

A nutshell
ooooooooo

UFO
ooooooo

SUSY
ooooooo

Web-validation
oooo

Future
ooooooooo

Summary
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FEYNRULES.

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Outline

- 1 FEYNRULES in a nutshell.
- 2 The Universal FEYNRULES output.
- 3 Supersymmetry developments.
- 4 Web validation.
- 5 Future development plans.
- 6 Conclusions.

FEYNRULES in a nutshell.

● A framework for LHC analyzes based on FEYNRULES to:

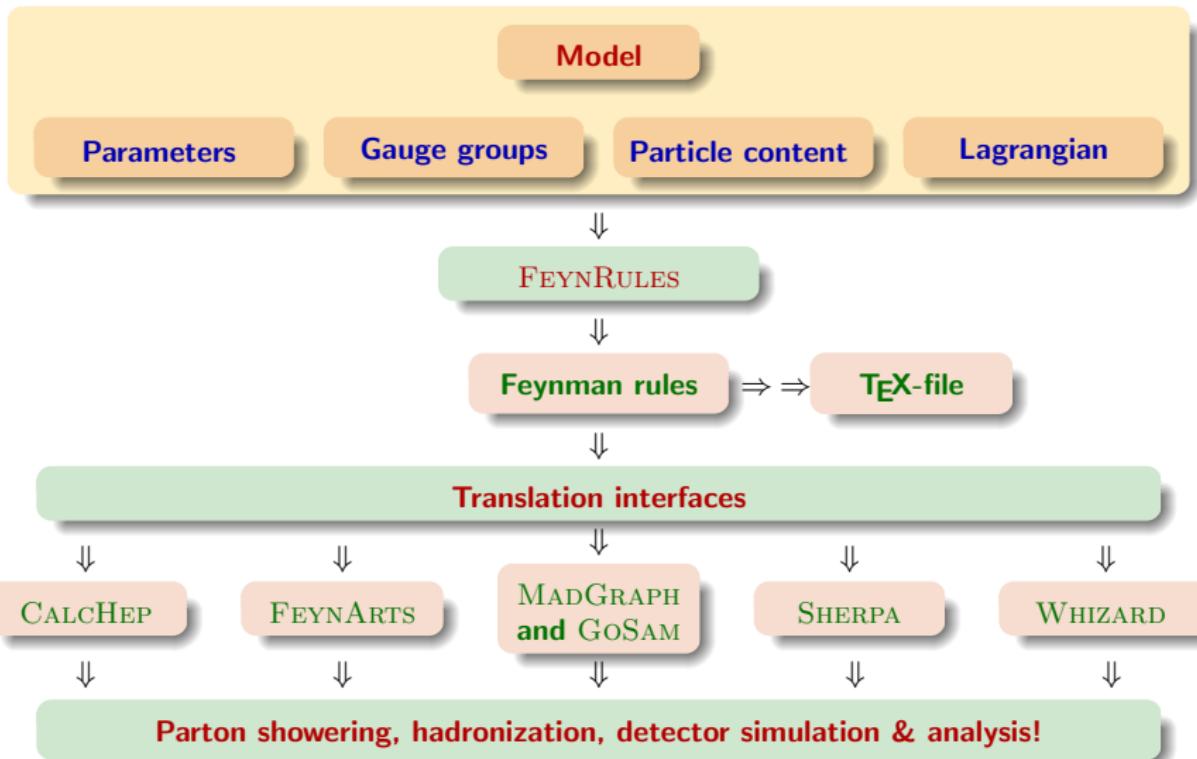
[Christensen, de Aquino, Degrande, Duhr, BenjF, Herquet, Maltoni, Schumann (EPJC '11)]

- * Develop new models.
- * Implement (and validate) new models in Monte Carlo tools.
- * Facilitate phenomenological investigations of the models.
- * Test the models against data.

● Main features

- * FEYNRULES is a MATHEMATICA package.
- * FEYNRULES derives Feynman rules from a Lagrangian.
- * Requirements: locality, Lorentz and gauge invariance.
- * Supported fields: scalar, fermion, vector, tensor, ghost, superfield.
- * Interfaces: export the Feynman rules to Monte Carlo generators.

The FEYNRULES scheme.



Example: QCD - Parameters

Parameters of the model

```
aS == {  
    Description      -> "Strong coupling constant at MZ"  
    TeX             -> Subscript[\[Alpha],s],  
    ParameterType   -> External,  
    BlockName       -> SMINPUTS,  
    OrderBlock      -> 3,  
    InteractionOrder -> {QCD, 2}},  
  
gs == {  
    Description      -> "Strong coupling constant",  
    TeX             -> Subscript[g, s],  
    ComplexParameter -> False,  
    ParameterType   -> Internal,  
    Value            -> Sqrt[4 Pi aS],  
    InteractionOrder -> {QCD, 1},  
    ParameterName   -> "G"}
```

- * All the **information** needed by the MC codes.
- * **TeX-form** (for the **TeX**-file).
- * **Complex/real** parameters.
- * **External/internal** parameters.

