

aMC@NLO

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for the MadGraph/aMC@NLO team

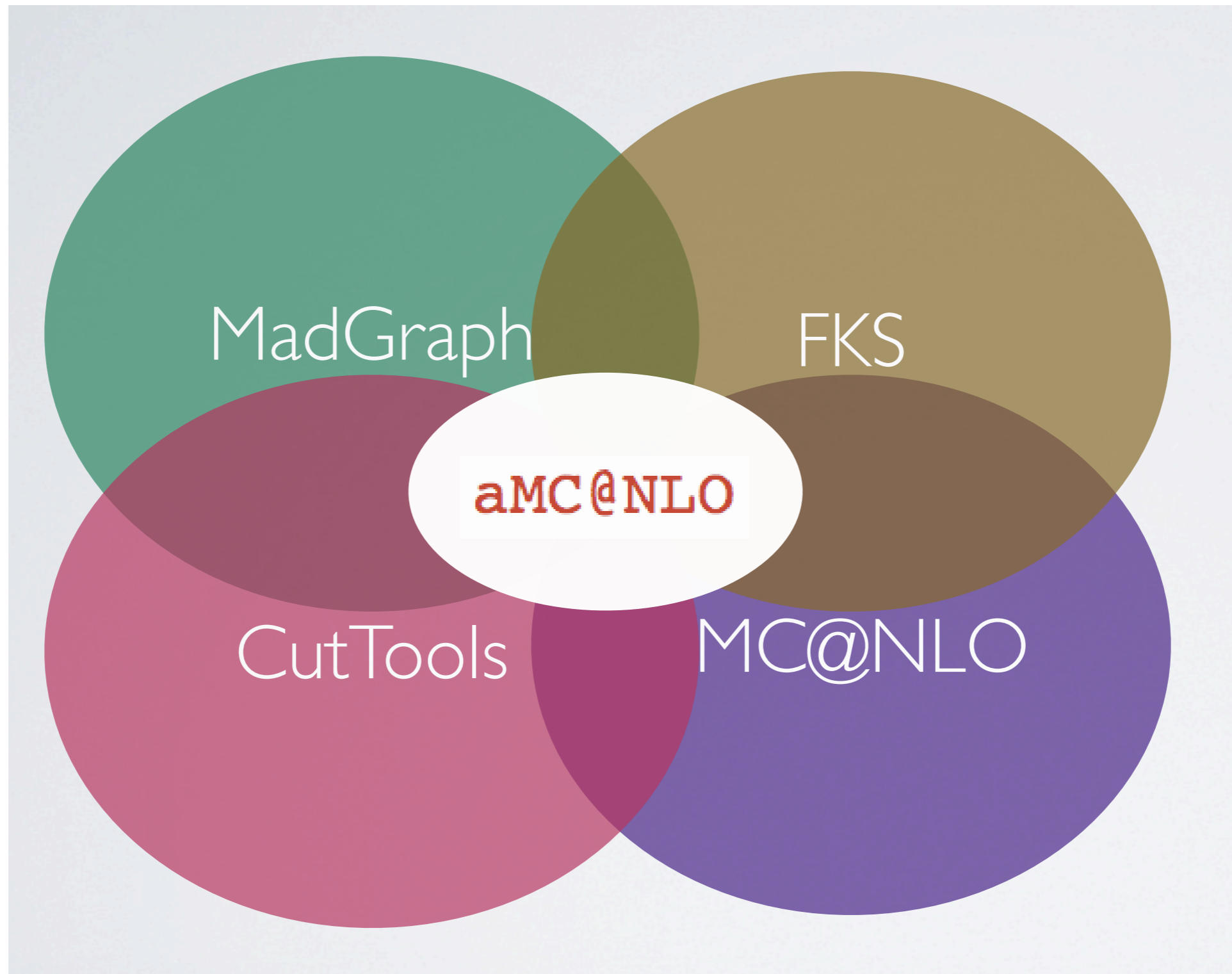
Full list of contributors:

<http://amcatnlo.web.cern.ch/amcatnlo/people.htm>

Plan of the Talk

- aMC@NLO
 - ➔ MadLoop
 - ➔ MadFKS
 - ➔ NLO+PS
- DEMO
- MadSpin (decay of unstable particles)
- Work in progress
- Conclusion

aMC@NLO: A Joint Venture



aMC@NLO

- Why **automation**?
 - ➔ Time: Less tools, means more time for physics
 - ➔ Robust: Easier to test, to trust
 - ➔ Easy: One framework/tool to learn

aMC@NLO

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 - ➔ Reliable prediction of the total rate
 - ➔ Reduction of the theoretical uncertainty

aMC@NLO

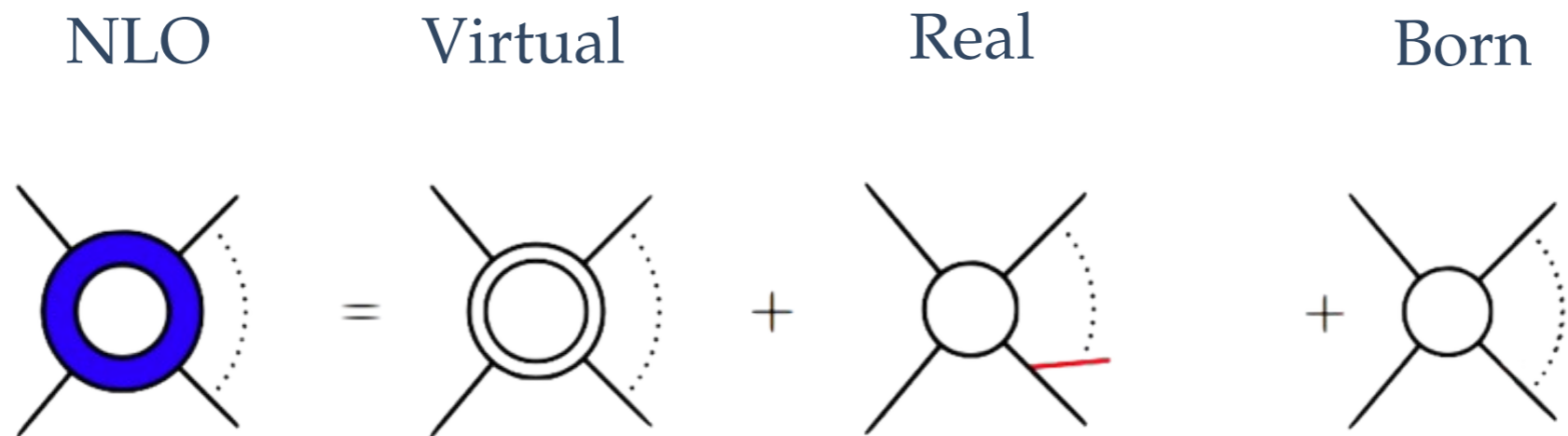
- Why **automation?**
 - ➔ Time: Less tools, means more time for physics
 - ➔ Robust: Easier to test, to trust
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- Why **NLO?**
 - ➔ Reliable prediction of the total rate
 - ➔ Reduction of the theoretical uncertainty
- Why **matched to the PS?**
 - ➔ Parton are not an detector observables
 - ➔ Matching cure some fix-order ill behaved observables

NLO Basics

NLO
Virtual
Real
Born

$\sigma^{NLO} = \int_m d^{(d)} \sigma^V + \int_{m+1} d^{(d)} \sigma^R + \int_m d^{(4)} \sigma^B$

NLO Basics

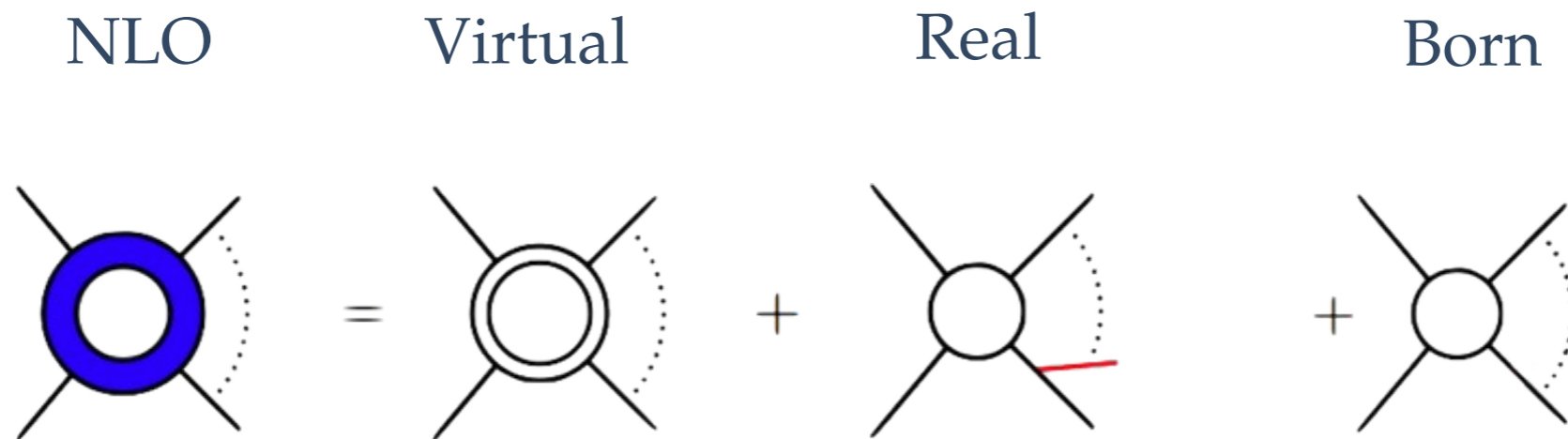


$$\sigma^{NLO} = \int_m d^{(d)} \sigma^V + \int_{m+1} d^{(d)} \sigma^R + \int_m d^{(4)} \sigma^B$$

