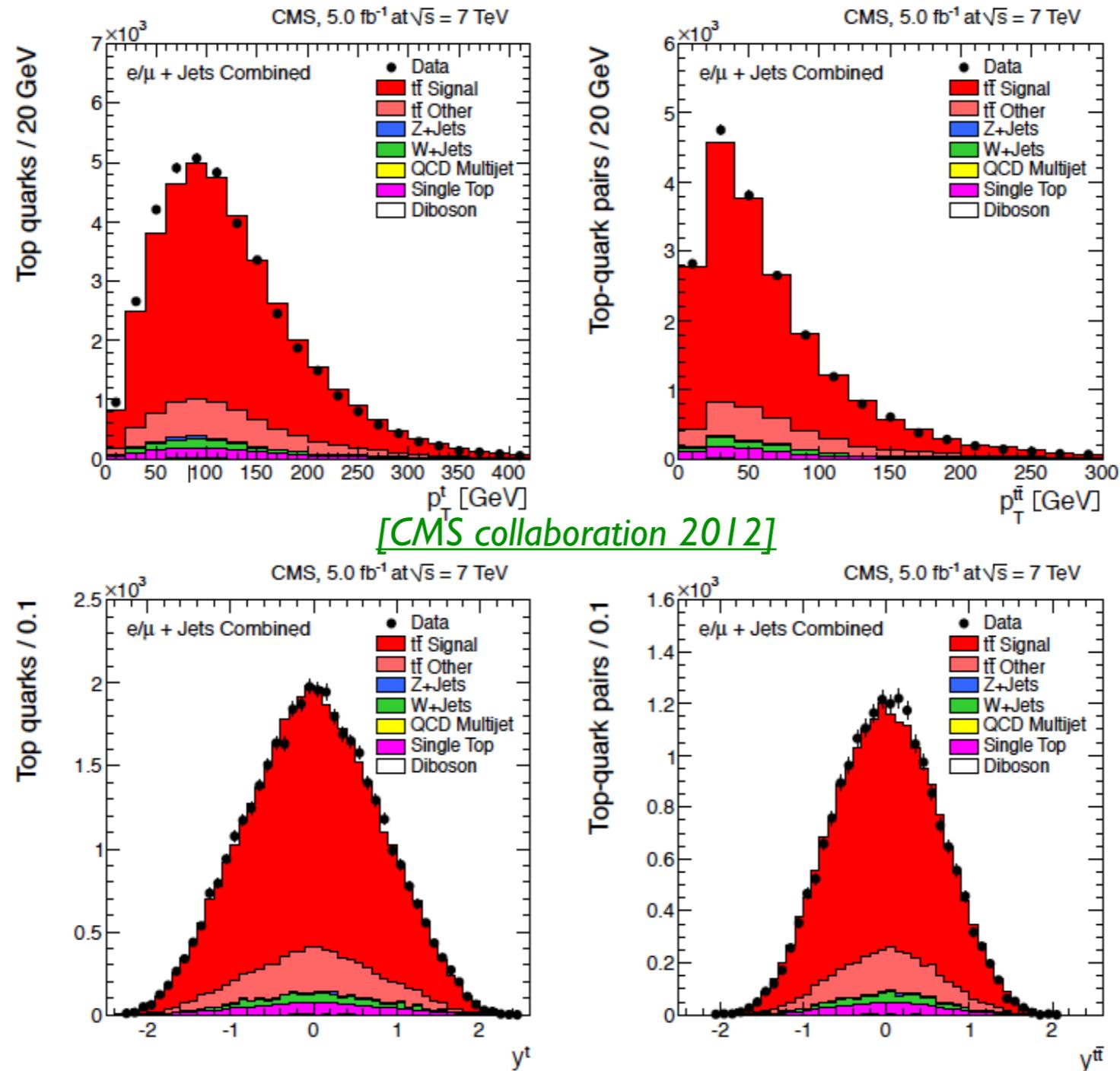
# TTBAR + BOSON PREDICTIONS

Recent results

process  
available from  
aMC@NLO

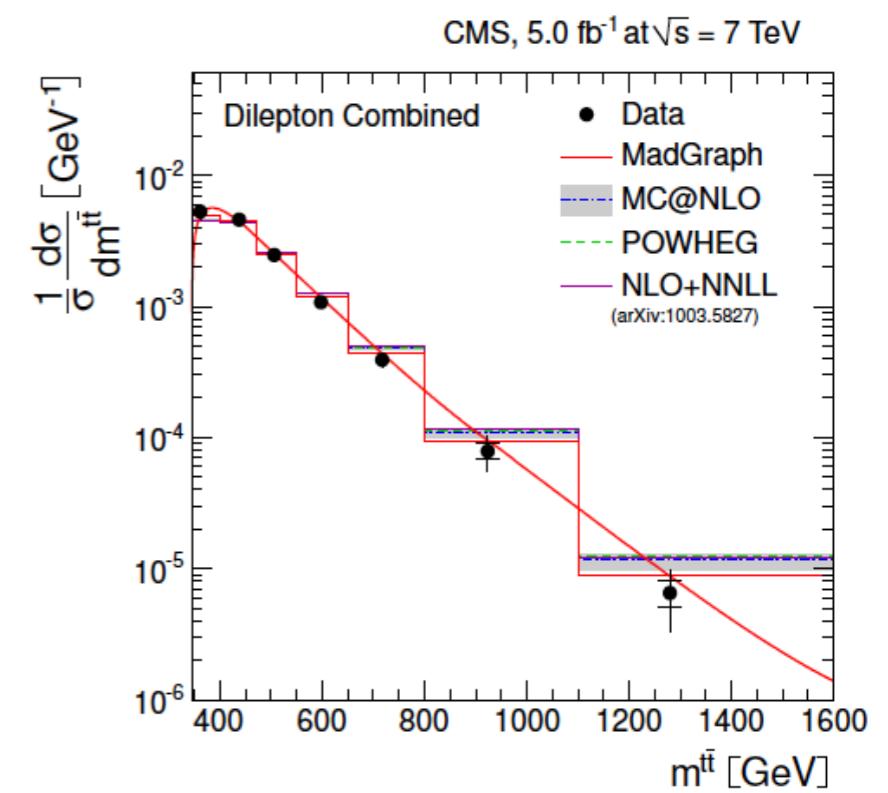
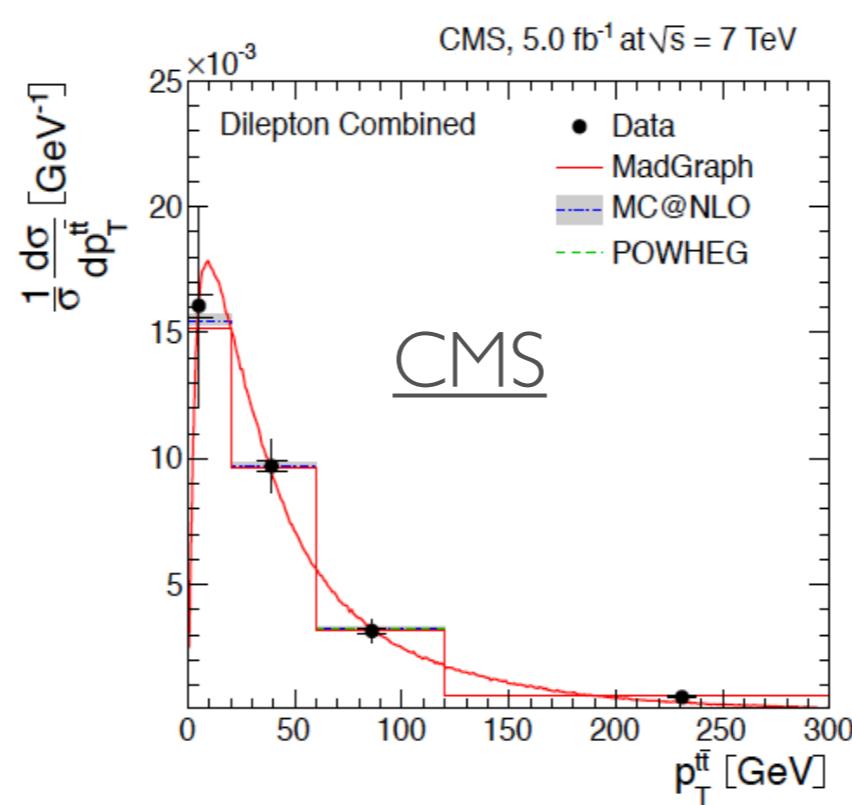
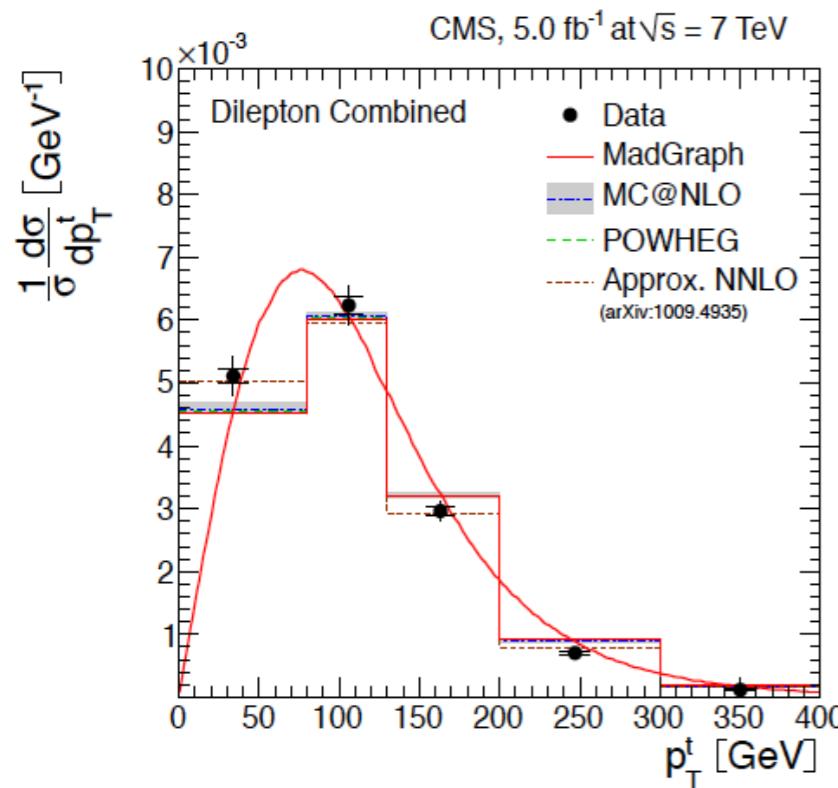
- |  |  |  |   |     |
|--|--|--|---|-----|
| • ttH at NLO                               | <a href="#"><u>Hirschi et al. 2011</u></a> | <a href="#"><u>Beenaker et al. 2001</u></a>    | <a href="#"><u>Dawson et al.,2002</u></a>     | yes |
| • ttH at NLO with PS and spin correlations |  | <a href="#"><u>Frederix et al., 2011</u></a>   | <a href="#"><u>Garzelli et al. , 2011</u></a> | yes |
| • ttZ at NLO                               | <a href="#"><u>Hirschi et al. 2011</u></a> | <a href="#"><u>Melnikov et al. 2011</u></a>    | <a href="#"><u>Kardos et al. 2011</u></a>     | yes |
| • ttZ at NLO with PS                       |  |  | <a href="#"><u>Garzelli et al. 2012</u></a>   | yes |
| • tt $\gamma$ at NLO                       |  | <a href="#"><u>Hirschi et al. 2011</u></a>     | <a href="#"><u>Melnikov et al. 2011</u></a>   | yes |
| • ttW at NLO                               | <a href="#"><u>Hirschi et al. 2011</u></a> | <a href="#"><u>Campbell and Ellis 2012</u></a> | <a href="#"><u>Garzelli et al. 2012</u></a>   | yes |
| • ttW at NLO with PS                       |  |  | <a href="#"><u>Garzelli et al. 2012</u></a>   | yes |

