

Implementation of Quarkonium Production cross sections within Madgraph

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PLAN

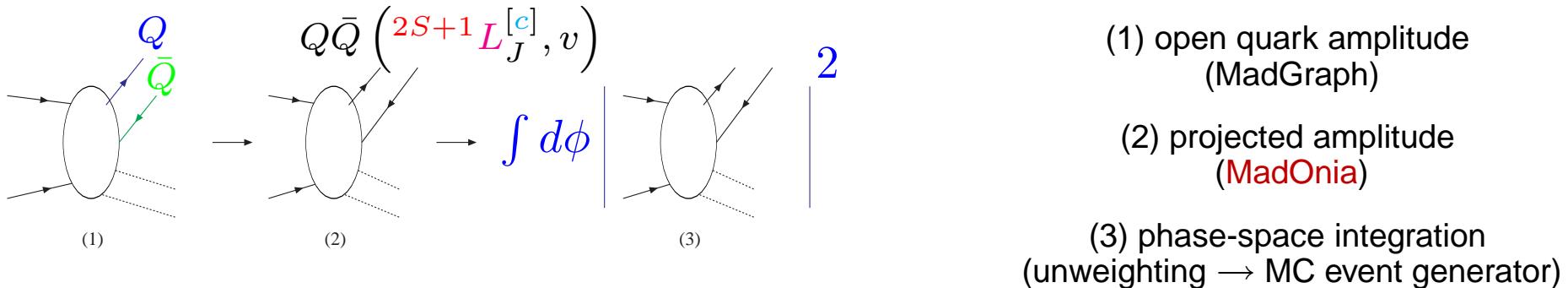
- Introduction: the purpose of MadOnia
- Capabilities and Validation
- Illustration and Ongoing Studies
- Conclusion and Perspectives

Introduction: the purpose of MadOnia

- expression of cross sections within NRQCD:

$$\sigma(ij \rightarrow Q + X) = \sum_n \hat{\sigma}(ij \rightarrow Q\bar{Q}(n) + X) \langle \mathcal{O}^Q(n) \rangle_\Lambda$$

- $\langle \mathcal{O}^Q(n) \rangle$ is the long distance matrix element
- $\hat{\sigma}(ij \rightarrow Q\bar{Q}(n) + X)$ is the short distance cross section
- MadOnia: automatic tree-level computation of $\hat{\sigma}(ij \rightarrow Q\bar{Q}(n) + X)$



Capabilities and Validation

- capabilities:

- **universality**: MadOnia generates any helicity amplitude

$$\mathcal{M} \left(ij \rightarrow Q\bar{Q} \left({}^{2S+1}L_J^{[c]} \right) + X \right)$$

at tree-level, for any model that can be implemented in MadGraph

- it keeps track of **quantum numbers** on event-by-event basis → events ready for showering and hadronization (in particular, calculation in terms of color-ordered amplitudes).
 - $Q\bar{Q}'$ production: the quark and the anti-quark can be of different flavour (such as B_c)
 - double quarkonium production (ex: $e^+e^- \rightarrow J/\psi\eta_c$)
 - **relativistic corrections** for S -wave state production can be computed

Capabilities and Validation

- validation:

- gauge invariance has been checked
- charge conjugation conservation:

$$A(^1S_0^{[1]} + (2k+1)\gamma) = 0$$

$$A(^3S_1^{[1]} + (2k)\gamma) = 0$$

$$A(^1P_1^{[1]} + (2k)\gamma) = 0$$

$$A(^3P_1^{[1]} + (2k)\gamma) = 0$$

$$A(^3P_{0,2}^{[1]} + (2k+1)\gamma) = 0$$

- comparison with analytical amplitudes point by point in the phase space

$$ij \rightarrow Qk$$

with i, j, k = quarks or gluons, for all S- and P-wave states, colour-singlet and colour-octet transitions