Need to deal with singularities

$$\sigma^{NLO} = \int_m d^{(d)} (\sigma^V + \int_1 d\phi_1 C) + \int_{m+1} d^{(d)} (\sigma^R - C) + \int_m d^{(4)} \sigma^B$$

NLO Basics



$$\sigma^{NLO} = \int_m d^{(d)} \sigma^V + \int_{m+1} d^{(d)} \sigma^R + \int_m d^{(4)} \sigma^B$$

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MadLoop

MadFKS

MadGraph

MADLOOP

The virtual

The OPP Method

- Reduce the Amplitudes at the **Integrand** level.

$$\begin{aligned}
 N(l) = & \sum_{i_0 < i_1 < i_2 < i_3}^{m-1} \left[d_{i_0 i_1 i_2 i_3} + \tilde{d}_{i_0 i_1 i_2 i_3}(l) \right] \prod_{i \neq i_0, i_1, i_2, i_3}^{m-1} D_i \\
 & + \sum_{i_0 < i_1 < i_2}^{m-1} \left[c_{i_0 i_1 i_2} + \tilde{c}_{i_0 i_1 i_2}(l) \right] \prod_{i \neq i_0, i_1, i_2}^{m-1} D_i \\
 & + \sum_{i_0 < i_1}^{m-1} \left[b_{i_0 i_1} + \tilde{b}_{i_0 i_1}(l) \right] \prod_{i \neq i_0, i_1}^{m-1} D_i \\
 & + \sum_{i_0}^{m-1} \left[a_{i_0} + \tilde{a}_{i_0}(l) \right] \prod_{i \neq i_0}^{m-1} D_i \\
 & + \tilde{P}(l) \prod_i^{m-1} D_i
 \end{aligned}$$

- Feed **CutTools** with loop numerator and obtain the coefficients (including R1 Term)
- Add R2 counter-terms.

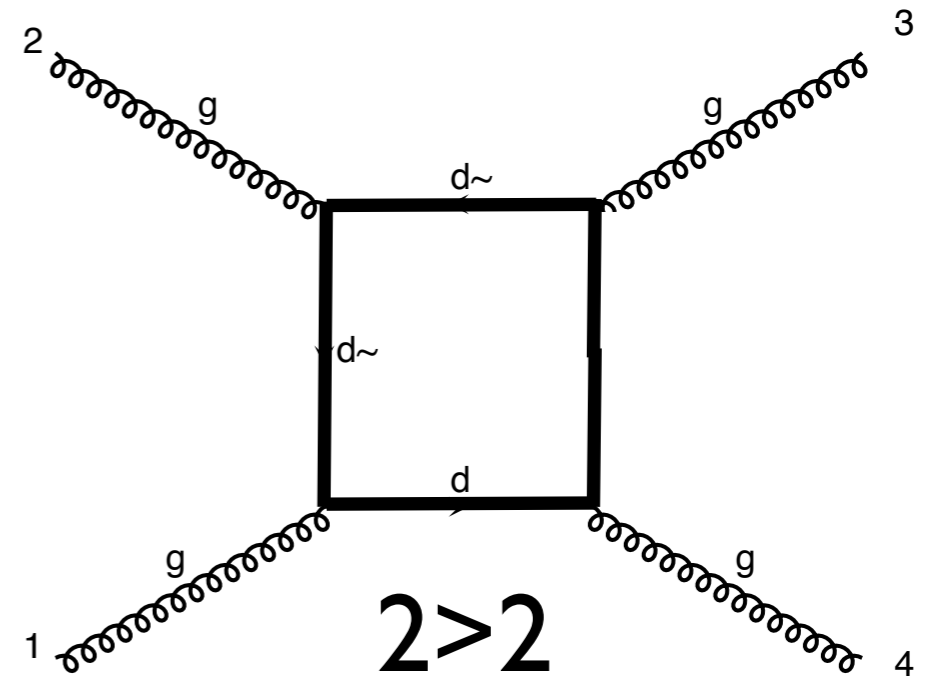
[Ossola, Papadopoulos, Pittau 2006]

OPP in a nutshell

- In OPP reduction we reduce the system at the integrand level.
- We can solve the system numerically: we only need a numerical function of the (numerator of) integrand. We can set-up a system of linear equations by choosing specific values for the loop momentum l , depending on the kinematics of the event
- OPP reduction is implemented in CutTools (publicly available). Given the integrand, CutTools provides all the coefficients in front of the scalar integrals and the R1 term
- The OPP reduction leads to numerical instabilities whose origins are not well under control. Require quadruple precision.
- Analytic information is needed for the R2 term, but can be compute once and for all for a given model [See C. Degrande Talk]

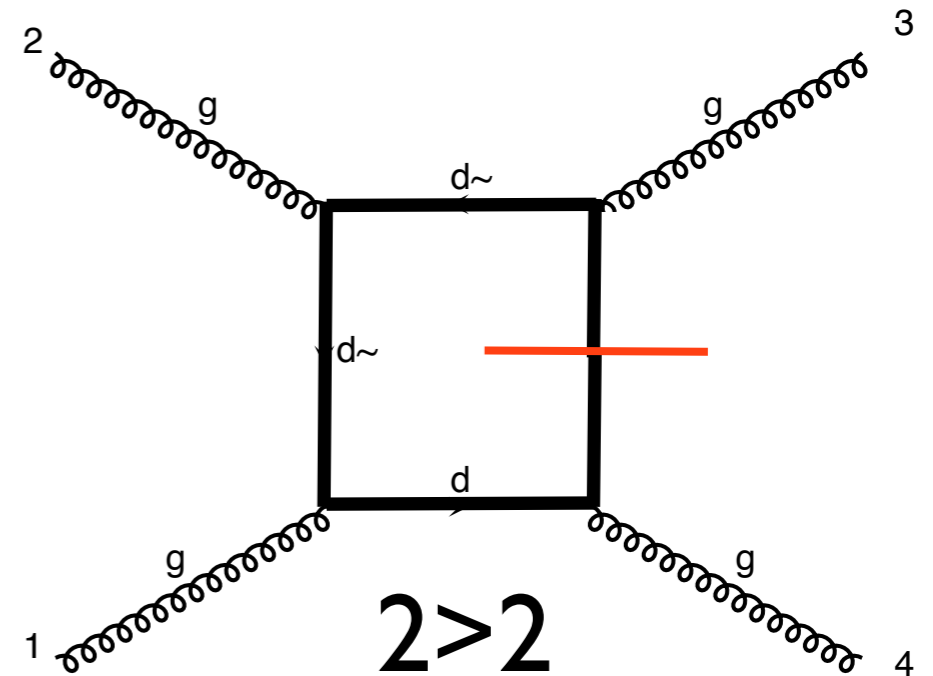
MADLOOP

- Diagram Generation
 - ➔ Generate diagrams with 2 extra particles
 - ➔ Need to filter result
- Evaluation of the Numerator:
 - ➔ OpenLoops techniques