# TTBAR DIFFERENTIAL DISTRIBUTIONS



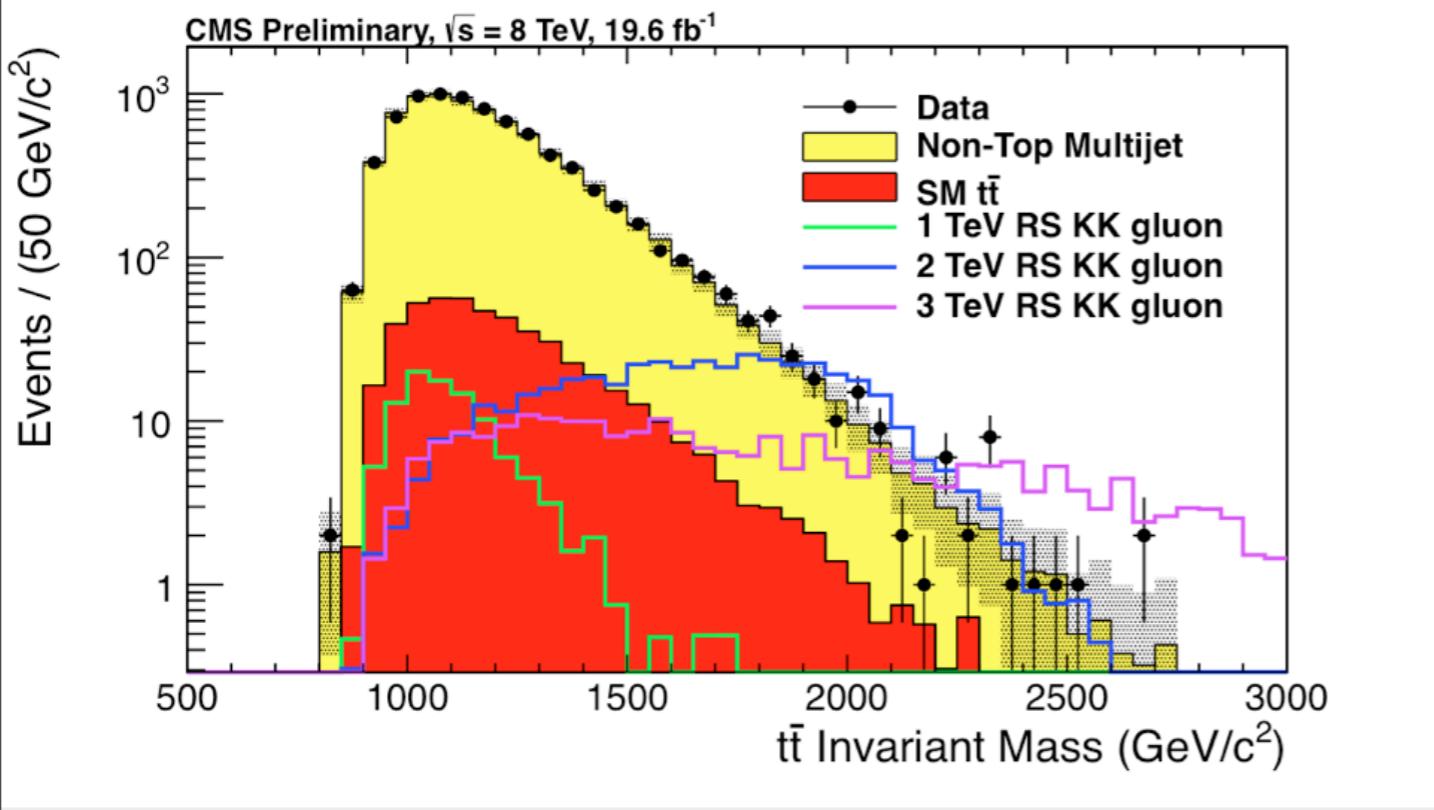
# TTBAR DIFFERENTIAL DISTRIBUTIONS

*[CMS collaboration 2012]*

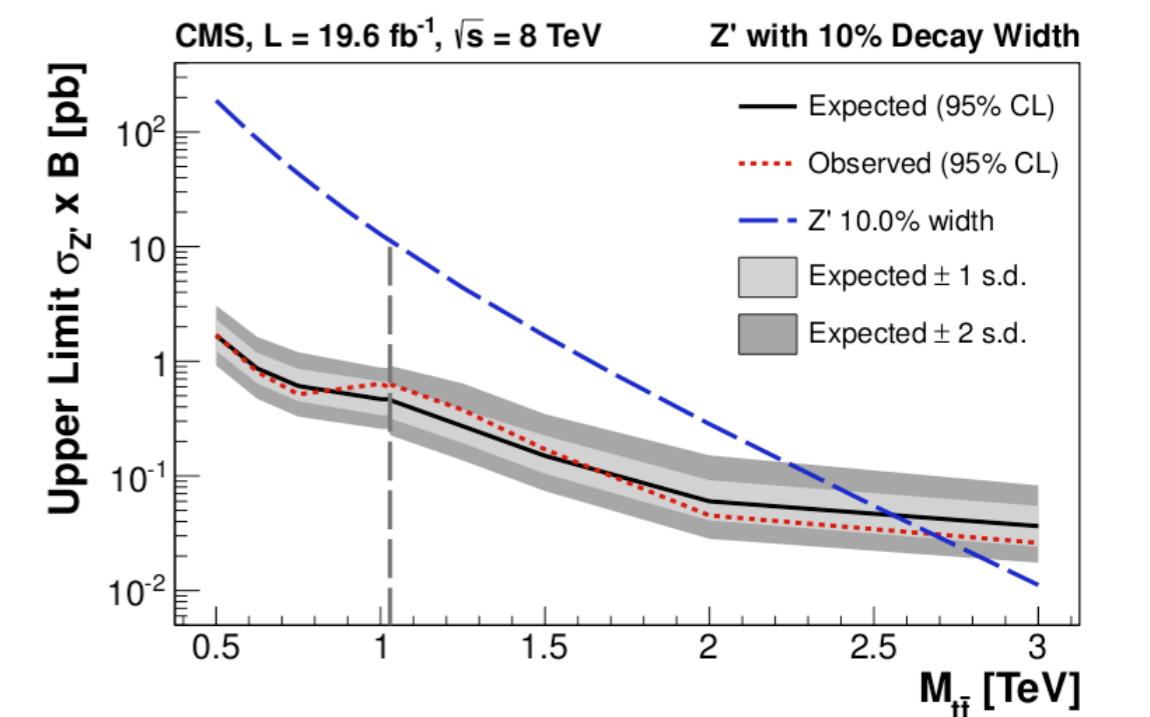


# TTBAR DIFFERENTIAL DISTRIBUTIONS

[CMS collaboration 2013]