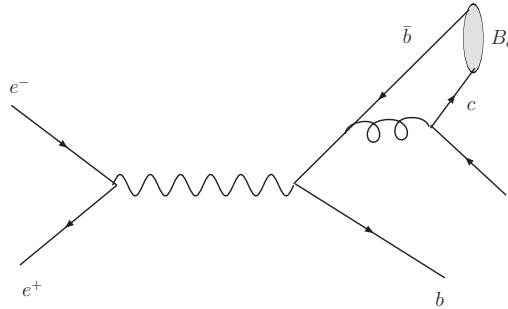
Illustration

- example: B_c production from e^+e^-

Illustration

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$$e^+e^- \rightarrow b\bar{c}B_c(^3S_1^{[1]})$$



Illustration

- example: B_c production from e^+e^-
- enter the process: fill the input file proc_card.dat

```
# Begin PROCESS # This is TAG. Do not modify this line

e+e->bc~cb~[3S11]  @0      # First Process
QCD=99                # Max QCD couplings
QED=2                # Max QED couplings
end_coup              # End the couplings input

e+e->bc~cb~[1S01]  @1      # Second Process
QCD=99                # Max QCD couplings
QED=2                # Max QED couplings
end_coup              # End the couplings input

done                  # this tells MG there are no more procs

# End PROCESS # This is TAG. Do not modify this line
*****  
# Model information *
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sm
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Illustration

- example: B_c production from e^+e^-
 - Output:
MadOnia generates a **fortran code** that gives the **squared matrix element** summed/averaged over polarization degrees of freedom at an arbitrary phase-space point:

$$\frac{1}{4} \sum_{\lambda_1, \dots, \lambda_5} |M(e^+(p_1)e^-(p_2) \rightarrow b(p_3)\bar{c}(p_4)B_c(p_5))|^2$$

Illustration

- interface with a phase-space generator to produce cross sections

- B_c production via colour-singlet transitions (σ in fb)

	$^1S_0[1]$	$^3S_1[1]$	$^1P_1[1]$	$^3P_0[1]$	$^3P_1[1]$	$^3P_2[1]$
$e^+e^-@m_Z$	$1.58 \cdot 10^3$	$2.25 \cdot 10^3$	$1.72 \cdot 10^2$	$1.00 \cdot 10^2$	$2.09 \cdot 10^2$	$2.25 \cdot 10^2$
$\gamma\gamma@\text{LEP II}$	0.513	5.17	0.160	$2.66 \cdot 10^{-2}$	$5.74 \cdot 10^{-2}$	0.263
$\gamma p@\text{HERA}$	356	$1.17 \cdot 10^3$	83.1	21.2	50.4	197
$pp@\text{LHC}$	$3.93 \cdot 10^7$	$9.82 \cdot 10^7$	$5.21 \cdot 10^6$	$1.79 \cdot 10^6$	$4.40 \cdot 10^6$	$1.06 \cdot 10^7$
$p\bar{p}@\text{Tev II}$	$2.54 \cdot 10^6$	$6.47 \cdot 10^6$	$3.29 \cdot 10^5$	$1.24 \cdot 10^5$	$2.87 \cdot 10^5$	$6.81 \cdot 10^5$

- B_c production via colour-octet transitions (σ in fb)

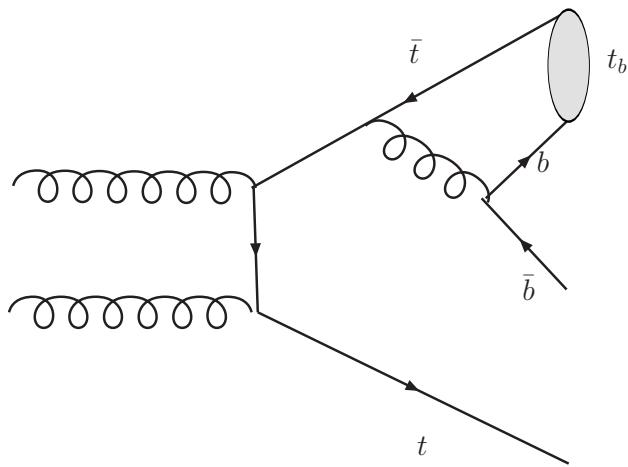
	$^1S_0[8]$	$^3S_1[8]$	$^1P_1[8]$	$^3P_0[8]$	$^3P_1[8]$	$^3P_2[8]$
e^+e^-	1.64	2.31	0.162	0.105	0.217	0.235
$\gamma\gamma$	$5.38 \cdot 10^{-4}$	$5.42 \cdot 10^{-3}$	$1.69 \cdot 10^{-4}$	$2.83 \cdot 10^{-5}$	$6.04 \cdot 10^{-5}$	$2.77 \cdot 10^{-4}$