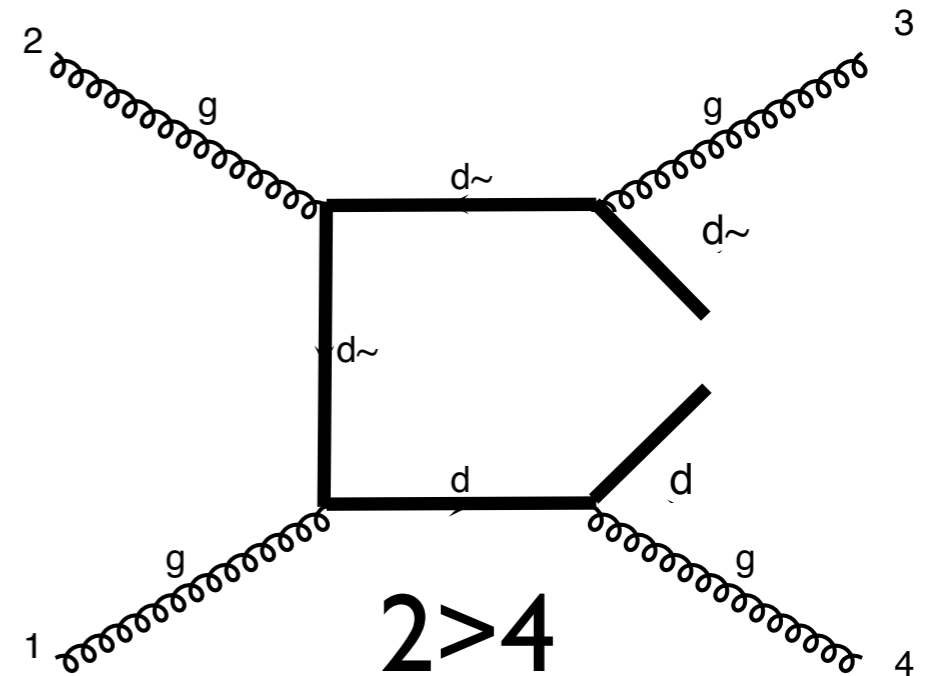
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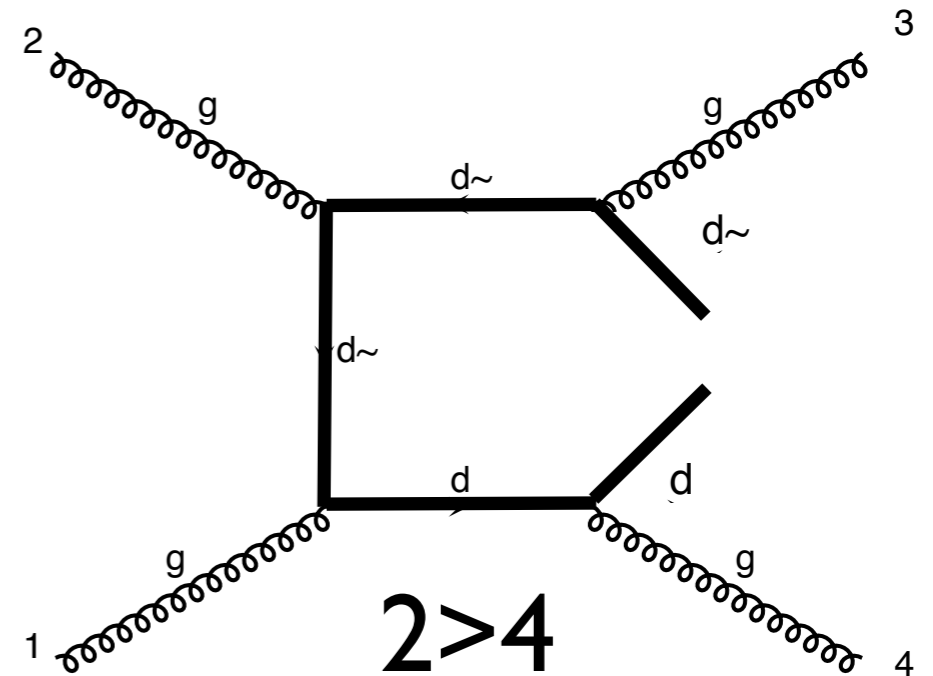
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MADLOOP

- Diagram Generation

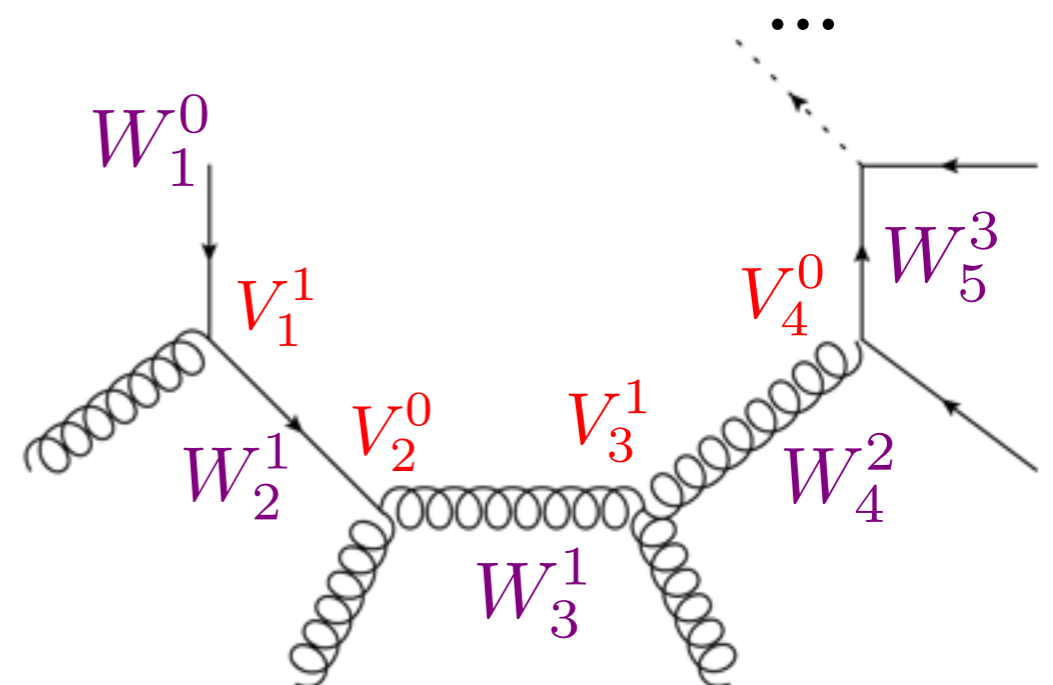
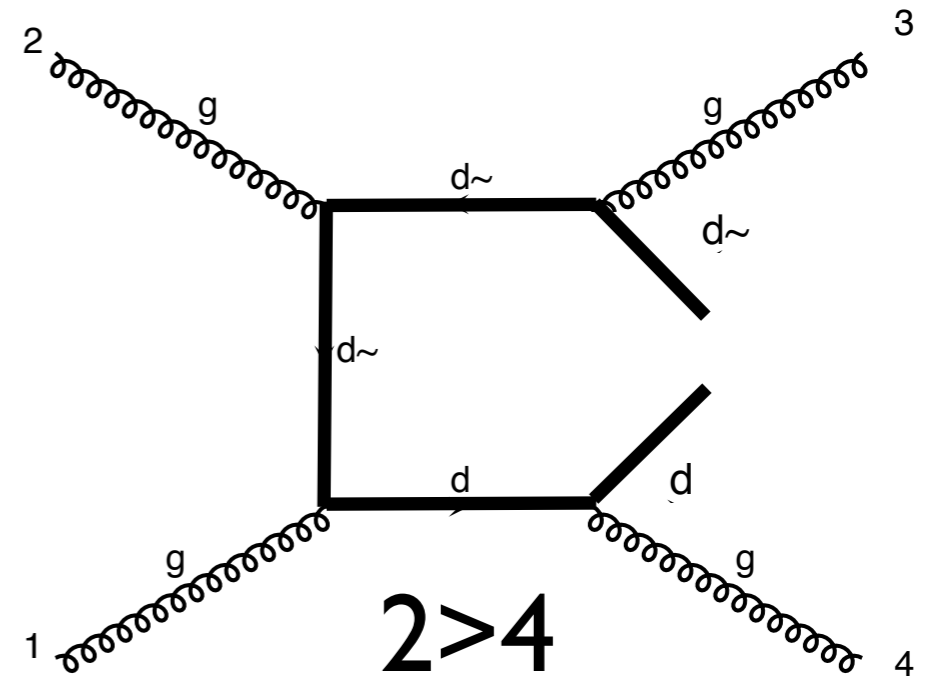
- ➔ Generate diagrams with 2 extra particles
- ➔ Need to filter result

- Evaluation of the Numerator:

- ➔ OpenLoops techniques [S. Pozzorini & al.(2011)]

$$\mathcal{N}(l^\mu) = \sum_{r=0}^{r_{max}} C_{\mu_0 \mu_1 \dots \mu_r}^{(r)} l^{\mu_0} l^{\mu_1} \dots l^{\mu_r}$$

[See F. Cascioli Talk]



MADFKS

The real

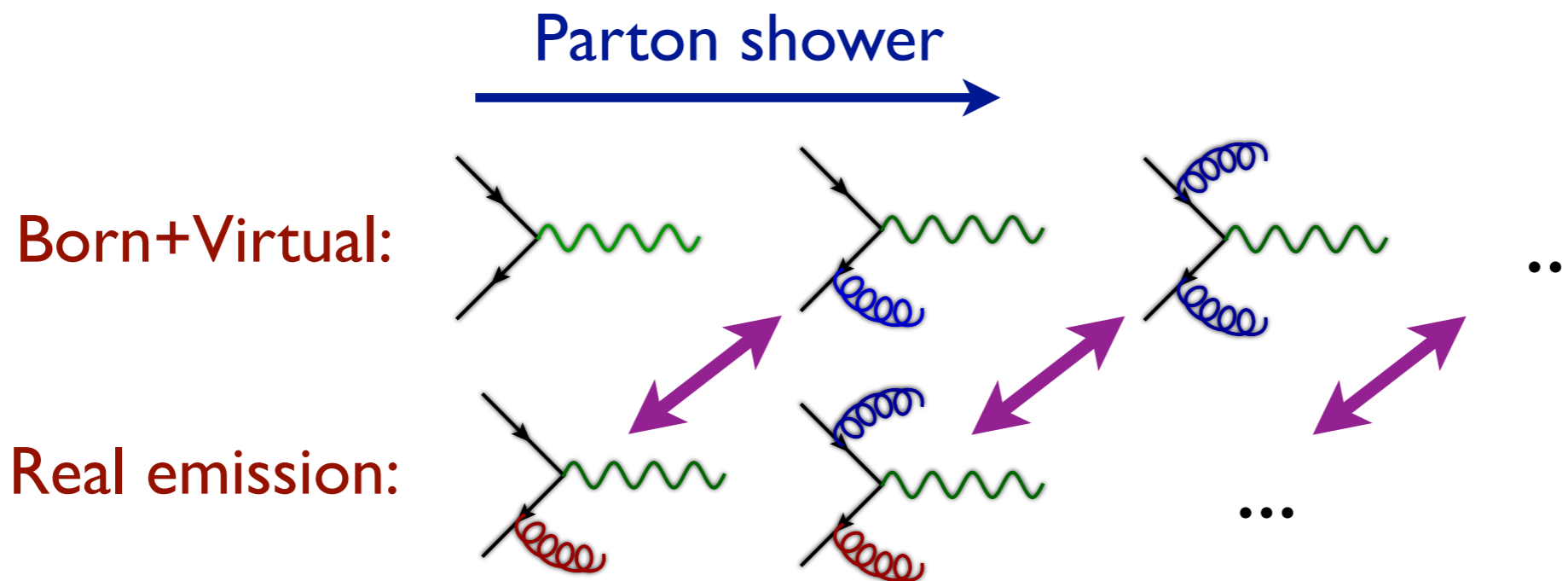
FKS subtraction

- Find parton pairs i, j that can give collinear singularities
- Split the phase space into regions with one collinear singularities
- Integrate them independently
 - ➔ with an adhoc PS parameterization
 - ➔ can be run in parallel
- # of contributions $\sim n^2$