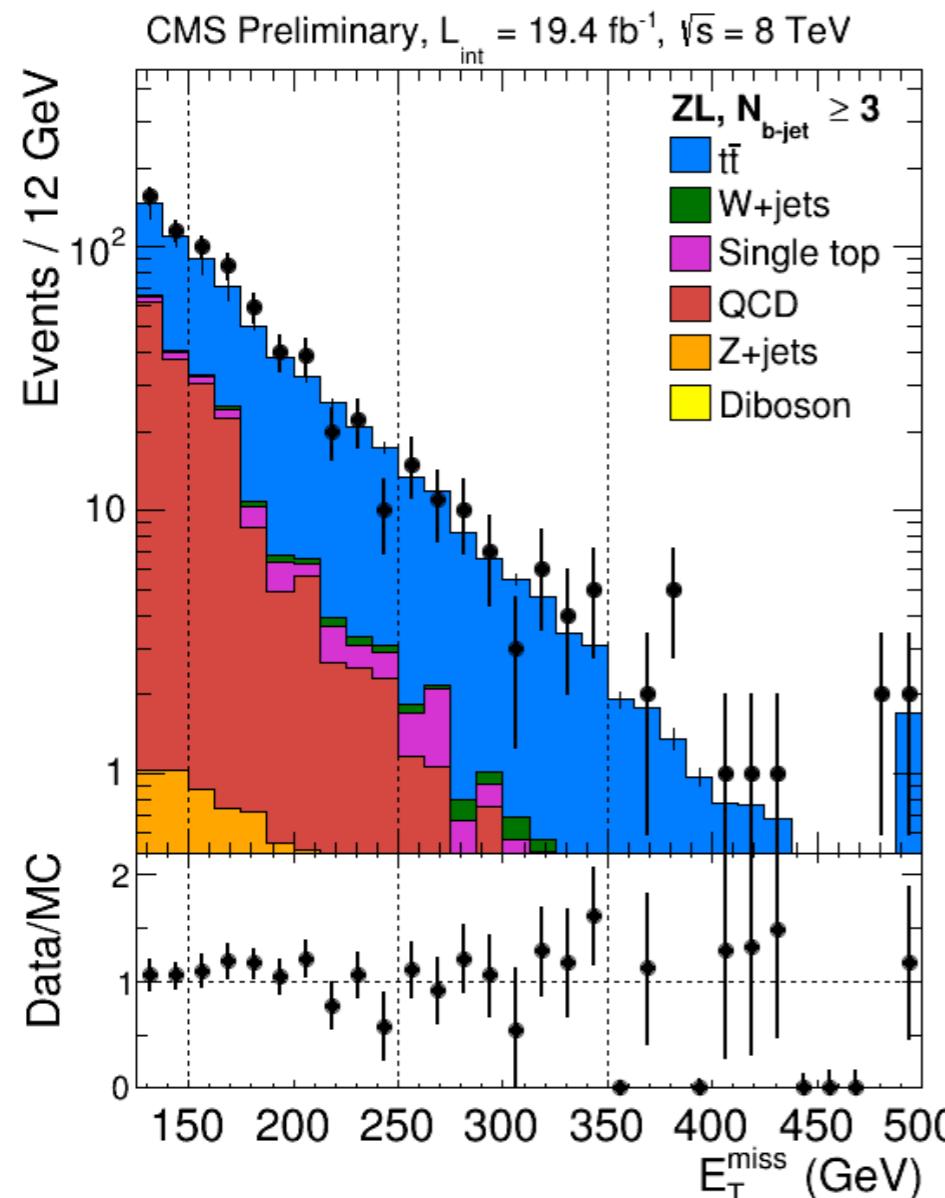
all hadronic final state



limits from one lepton final state m<sub>tt</sub>