γp	1.15	8.25	0.494	$7.45 \cdot 10^{-2}$	0.238	1.57
pp	$4.20 \cdot 10^5$	$1.88 \cdot 10^6$	$1.19 \cdot 10^5$	$1.37 \cdot 10^4$	$6.20 \cdot 10^4$	$2.24 \cdot 10^5$
$p\bar{p}$	$2.86 \cdot 10^4$	$1.27 \cdot 10^5$	$8.13 \cdot 10^3$	$9.82 \cdot 10^2$	$4.24 \cdot 10^3$	$1.56 \cdot 10^4$

TIMING: 5' to enter all processes in the input card, 2 hours of run

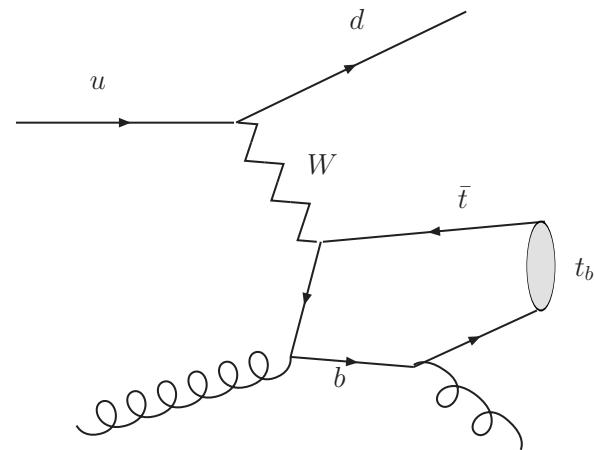
Illustration

- Testing new ideas: t_b production at the LHC

$$V_{tb} = 0.3, \quad |R_{tb}|^2 = 8.13 \text{ GeV}^3$$



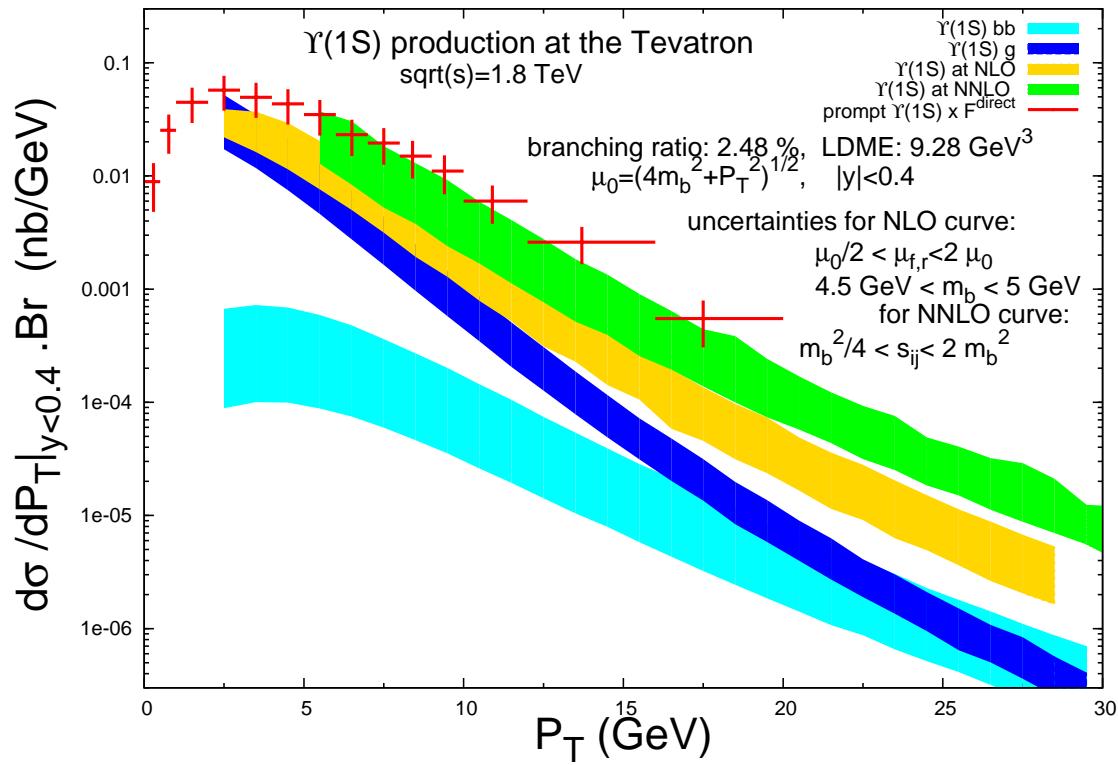
$$\sigma = 9.95 \text{ fb}$$



$$\sigma = 2.52 \text{ fb}$$

Current studies:

- $\Upsilon + 3$ jets production at the Tevatron



Current studies:

- $\Upsilon + 3$ jets production at the Tevatron subprocesses:

dg_uuxdbbx3S11	gd_uuxdbbx3S11	gu_uuuuxbbx3S11	ug_uddxbbx3S11	uux_uuxgbbx3S11
uxu_ddxgbbx3S11	du_udgbbx3S11	gdx_uuxdxbbx3S11	gux_uuxuxbbx3S11	ug_uggbbx3S11
uxd_uxdgbbx3S11	uxu_gggbbx3S11	dux_uxdgbbx3S11	gg_gggbbx3S11	gux_uxddxbbx3S11
ug_uuuuxbbx3S11	uxdx_uxdxgbbx3S11	uxu_uuxgbbx3S11	dxg_uuxdxbbx3S11	gg_uuxgbbx3S11
gux_uxggbbx3S11	uu_uugbbx3S11	uxg_uuxuxbbx3S11	uxux_uxuxgbbx3S11	dxu_udxgbbx3S11
gu_uddxbbx3S11	ud_udgbbx3S11	uux_ddxgbbx3S11	uxg_uxddxbbx3S11	dxux_uxdxgbbx3S11