MC@NLO

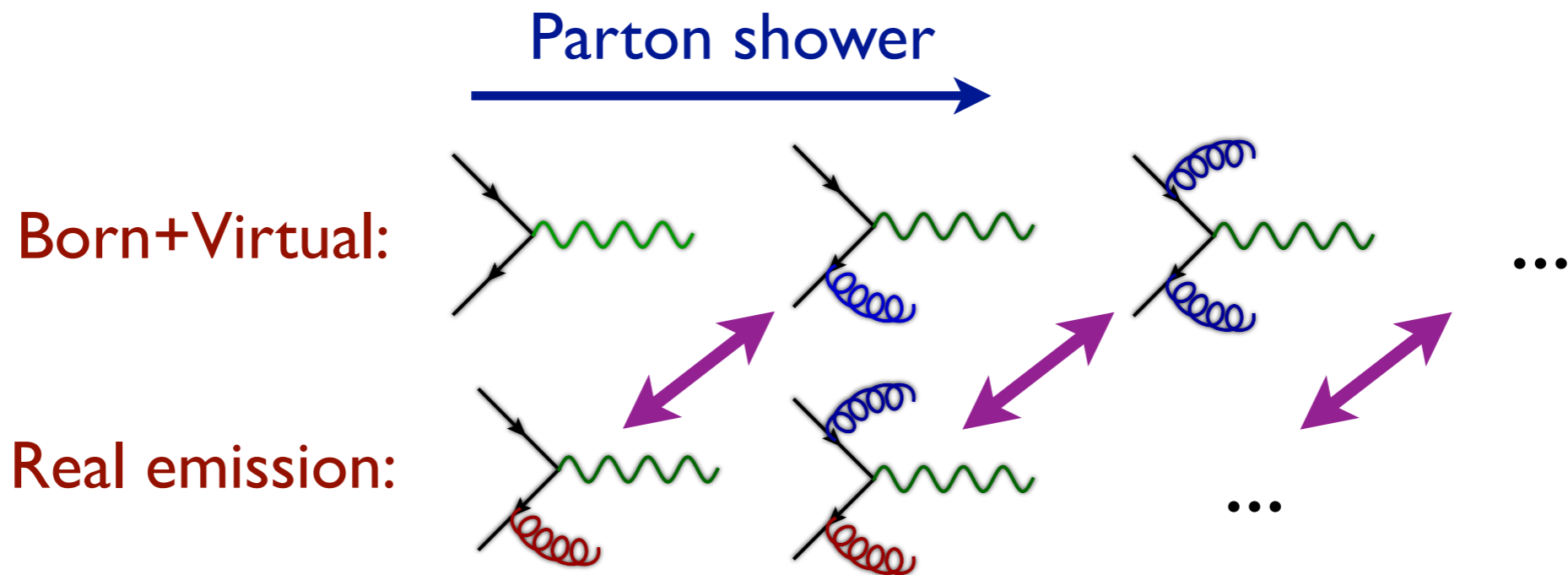
Matching to the shower

Sources of double counting



- There is double counting between the real emission matrix elements and the parton shower: the extra radiation can come from the matrix elements or the parton shower
- There is also an overlap between the virtual

MC@NLO procedure



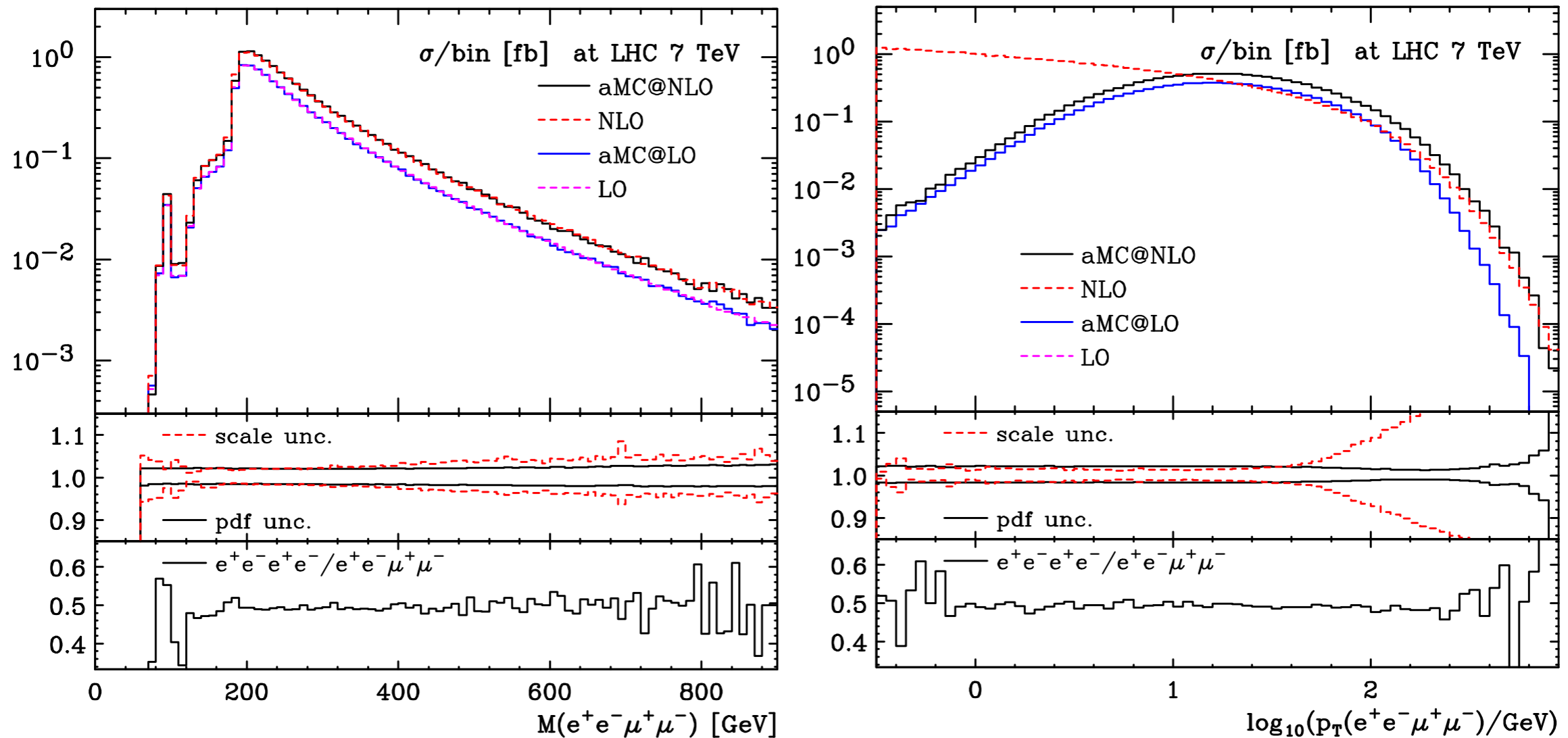
$$\frac{d\sigma_{\text{NLOwPS}}}{dO} = \left[d\Phi_m (B + \int_{\text{loop}} V + \int d\Phi_1 MC) \right] I_{\text{MC}}^{(m)}(O) \\ + \left[d\Phi_{m+1} (R - MC) \right] I_{\text{MC}}^{(m+1)}(O)$$

- Double counting is explicitly removed by including the “shower subtraction terms”

MC@NLO properties

- Good features of including the subtraction counter terms
 1. **Double counting avoided:** The rate expanded at NLO coincides with the total NLO cross section
 2. **Smooth matching:** MC@NLO coincides (in shape) with the parton shower in the soft/collinear region, while it agrees with the NLO in the hard region
 3. **Stability:** weights associated to different multiplicities are separately finite. The **MC** term has the same infrared behavior as the real emission (there is a subtlety for the soft divergence)
- Not so nice feature (for the developer):
 1. **Parton shower dependence:** the form of the **MC** terms depends on what the parton shower does exactly. Need special subtraction terms for each parton shower to which we want to match

Four-lepton production



- 4-lepton invariant mass is almost insensitive to parton shower effects.
- 4-lepton transverse momenta is extremely sensitive

[Frederix, Frixione, Hirschi, Maltoni, Pittau & Torrielli (2011)]

results

- Errors are the MC integration uncertainty only
- Cuts on jets, γ^*/Z decay products and photons, but **no cuts on b quarks** (their mass regulates the IR singularities)
- Efficient handling of **exceptional phase-space points**: their uncertainty always at least two orders of magnitude smaller than the integration uncertainty
- Running time: **two weeks on ~150 node cluster** leading to rather small integration uncertainties