# TOP AS A BACKGROUND TO SUSY

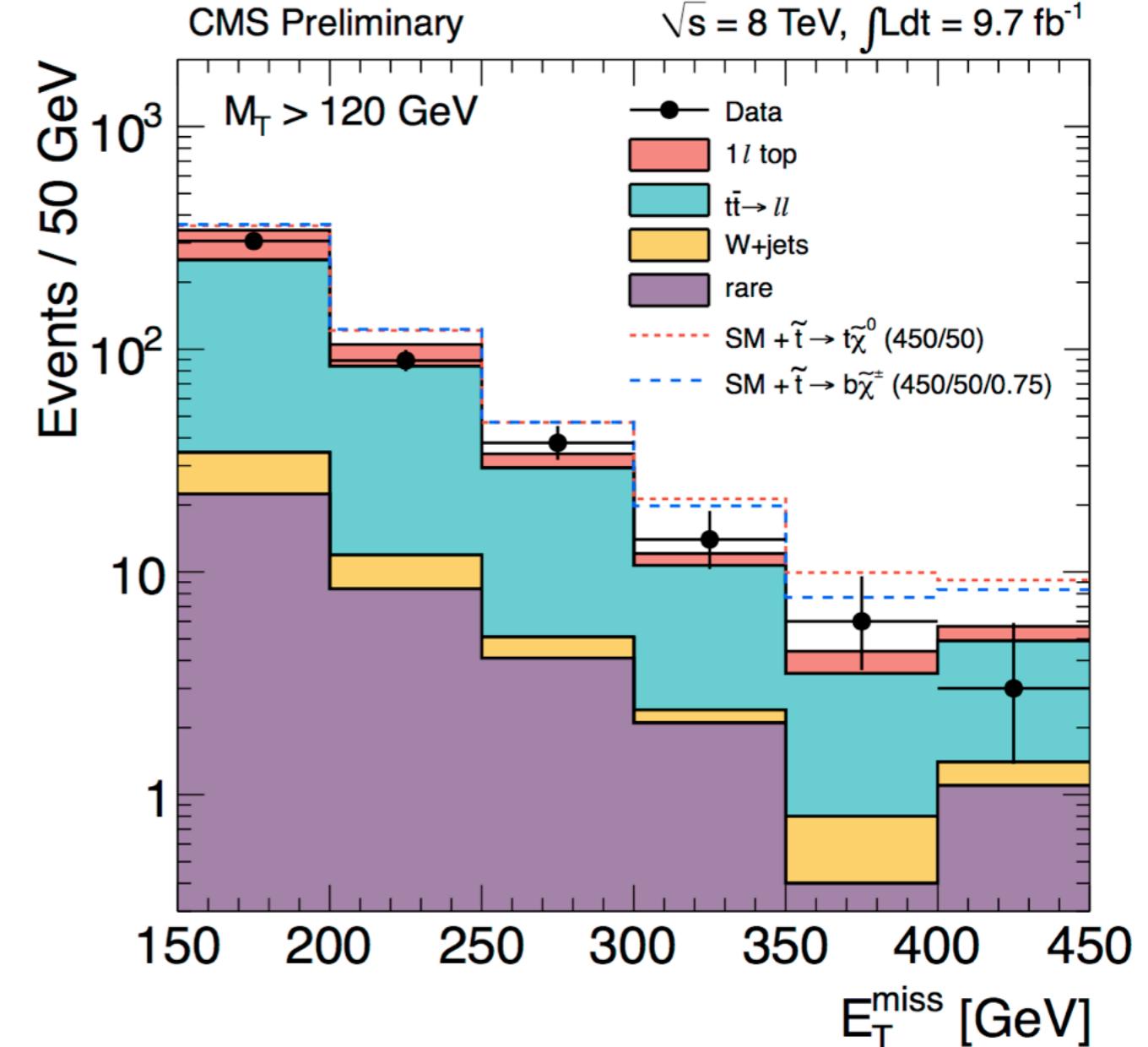
[CMS collaboration 2013]