gu_uggbbx3S11	wdx_udxgbbx3S11	uux_gggbbx3S11	uxg_uxggbbx3S11	

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dg_uuxdbbx3S11	gd_uuxdbbx3S11	gu_uuuuxbbx3S11	ug_uddxbbx3S11	uux_uuxgbbx3S11
uxu_ddxgbbx3S11	du_udgbbx3S11	gdx_uuxdxbbx3S11	gux_uuuxgbbx3S11	ug_uggbbx3S11
uxd_uxdgbbx3S11	uxu_gggbbx3S11	dux_uxdgbbx3S11	gg_gggbbx3S11	gux_uxddxbbx3S11
ug_uuuuxbbx3S11	uxdx_uxdxgbbx3S11	uxu_uuxgbbx3S11	uxg_uuxuaxbbx3S11	gg_uuxgbbx3S11
gux_uxggbbx3S11	uu_uugbbx3S11	uxg_uuuxuxbbx3S11	uxux_uxuxgbbx3S11	dxu_udxgbbx3S11
gu_uddxbbx3S11	ud_udgbbx3S11	uux_ddxgbbx3S11	uxg_uxddxbbx3S11	dxux_uxdxgbbx3S11
gu_uggbbx3S11	wdx_udxgbbx3S11	uux_gggbbx3S11	uxg_uxggbbx3S11	

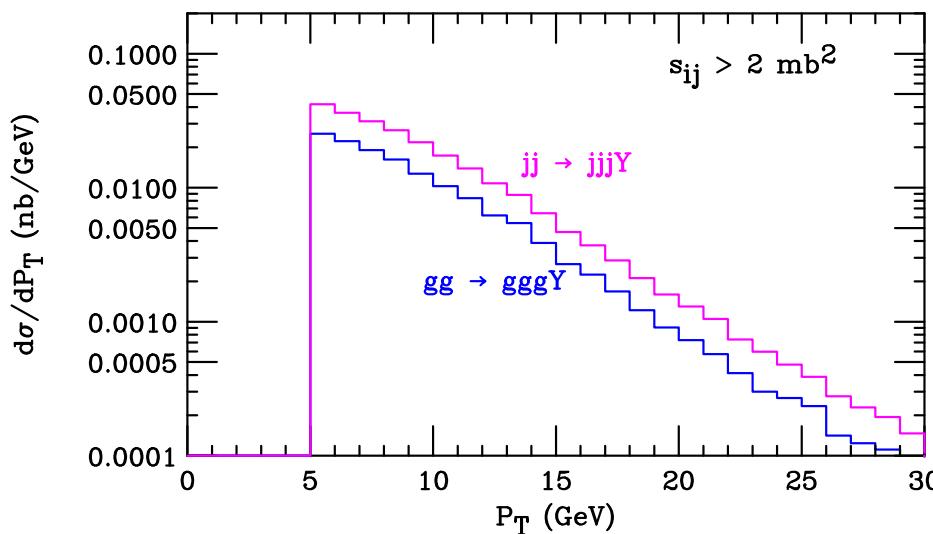
≈ 2000 Feynman diagrams (reduced by a factor $\frac{1}{4}$ after the colour and spin projections are applied)

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dg_uuxdbbx3S11	gd_uuxdbbx3S11	gu_uuuuxbbx3S11	ug_uddxbbx3S11	uux_uuxgbbx3S11
uxu_ddxgbbx3S11	du_udgbbx3S11	wdx_uuxdxbbx3S11	gx_uuxuxbbx3S11	ug_uggbbx3S11
uxd_uxdgbbx3S11	uxu_gggbbx3S11	dux_uxdgbbx3S11	gg_gggbbx3S11	gux_uxddxbbx3S11
ug_uuuuxbbx3S11	uxdx_uxdxgbbx3S11	uxu_uuxgbbx3S11	uxg_uuxuxbbx3S11	gg_uuxgbbx3S11