Process	μ	n_{lf}	Cross section (pb)	
			LO	NLO
a.1 $pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}$	m_{top}	5	123.76 ± 0.05	162.08 ± 0.12
a.2 $pp \rightarrow tj$	m_{top}	5	34.78 ± 0.03	41.03 ± 0.07
a.3 $pp \rightarrow tjj$	m_{top}	5	11.851 ± 0.006	13.71 ± 0.02
a.4 $pp \rightarrow t\bar{b}j$	$m_{top}/4$	4	25.62 ± 0.01	30.96 ± 0.06
a.5 $pp \rightarrow t\bar{b}jj$	$m_{top}/4$	4	8.195 ± 0.002	8.91 ± 0.01
b.1 $pp \rightarrow (W^+ \rightarrow)e^+\nu_e$	m_W	5	5072.5 ± 2.9	6146.2 ± 9.8
b.2 $pp \rightarrow (W^+ \rightarrow)e^+\nu_e j$	m_W	5	828.4 ± 0.8	1065.3 ± 1.8
b.3 $pp \rightarrow (W^+ \rightarrow)e^+\nu_e jj$	m_W	5	298.8 ± 0.4	300.3 ± 0.6
b.4 $pp \rightarrow (\gamma^*/Z \rightarrow)e^+e^-$	m_Z	5	1007.0 ± 0.1	1170.0 ± 2.4
b.5 $pp \rightarrow (\gamma^*/Z \rightarrow)e^+e^- j$	m_Z	5	156.11 ± 0.03	203.0 ± 0.2
b.6 $pp \rightarrow (\gamma^*/Z \rightarrow)e^+e^- jj$	m_Z	5	54.24 ± 0.02	56.69 ± 0.07
c.1 $pp \rightarrow (W^+ \rightarrow)e^+\nu_e b\bar{b}$	$m_W + 2m_b$	4	11.557 ± 0.005	22.95 ± 0.07
c.2 $pp \rightarrow (W^+ \rightarrow)e^+\nu_e t\bar{t}$	$m_W + 2m_{top}$	5	0.009415 ± 0.000003	0.01159 ± 0.00001
c.3 $pp \rightarrow (\gamma^*/Z \rightarrow)e^+e^- b\bar{b}$	$m_Z + 2m_b$	4	9.459 ± 0.004	15.31 ± 0.03
c.4 $pp \rightarrow (\gamma^*/Z \rightarrow)e^+e^- t\bar{t}$	$m_Z + 2m_{top}$	5	0.0035131 ± 0.0000004	0.004876 ± 0.000002
c.5 $pp \rightarrow \gamma t\bar{t}$	$2m_{top}$	5	0.2906 ± 0.0001	0.4169 ± 0.0003
d.1 $pp \rightarrow W^+W^-$	$2m_W$	4	29.976 ± 0.004	43.92 ± 0.03
d.2 $pp \rightarrow W^+W^- j$	$2m_W$	4	11.613 ± 0.002	15.174 ± 0.008
d.3 $pp \rightarrow W^+W^+ jj$	$2m_W$	4	0.07048 ± 0.00004	0.1377 ± 0.0005
e.1 $pp \rightarrow HW^+$	$m_W + m_H$	5	0.3428 ± 0.0003	0.4455 ± 0.0003
e.2 $pp \rightarrow HW^+ j$	$m_W + m_H$	5	0.1223 ± 0.0001	0.1501 ± 0.0002
e.3 $pp \rightarrow HZ$	$m_Z + m_H$	5	0.2781 ± 0.0001	0.3659 ± 0.0002
e.4 $pp \rightarrow HZ j$	$m_Z + m_H$	5	0.0988 ± 0.0001	0.1237 ± 0.0001
e.5 $pp \rightarrow Ht\bar{t}$	$m_{top} + m_H$	5	0.08896 ± 0.00001	0.09869 ± 0.00003
e.6 $pp \rightarrow Hb\bar{b}$	$m_b + m_H$	4	0.16510 ± 0.00009	0.2099 ± 0.0006
e.7 $pp \rightarrow Hjj$	m_H	5	1.104 ± 0.002	1.036 ± 0.002

DEMO

Is it really automatic?

DEMO

- 1) Download the code

The MadGraph Matrix Element Generator version 5

Registered 2009-09-15 by [Michel Herquet](#)

The version 5 of the MadGraph Matrix Element Generator for the simulation of parton-level events for decay and collision processes at high energy colliders. Allows matrix element generation and event generation for any model that can be written as a Lagrangian, using the output of the FeynRules Feynman rule calculator. Provides output in multiple formats and languages, including Fortran MadEvent, Fortran Standalone matrix elements, C++ matrix elements, and Pythia 8 process libraries.

Note that process generation can also be done directly online at <http://madgraph.phys.ucl.ac.be> or <http://madgraph.hep.uiuc.edu>.
If you use MadGraph 5, please cite JHEP 1106(2011)128, arXiv:1106.0522 [hep-ph].

Installation:
MadGraph 5 needs Python version 2.6 or 2.7. The latest stable release is in the trunk, which can be branched using the Bazaar versioning system:
`bzr branch lp:madgraph5`
or be downloaded as a tar.gz package to the right. This release contains everything needed for process generation in multiple models, as well as event generation through MadEvent, and standalone matrix element evaluation for Fortran or C++ output.
In order to use the process library output for Pythia 8, you need Pythia 8.150 or later installed.

Getting started:
Run `bin/mg5` and type "help" to learn how to run MadGraph 5 using the command interface, or run the interactive quick-start tutorial by typing "tutorial".
Or copy the Template, edit the `Cards/proc_card_mg5.dat` and run `bin/newprocess_mg5`.

Examples of process generation syntax:
`pp > w+jj`
`pp > tt-, t > bjj, t- > b-l-vl-`
`e+e- > z > n2 n2, (n2 > x1+w-, x1 > l+v-l-vl-), n2 > jj n1`

To output model files for MadGraph 5 with FeynRules, use version 1.6 or later, and use the WriteUFO command.

[Change branding](#)
[Home page](#) [Wiki](#)

Downloads
Latest version is 1.5.0
[MadGraph5_v1.5.9.tar.gz](#)
[MadGraph5_v...eta3.tar.gz](#)
Released on 2012-09-29
[All downloads](#)

Announcements

- You can enter **ANY** process!
 - ➔ add [QCD] for NLO functionalities
 - ✦ generate $p p \rightarrow t \bar{t}$ [QCD]
 - ✦ generate $p p \rightarrow e^+ e^- \mu^+ \mu^-$ [QCD]
 - ✦ generate $p p \rightarrow w^+ j j$ [QCD]

```

MG5>generate p p > t t~ [QCD]
Switching from interface MG5 to aMC@NLO
The default sm model does not allow to generate loop processes. MG5 now loads 'loop_sm' instead.
import model loop_sm
INFO: load particles
INFO: load vertices
INFO: Restrict model loop_sm with file models/loop_sm/restrict_default.dat .
INFO: Run "set stdout_level DEBUG" before import for more information.
INFO: Change particles name to pass to MG5 convention
Kept definitions of multiparticles l- / j / vl / l+ / p / vl~ unchanged
Defined multiparticle all = g gh gh~ d u s c d~ u~ s~ c~ a ve vm vt e- mu- ve~ vm~ vt~ e+ mu+ b t b~ t~ z w+ h w- ta- ta+
INFO: Generating FKS-subtracted matrix elements for born process: g g > t t~ [ QCD ]
INFO: Generating FKS-subtracted matrix elements for born process: u u~ > t t~ [ QCD ]
INFO: Generating FKS-subtracted matrix elements for born process: c c~ > t t~ [ QCD ]
INFO: Generating FKS-subtracted matrix elements for born process: d d~ > t t~ [ QCD ]
INFO: Generating FKS-subtracted matrix elements for born process: s s~ > t t~ [ QCD ]
INFO: Generating FKS-subtracted matrix elements for born process: u~ u > t t~ [ QCD ]
INFO: Generating FKS-subtracted matrix elements for born process: c~ c > t t~ [ QCD ]
INFO: Generating FKS-subtracted matrix elements for born process: d~ d > t t~ [ QCD ]
INFO: Generating FKS-subtracted matrix elements for born process: s~ s > t t~ [ QCD ]
INFO: Generating virtual matrix elements using MadLoop:
INFO: Generating virtual matrix element with MadLoop for process: g g > t t~ [ QCD ]
INFO: Generating virtual matrix element with MadLoop for process: u u~ > t t~ [ QCD ]
INFO: Generating virtual matrix element with MadLoop for process: c c~ > t t~ [ QCD ]
INFO: Generating virtual matrix element with MadLoop for process: d d~ > t t~ [ QCD ]
INFO: Generating virtual matrix element with MadLoop for process: s s~ > t t~ [ QCD ]
INFO: Generating virtual matrix element with MadLoop for process: u~ u > t t~ [ QCD ]
INFO: Generating virtual matrix element with MadLoop for process: c~ c > t t~ [ QCD ]
INFO: Generating virtual matrix element with MadLoop for process: d~ d > t t~ [ QCD ]
INFO: Generating virtual matrix element with MadLoop for process: s~ s > t t~ [ QCD ]
INFO: Generated 9 subprocesses with 136 real emission diagrams, 11 born diagrams and 157 virtual diagrams
aMC@NLO>