$$pp \rightarrow \tilde{g}\tilde{g} \rightarrow b\bar{b}b\bar{b} \tilde{\chi}^0 \tilde{\chi}^0$$

$$pp \rightarrow \tilde{g}\tilde{g} \rightarrow t\bar{t}t\bar{t} \tilde{\chi}^0 \tilde{\chi}^0$$

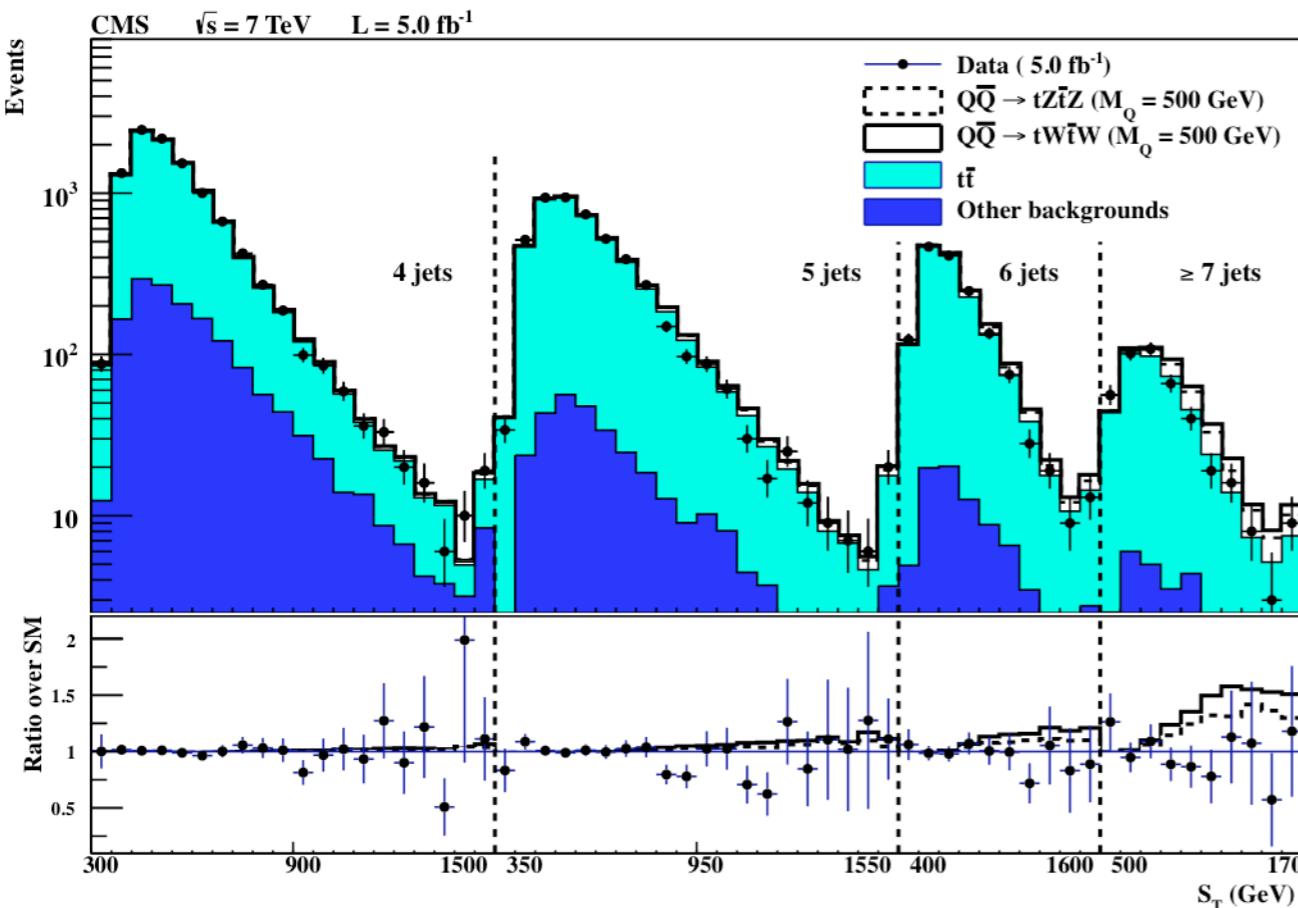
[CMS collaboration 2013]