gux_uxggbbx3S11	uu_uugbbx3S11	uxg_uuxuxbbx3S11	uxux_uxuxgbbx3S11	dxu_udxgbbx3S11
gu_uddxbbx3S11	ud_udgbbx3S11	uux_ddxgbbx3S11	uxg_uxddxbbx3S11	dxux_uxdxgbbx3S11
gu_uggbbx3S11	wdx_udxgbbx3S11	uux_gggbbx3S11	uxg_uxggbbx3S11	

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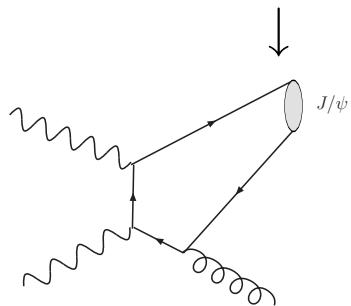
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- J/ψ production from $\gamma\gamma$ collisions (Lep II, $\sqrt{s} = 196$ GeV)

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$$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow g J/\psi(^3S_1[8])$$



6 Feynman diagrams

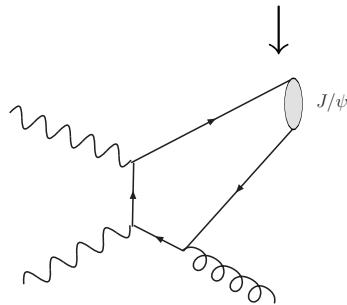
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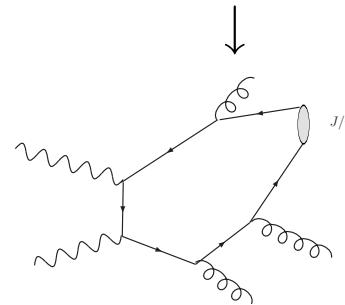
$$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow g J/\psi(^3S_1[8])$$

v.s.

$$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow ggg J/\psi(^3S_1[1])$$



6 Feynman diagrams



120 Feynman diagrams

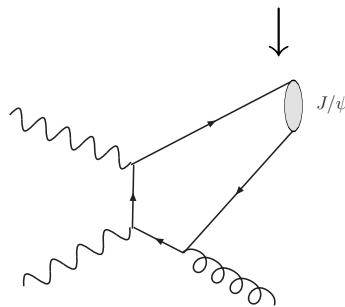
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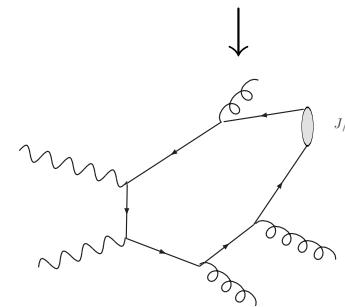
$$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow g J/\psi(^3S_1[8])$$

v.s.

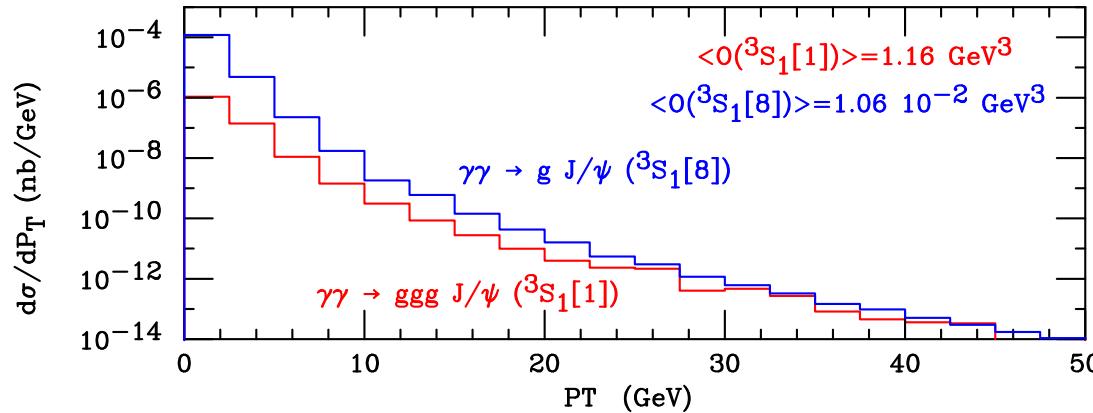