```

- Create your aMC@NLO code
 - ➔ output PATH
- Run it:
 - ➔ launch [PATH]

- Create your aMC@NLO code
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- Run it:
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```
aMC@NLO>launch
INFO: *****
*
*      W E L C O M E  t o  M A D G R A P H  5
*            a  M  C  @  N  L  O
*
*      *           *           *
*    *      * *      *
*  * * * * 5 * * * *
*    *      * *      *
*      *           *           *
*
*   VERSION 2.0.0.beta3          2013-02-14
*
*   The MadGraph Development Team - Please visit us at
*   http://amcatnlo.cern.ch
*
*      Type 'help' for in-line help.
*
*****
INFO: load configuration from /Users/omatt/.mg5/mg5_configuration.txt
INFO: load configuration from /Users/omatt/MadGraph5_v2_0_0_beta3/PROCNLO_loop_sm_0/Cards/amcatnlo_configuration.txt
INFO: load configuration from /Users/omatt/MadGraph5_v2_0_0_beta3/input/mg5_configuration.txt
INFO: load configuration from /Users/omatt/MadGraph5_v2_0_0_beta3/PROCNLO_loop_sm_0/Cards/amcatnlo_configuration.txt
set group_subprocesses Auto
set ignore_six_quark_processes False
set loop_optimized_output True
set gauge unitary
set complex_mass_scheme False
launch auto
Which programs do you want to run?
  0 / auto       : NLO event generation and -if cards exist- shower and madspin.
  1 / NLO        : Fixed order NLO calculation (no event generation).
  2 / aMC@NLO    : NLO event generation (include running the shower).
  3 / noshower   : NLO event generation (without running the shower).
  4 / LO         : Fixed order LO calculation (no event generation).
  5 / aMC@LO     : LO event generation (include running the shower).
  6 / noshowerLO : LO event generation (without running the shower).
+10 / +madspin  : Add decays with MadSpin (before the shower).
[0, auto, 1, NLO, 2, aMC@NLO, 12, aMC@NLO+madspin, 3, ... ][60s to answer]
>
```

- Create your aMC@NLO code
 - ➔ output PATH
- Run it:
 - ➔ launch [PATH]

First Question:

Which programs do you want to run?

```
0 / auto      : NLO event generation and -if cards exist- shower and madspin.
1 / NLO       : Fixed order NLO calculation (no event generation).
2 / aMC@NLO   : NLO event generation (include running the shower).
3 / noshower  : NLO event generation (without running the shower).
4 / LO        : Fixed order LO calculation (no event generation).
5 / aMC@LO    : LO event generation (include running the shower).
6 / noshowerLO : LO event generation (without running the shower).
+10 / +madspin : Add decays with MadSpin (before the shower).
[0, auto, 1, NLO, 2, aMC@NLO, 12, aMC@NLO+madspin, 3, ... ][60s to answer]
>
```


- Create your aMC@NLO code
 - ➔ output PATH
- Run it:
 - ➔ launch [PATH]

Second Question:

Do you want to edit one cards (press enter to bypass editing)?

```
1 / param      : param_card.dat
2 / run        : run_card.dat
3 / shower     : shower_card.dat
```

you can also

- enter the path to a valid card or banner.
- use the 'set' command to modify a parameter directly.
The set option works only for param_card and run_card.
Type 'help set' for more information on this command.

```
[0, done, 1, param, 2, run, 3, shower, enter path][60s to answer]
```

```
>
```

- The code runs:

```
INFO: For gauge cancellation, the width of 't' has been set to zero.
```

''

- The code runs:

```
INFO: For gauge cancellation, the width of 't' has been set to zero.  
INFO: Using built-in libraries for PDFs  
INFO: Compiling source...  
INFO:      ...done, continuing with P* directories  
INFO: Compiling directories...  
INFO: Compiling on 8 cores  
INFO:   Compiling P0_gg_ttx...  
INFO:   Compiling P0_uux_ttx...  
INFO:   Compiling P0_uxu_ttx...  
INFO:     P0_uux_ttx done.  
INFO:     P0_uxu_ttx done.  
INFO:     P0_gg_ttx done.
```

Compilation

- The code runs:

```
INFO: For gauge cancellation, the width of 't' has been set to zero.
```

```
INFO: Using built-in libraries for PDFs
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```
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```

```
INFO: Compiling P0_uux_ttx...
```

```
INFO: Compiling P0_uxu_ttx...
```

```
INFO:   P0_uux_ttx done.
```

```
INFO:   P0_uxu_ttx done.
```

```
INFO:   P0_gg_ttx done.
```

```
INFO: Checking test output:
```

```
INFO: P0_gg_ttx
```

```
INFO: Result for test_ME:
```

```
INFO:   Passed.
```

```
INFO: Result for test_MC:
```

```
INFO:   Passed.
```

```
INFO: Result for check_poles:
```

```
INFO:   Poles successfully cancel for 20 points over 20 (tolerance=1.0e-05)
```

```
INFO: P0_uux_ttx
```

```
INFO: Result for test_ME:
```

```
INFO:   Passed.
```

```
INFO: Result for test_MC:
```

```
INFO:   Passed.
```

```
INFO: Result for check_poles:
```

```
INFO:   Poles successfully cancel for 20 points over 20 (tolerance=1.0e-05)
```

```
INFO: P0_uxu_ttx
```

```
INFO: Result for test_ME:
```

```
INFO:   Passed.
```

```
INFO: Result for test_MC:
```

```
INFO:   Passed.
```

```
INFO: Result for check_poles:
```

```
INFO:   Poles successfully cancel for 20 points over 20 (tolerance=1.0e-05)
```

Compilation

Check Poles cancelation

```

INFO: Starting run
INFO: Using 8 cores
INFO: Cleaning previous results
INFO: Doing NLO matched to parton shower
INFO: Setting up grid
INFO: Idle: 2, Running: 8, Completed: 0 [ current time: 22h58 ]
INFO: Idle: 1, Running: 8, Completed: 1 [ 7.1s ]
INFO: Idle: 0, Running: 8, Completed: 2 [ 7.2s ]
INFO: Idle: 0, Running: 7, Completed: 3 [ 13.6s ]
INFO: Idle: 0, Running: 6, Completed: 4 [ 21s ]
INFO: Idle: 0, Running: 5, Completed: 5 [ 21s ]
INFO: Idle: 0, Running: 4, Completed: 6 [ 1m 5s ]
INFO: Idle: 0, Running: 3, Completed: 7 [ 1m 5s ]
INFO: Idle: 0, Running: 2, Completed: 8 [ 6m 38s ]
INFO: Idle: 0, Running: 1, Completed: 9 [ 6m 43s ]
INFO: Idle: 0, Running: 0, Completed: 10 [ 6m 52s ]
INFO: Determining the number of unweighted events per channel

```

Intermediate results:

Random seed: 33

Total cross-section: 1.775e+02 +- 2.1e+00 pb

Total abs(cross-section): 2.633e+02 +- 1.6e+00 pb

```

INFO: Computing upper envelope

```

```

INFO: Idle: 2, Running: 8, Completed: 0 [ current time: 23h05 ]
INFO: Idle: 1, Running: 8, Completed: 1 [ 8.7s ]
INFO: Idle: 0, Running: 8, Completed: 2 [ 8.9s ]
INFO: Idle: 0, Running: 7, Completed: 3 [ 16.3s ]
INFO: Idle: 0, Running: 6, Completed: 4 [ 25.7s ]
INFO: Idle: 0, Running: 5, Completed: 5 [ 25.7s ]
INFO: Idle: 0, Running: 4, Completed: 6 [ 1m 16s ]
INFO: Idle: 0, Running: 3, Completed: 7 [ 1m 18s ]
INFO: Idle: 0, Running: 2, Completed: 8 [ 6m 38s ]
INFO: Idle: 0, Running: 1, Completed: 9 [ 6m 46s ]
INFO: Idle: 0, Running: 0, Completed: 10 [ 7m 4s ]
INFO: Updating the number of unweighted events per channel

```

Intermediate results:

Random seed: 33

Total cross-section: 1.770e+02 +- 1.7e+00 pb

Total abs(cross-section): 2.630e+02 +- 1.2e+00 pb

```

INFO: Generating events

```

```

INFO: Idle: 2, Running: 8, Completed: 0 [ current time: 23h12 ]
INFO: Idle: 1, Running: 8, Completed: 1 [ 0.52s ]
INFO: Idle: 0, Running: 8, Completed: 2 [ 0.71s ]
INFO: Idle: 0, Running: 7, Completed: 3 [ 1.7s ]
INFO: Idle: 0, Running: 6, Completed: 4 [ 1.8s ]
INFO: Idle: 0, Running: 5, Completed: 5 [ 3.9s ]
INFO: Idle: 0, Running: 4, Completed: 6 [ 14.5s ]
INFO: Idle: 0, Running: 3, Completed: 7 [ 19.7s ]
INFO: Idle: 0, Running: 2, Completed: 8 [ 21.4s ]
INFO: Idle: 0, Running: 1, Completed: 9 [ 31.7s ]
INFO: Idle: 0, Running: 0, Completed: 10 [ 36.4s ]
INFO: Doing reweight

```

Integration

Events Generation

```

INFO: Doing reweight
INFO: Idle: 0, Running: 4, Completed: 6 [ current time: 23h13 ]
INFO: Idle: 0, Running: 3, Completed: 7 [ 0.51s ]
INFO: Idle: 0, Running: 2, Completed: 8 [ 0.53s ]
INFO: Idle: 0, Running: 1, Completed: 9 [ 1.6s ]
INFO: Idle: 0, Running: 0, Completed: 10 [ 1.8s ]
INFO: Collecting events
INFO:

```

```

Summary:
Process p p > t t~ [QCD]
Run at p-p collider (4000 + 4000 GeV)
Total cross-section: 1.770e+02 +- 1.7e+00 pb
Ren. and fac. scale uncertainty: +13.5% -13.0%
Number of events generated: 10000
Parton shower to be used: HERWIG6
Fraction of negative weights: 0.16
Total running time : 15m 42s

```

```

INFO: The /Users/omatt/MadGraph5_v2_0_0_beta3/PROCNLO_loop_sm_0/Events/run_01/events.lhe.gz file has been generated.