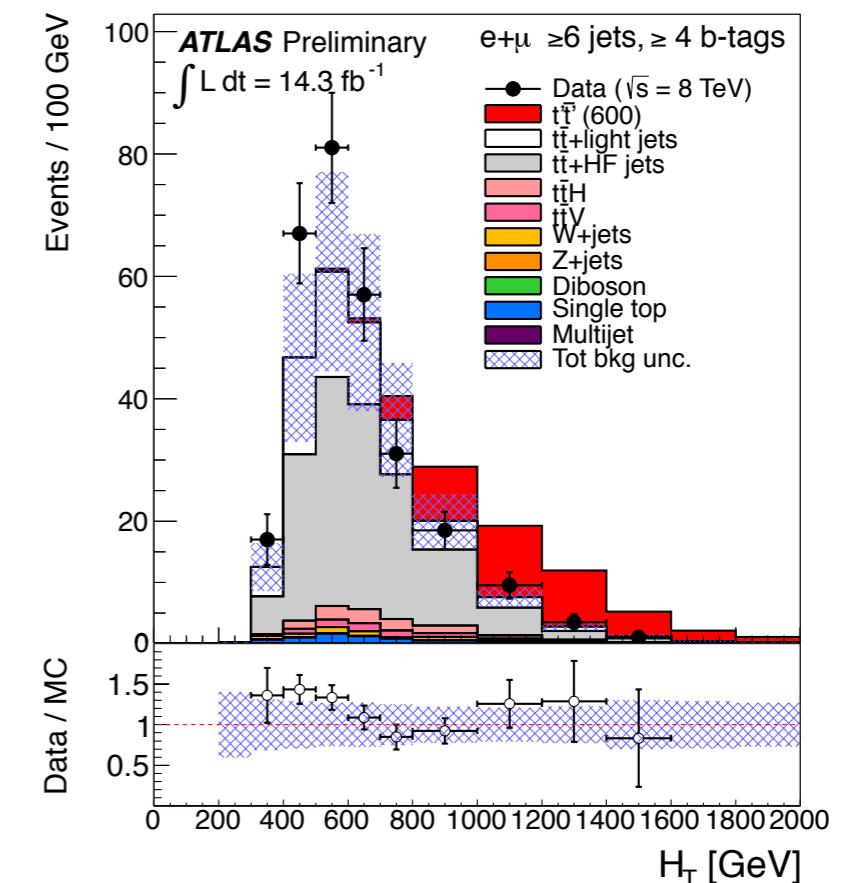
$$pp \rightarrow \tilde{t}\tilde{t}^* \rightarrow t\bar{t} \tilde{\chi}^0 \tilde{\chi}^0$$

# TOP AS A BACKGROUND TO T' OR B'

[CMS collaboration 2013]



[ATLAS collaboration 2013]



$$pp \rightarrow Q\bar{Q} \rightarrow t\bar{t}ZZ, t\bar{t}WW$$

$$pp \rightarrow Q\bar{Q} \rightarrow t\bar{t}hh$$