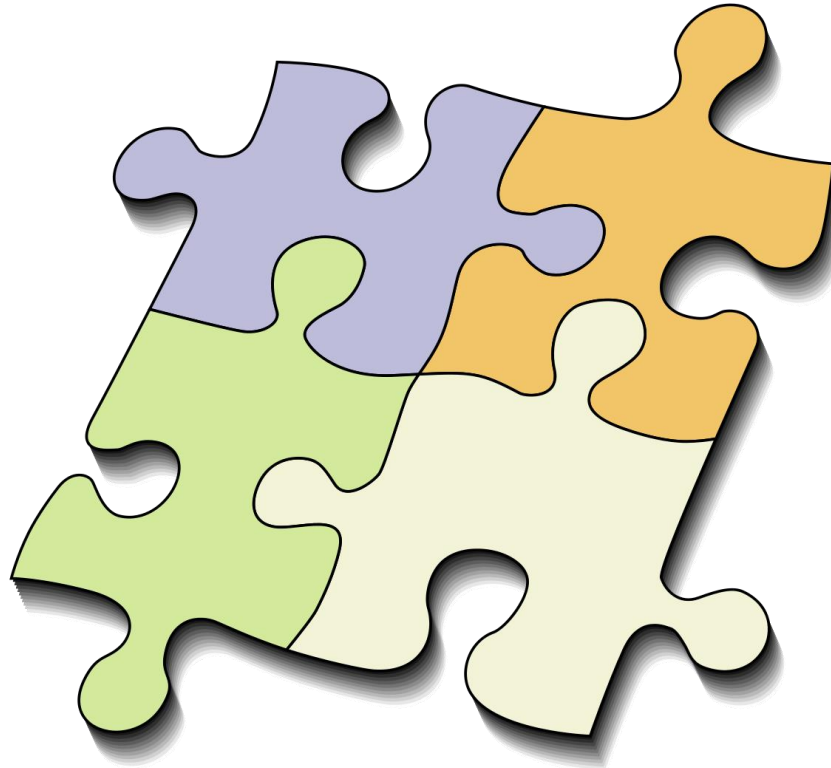


Tutorial category: Expert mode

Implementing signal regions

Implementing signal regions



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Goals of this tutorial

- Defining several signal regions
- Associating a plot or a cut to one or several signal regions
- Extracting the analysis results for each signal region

Requirements

- MadAnalysis 5 is installed on your system and has been launched successfully at least one time. The collection of example samples is installed too.
- A first experience with the expert mode (see the tutorial “First steps in the expert mode”).
- Basic skills in C++ programming.
- Implementing plots or cut in the analysis.
- Analyzing the results of the analysis in the SAF files.

Part 1

Defining and using signal regions

Concept of signal regions

- In order to increase the sensibility of an analysis, it is convenient to split the selected events into different categories called “signal regions”.
- The FOM (Figure Of Merit) such as S/B or $S/\sqrt{S+B}$ is calculated for each signal region and we determine the region which is the most sensible to new physics.

Declaring signal regions

- For declaring a signal region, you need to edit the source file `MyAnalysis.cpp` and to change the content of the function `Initialize()`.

```

MABool MyAnalysis::Initialize(const MA5::Configuration& cfg,
const std::map<std::string, std::string>& parameters)
{
    .....
}
    
```

- The signal region is defined with the help of `AddRegionSelection`. This is an example of definition of 2 signal regions called “ee” and “mumu”. It can be the case of a Drell-Yan signal ($pp > l^+l^-$) for which the final state are split according to the flavor of the final leptons.

```

Manager()->AddRegionSelection("ee");
Manager()->AddRegionSelection("mumu");
    
```

Declaring signal regions

- It is important to notice that a signal region must always define before defining a cut or an histogram. That's why it is asked in the previous tutorial to add the following line.

```
Manager()->AddRegionSelection("myregion");
```

Associating a signal region to a cut

- If you would like to assign the signal region “mumu” to a cut called “PT_lepton”, you need to put the signal region name as an argument of the AddCut function.

```
Manager()->AddCut("PT_lepton", "mumu");
```

- It is possible to add several signal regions to a cut. In the following example, we assign two signal regions “mumu” and “ee” to a cut called “PT_lepton”.

```
std::string SRs[] = {"mumu", "ee"};  
Manager()->AddCut("PT_lepton", SRs);
```

- If a cut is common to all signal regions, no signal region must be specified as argument of the AddCut function.

```
Manager()->AddCut("PT_lepton");
```


Associating a signal region to an histogram

- Like for the cut, the association between a signal region and an histogram can be performed at the declaration at the histogram via the function `AddHisto`. In the following example, we add the “mumu” and “ee” signal regions to the plot called “MET”.

```
std::string SRs[] = {"mumu", "ee"};  
Manager()->AddHisto("MET", 100, 0., 1000., SRs);
```

How to define a signal region?

- The splitting of the events into signal regions is usually done by a specific selection cut in the Execute function of the MyAnalysis.cpp
- In the following example, the events are sorted according to “ee” and “mumu” signal regions by two cuts.
 - **In the Initialize function**

```
Manager()->AddRegionSelection("ee");  
Manager()->AddRegionSelection("mumu");  
Manager()->AddCut("only 2e", "ee");  
Manager()->AddCut("only 2mu", "mumu");
```

- **In the Execute function**

```
MABool 2e = myEvent.rec()->electrons.size()==2 && myEvent.rec()->muons.size()==0;  
MABool 2mu = myEvent.rec()->electrons.size()==0 && myEvent.rec()->muons.size()==2;  
if (!Manager()->ApplyCut(!2e, "2e" )) return true;  
if (!Manager()->ApplyCut(!2mu, "2mu")) return true;
```

Part 2

Getting the results with the SAF files

Implementing signal regions



About this document

- The present document is a part of the tutorial collection of the package MadAnalysis 5 (MA5 in abbreviated form). It has to be conceived to explain in a practical and graphical way the functionalities and the various options available in the last public release of MA5.
- The up-to-date version of this document, also the complete collection of tutorials, can be found on the MadAnalysis 5 website :

<http://madanalysis.irmp.ucl.ac.be/>

- Your feedback interests ourselves (bug reports, questions, comments, suggestions). You can contact the MadAnalysis 5 team by the email address : ma5team@iphc.cnrs.fr