```

```

decay_events -from_cards
INFO: Preparing MCatNLO run
INFO: Compiling MCatNLO for HERWIG6...
INFO: ... done
INFO: Running MCatNLO in /Users/omatt/MadGraph5_v2_0_0_beta3/PROCNLO_loop_sm_0/MCatNLO/RUN_HERWIG6_1 (this may take some time)...
gzip: /Users/omatt/MadGraph5_v2_0_0_beta3/PROCNLO_loop_sm_0/Events/run_01/events_HERWIG6_0.hep has 1 other link -- unchanged
INFO: The file /Users/omatt/MadGraph5 v2 0 0 beta3/PROCNLO loop sm 0/Events/run 01/events_HERWIG6_0.hep.gz has been generated.

```

Unweight Events

Main Results

The Shower

DEMO

Is it really automatic?

DEMO

Is it really automatic?

As much as LO!

MadSpin

Decay with Full Spin correlation

[P.Artoisenet, R. Frederix, OM, R. RietKerk (2012)]

MadSpin

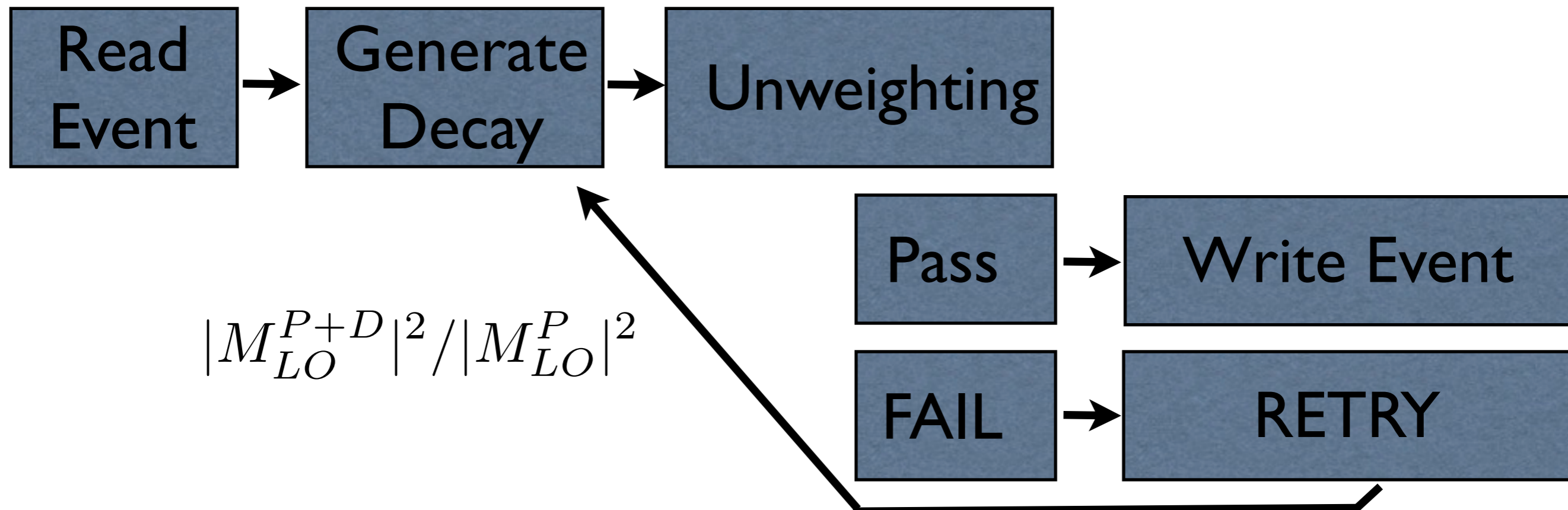
- WISH-LIST:
 - ➔ For a sample of events include the decay of unstable final states particles.
 - ➔ Keep full spin correlations and finite width effect
 - ➔ Keep unweighted events

MadSpin

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 - ➔ For a sample of events include the decay of unstable final states particles.
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- Solution:

[Frixione, Leenen, Motylinski, Webber (2007)]



MadSpin

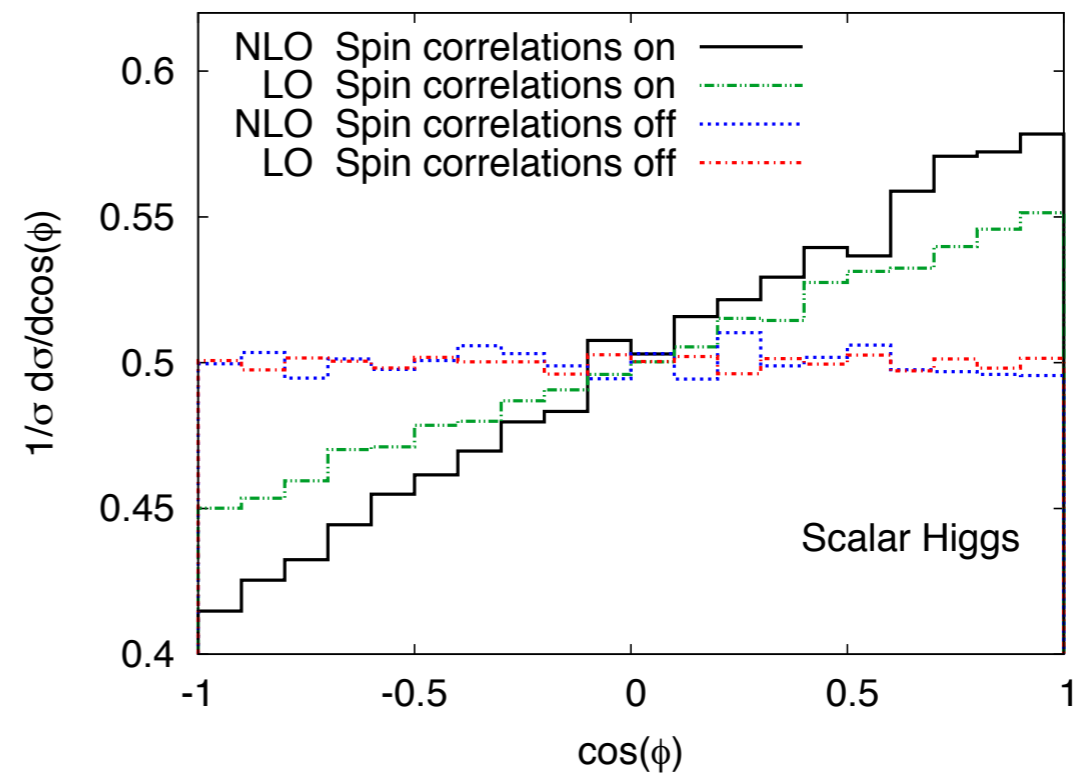
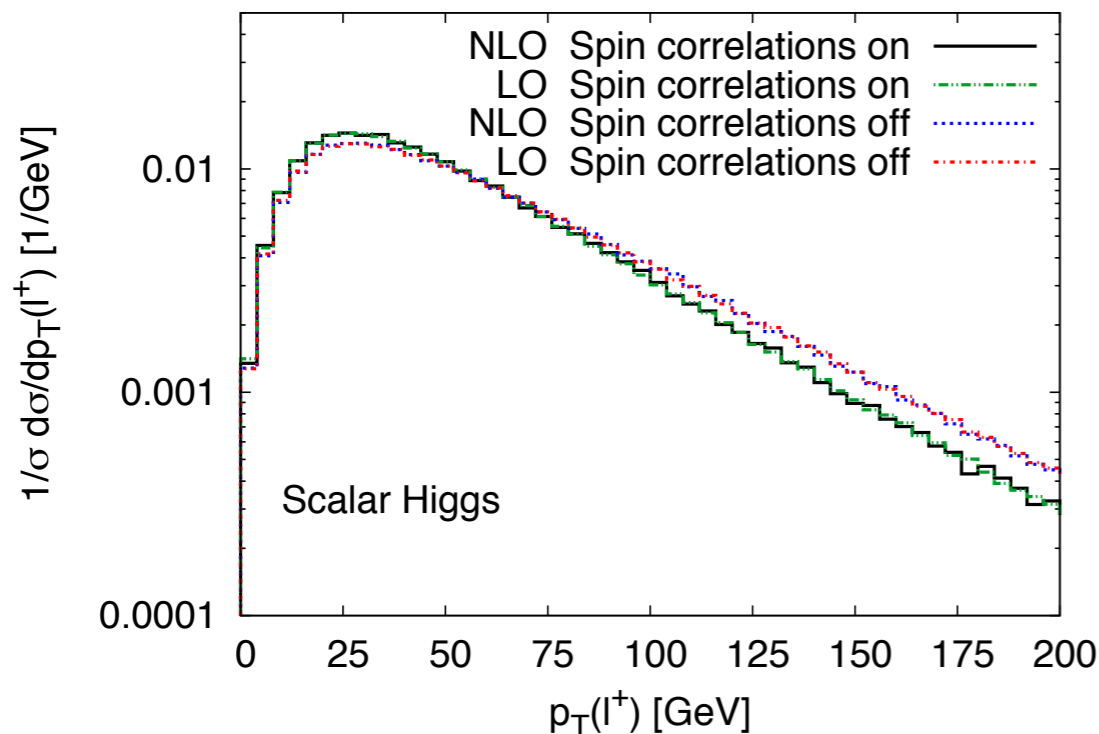
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 - ➔ Fully integrated in MG5 [LO and NLO]
 - ➔ Can be run in StandAlone