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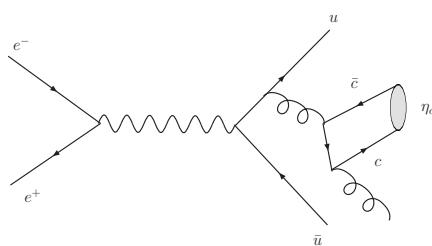


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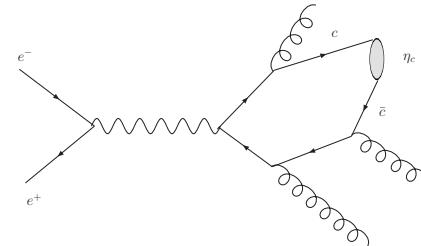
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta_c + X$ @ 10.6 GeV

subprocesses:

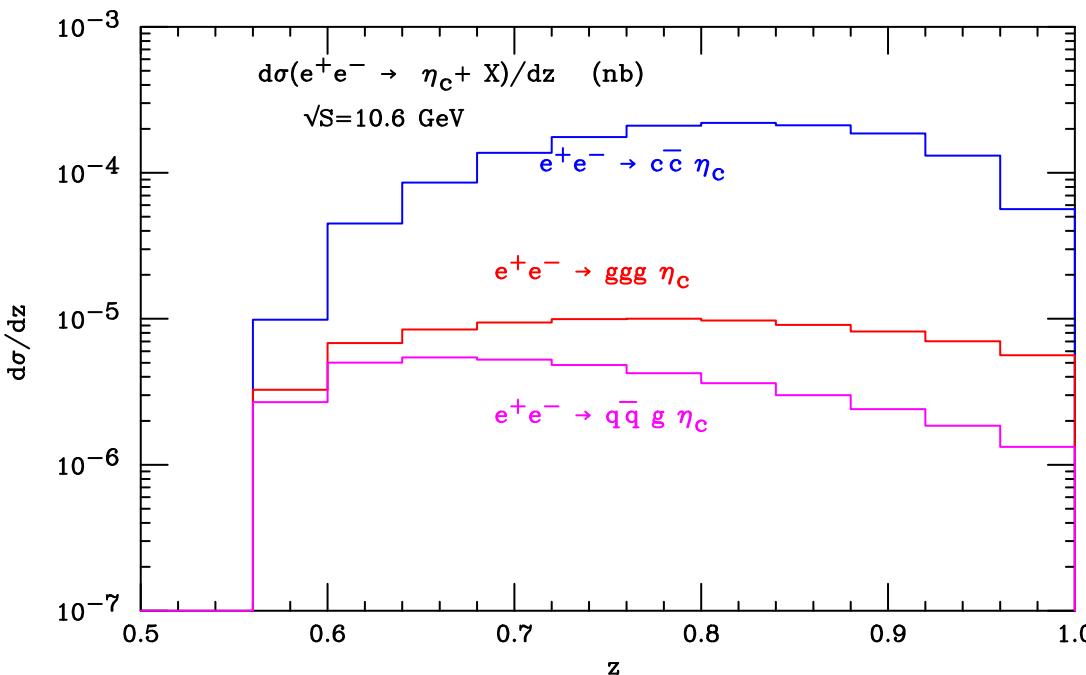
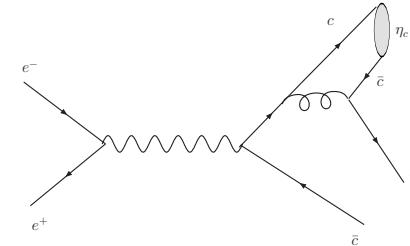
$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta_c q\bar{q}g$$



$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta_c ggg$$



$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta_c c\bar{c}$$



$$\sigma(\eta_c c\bar{c}) = 58.7 \text{ fb}$$

$$\sigma(\eta_c ggg) = 3.72 \text{ fb}$$

$$\sigma(\eta_c q\bar{q}g) = 1.63 \text{ fb}$$

Remarks:

$$\sigma(J/\psi c\bar{c}) = 148 \text{ fb}$$

$$\sigma(J/\psi gg) = 266 \text{ fb}$$

Conclusion & Perspectives

- MadOnia is an amplitude generator for quarkonium production within NRQCD which is:
 - universal (new model can be defined)
 - user-friendly
 - flexible
- Examples of application:
 - $p\bar{p} \rightarrow \Upsilon + 3 \text{ jets}$ at the Tevatron
 - $e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta_c + X$ at B factories
- work in progress: event generator with interfaces to Pythia and Herwig