MadSpin

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MadSpin

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- We plan to speed it up (target: 1s/1000evt).
- Example $t \bar{t} h$:



Work in Progress in aMC@NLO

What to expect in the future

Perspectives

Perspectives

- FeynRules@NLO:

Perspectives

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Perspectives

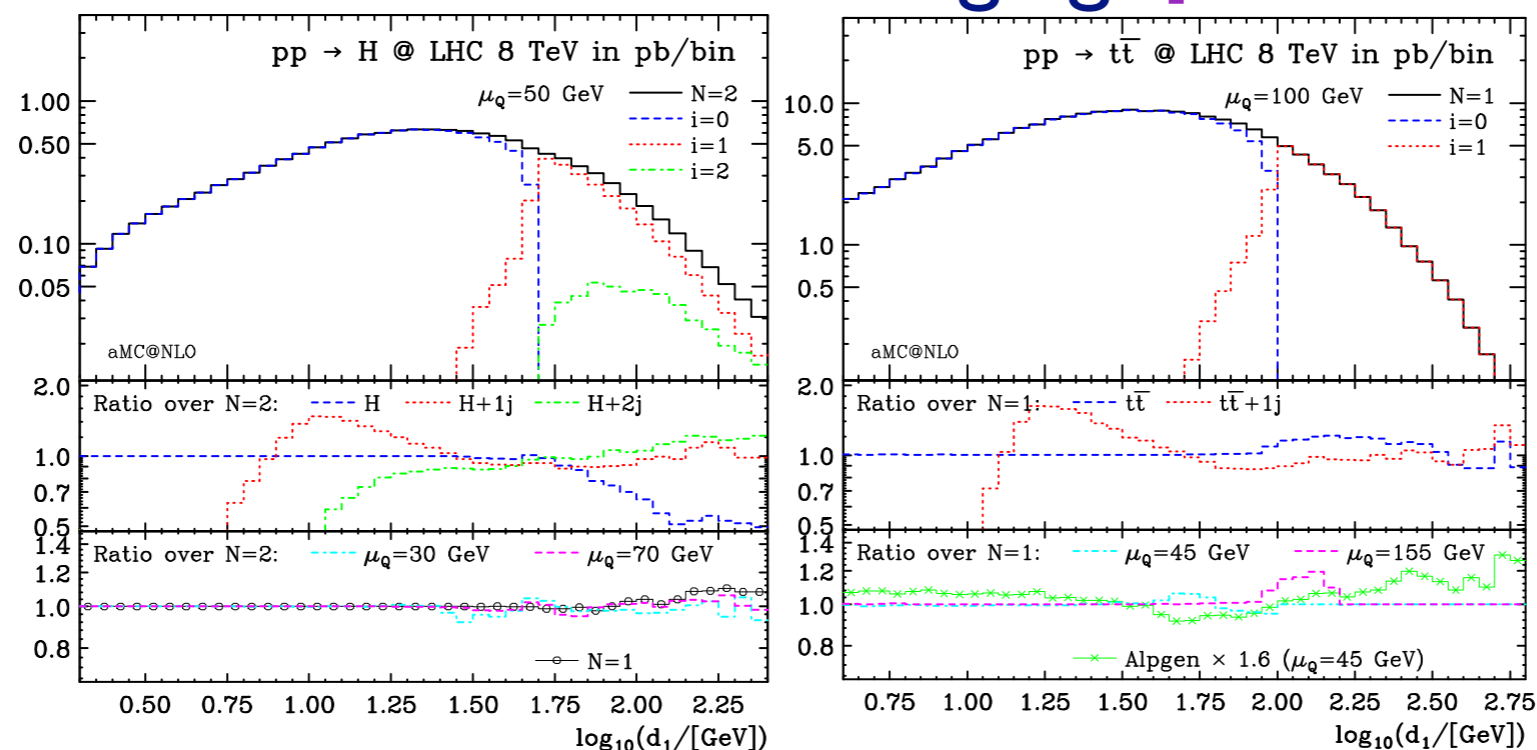
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$0 \rightarrow 1$ rates in H^0 and $t\bar{t}$ production

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- Automation of loop-induced processes
- Interface to Pythia8
- Complex mass scheme

Conclusion

- aMC@NLO is
 - ➔ public
 - ➔ automatic
 - ➔ flexible
- MadSpin
 - ➔ decay with full spin correlations
 - ➔ keep finite width effect
- This is only the beginning of this Tool!

Process	μ	n_{lf}	Cross section (pb)	
			LO	NLO
a.1 $pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}$	m_{top}	5	123.76 ± 0.05	162.08 ± 0.12
a.2 $pp \rightarrow tj$	m_{top}	5	34.78 ± 0.03	41.03 ± 0.07
a.3 $pp \rightarrow tjj$	m_{top}	5	11.851 ± 0.006	13.71 ± 0.02
a.4 $pp \rightarrow t\bar{b}j$	$m_{top}/4$	4	25.62 ± 0.01	30.96 ± 0.06
a.5 $pp \rightarrow t\bar{b}jj$	$m_{top}/4$	4	8.195 ± 0.002	8.91 ± 0.01
b.1 $pp \rightarrow (W^+ \rightarrow)e^+\nu_e$	m_W	5	5072.5 ± 2.9	6146.2 ± 9.8
b.2 $pp \rightarrow (W^+ \rightarrow)e^+\nu_e j$	m_W	5	828.4 ± 0.8	1065.3 ± 1.8
b.3 $pp \rightarrow (W^+ \rightarrow)e^+\nu_e jj$	m_W	5	298.8 ± 0.4	300.3 ± 0.6
b.4 $pp \rightarrow (\gamma^*/Z \rightarrow)e^+e^-$	m_Z	5	1007.0 ± 0.1	1170.0 ± 2.4
b.5 $pp \rightarrow (\gamma^*/Z \rightarrow)e^+e^- j$	m_Z	5	156.11 ± 0.03	203.0 ± 0.2
b.6 $pp \rightarrow (\gamma^*/Z \rightarrow)e^+e^- jj$	m_Z	5	54.24 ± 0.02	56.69 ± 0.07
c.1 $pp \rightarrow (W^+ \rightarrow)e^+\nu_e b\bar{b}$	$m_W + 2m_b$	4	11.557 ± 0.005	22.95 ± 0.07
c.2 $pp \rightarrow (W^+ \rightarrow)e^+\nu_e t\bar{t}$	$m_W + 2m_{top}$	5	0.009415 ± 0.000003	0.01159 ± 0.00001
c.3 $pp \rightarrow (\gamma^*/Z \rightarrow)e^+e^- b\bar{b}$	$m_Z + 2m_b$	4	9.459 ± 0.004	15.31 ± 0.03
c.4 $pp \rightarrow (\gamma^*/Z \rightarrow)e^+e^- t\bar{t}$	$m_Z + 2m_{top}$	5	0.0035131 ± 0.0000004	0.004876 ± 0.000002
c.5 $pp \rightarrow \gamma t\bar{t}$	$2m_{top}$	5	0.2906 ± 0.0001	0.4169 ± 0.0003
d.1 $pp \rightarrow W^+W^-$	$2m_W$	4	29.976 ± 0.004	43.92 ± 0.03
d.2 $pp \rightarrow W^+W^- j$	$2m_W$	4	11.613 ± 0.002	15.174 ± 0.008
d.3 $pp \rightarrow W^+W^+ jj$	$2m_W$	4	0.07048 ± 0.00004	0.1377 ± 0.0005
e.1 $pp \rightarrow HW^+$	$m_W + m_H$	5	0.3428 ± 0.0003	0.4455 ± 0.0003
e.2 $pp \rightarrow HW^+ j$	$m_W + m_H$	5	0.1223 ± 0.0001	0.1501 ± 0.0002
e.3 $pp \rightarrow HZ$	$m_Z + m_H$	5	0.2781 ± 0.0001	0.3659 ± 0.0002
e.4 $pp \rightarrow HZ j$	$m_Z + m_H$	5	0.0988 ± 0.0001	0.1237 ± 0.0001
e.5 $pp \rightarrow Ht\bar{t}$	$m_{top} + m_H$	5	0.08896 ± 0.00001	0.09869 ± 0.00003
e.6 $pp \rightarrow Hb\bar{b}$	$m_b + m_H$	4	0.16510 ± 0.00009	0.2099 ± 0.0006
e.7 $pp \rightarrow Hjj$	m_H	5	1.104 ± 0.002	1.036 ± 0.002