Example: QCD - Gauge group and gauge boson

The $SU(3)_C$ gauge group

```
SU3C == {  
    Abelian          -> False,  
    GaugeBoson       -> G,  
    StructureConstant -> f,  
    DTerm            -> dSUN,  
    Representations   -> {T, Colour},  
    CouplingConstant  -> gs}
```

Gluon field definition

```
V[1] == {  
    ClassName        -> G,  
    SelfConjugate     -> True,  
    Indices           -> Index[Gluon],  
    Mass              -> 0,  
    Width             -> 0,  
    ParticleName      -> "g",  
    PDG               -> 21,  
    PropagatorLabel   -> "G",  
    PropagatorType    -> C,  
    PropagatorArrow    -> None}
```

- * **Gauge boson** definition.
- * **Gauge group** definition.
- * Association of a **coupling constant**.
- * Definition of the **structure functions**.
- * Definition of the **representations**.

Example: QCD - Quark fields.

The quark fields

```
F[1] == {  
    ClassName      -> q,  
    ClassMembers   -> {d, u, s, c, b, t},  
    FlavorIndex    -> Flavour,  
    SelfConjugate  -> False,  
    Indices        -> {Index[Flavour],Index[Colour]},  
    Mass           -> {MQ, MD, MU, MS, MC, MB, MT},  
    Width          -> {WQ, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, WT},  
    ParticleName   -> {"d", "u", "s", "c", "b", "t"},  
    AntiParticleName -> {"d~", "u~", "s~", "c~", "b~", "t~"},  
    PDG            -> {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6},  
    PropagatorLabel -> {"q", "d", "u", "s", "c", "b", "t"},  
    PropagatorType   -> Straight,  
    PropagatorArrow  -> Forward}
```

- * **Classes:** implicit sums in the Lagrangian.
- * **All the information** needed by the MC codes.

Example: QCD - Lagrangian

QCD Lagrangian:

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{QCD}} = -\frac{1}{4} G_{\mu\nu}^a G^{a\mu\nu} + \sum_f \left[\bar{q}_f (i\cancel{\partial} + g_s \cancel{G}^a T^a - m_f) q_f \right].$$

The QCD Lagrangian

```
LQCD = -1/4 * FS[G, mu, nu, a] * FS[G, mu, nu, a] +
I*qbar.Ga[mu].DC[q, mu] -
MQ[f] * qbar[s,f,c].q[s,f,c] ;
```

* **Implicit summations** ⇒ easy debugging.

Example: QCD - Results

Results - let us be ready for (some) phenomenology!

```
FeynmanRules[LQCD, FlavorExpand->False]
```

```
Vertex 1
Particle 1 : Vector , G
Particle 2 : Dirac , q†
Particle 3 : Dirac , q
Vertex:
```

$$i g_s \gamma_{s_2, s_3}^{\mu_1} \delta_{f_2, f_3} T_{m_2, m_3}^a$$

```
WriteUFO[LQCD]
WriteFeynArtsOutput[LQCD]
WriteCHOutput[LQCD]
WriteSHOutput[LQCD]
WriteWOOutput[LQCD]
```

FEYNRULES-1.6 - status.

- Current public version: 1.6.0.

- * To be downloaded on <http://feynrules.irmp.ucl.ac.be/>.
- * Contains the superspace module.
- * Contains the **UFO interface** ⇒ MADGRAPH5, GoSAM.
- * Contains the new **FEYNARTS interface**.
- * Interfaced to WHIZARD. [Christensen, Duhr, BenjF, Reuter, Speckner (EPJC '12)]
- * Supports color sextets.
- * Other interfaces: CALCHEP/COMPHEP, MADGRAPH4, SHERPA.
- * **Manual currently being updated.**

[Christensen, Duhr (CPC '09); Christensen, Degrande, Duhr, BenjF (in prep)].

- Current online model database.

- * <http://feynrules.irmp.ucl.ac.be/wiki/ModelDatabaseMainPage/>.
- * Standard Model and simple extensions (12).
- * Supersymmetric models (4).
- * Extra-dimensional models (4).
- * Strongly coupled and effective field theories (4).

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Latest developments: the Universal FeynRules Output.



● The UFO [Degrande, Duhr, BenjF, Grellscheid, Mattelaer, Reiter CPC '12].

- * UFO \equiv Universal FEYNRULES output (**not tied** to any Monte Carlo tool).
- * FEYNRULES interface: creates a **PYTHON module** to be linked.
- * The module contains **all** the model information (particles, vertices, ...).
- * Allows for **generic** color and Lorentz structures (no assumptions).
- * Used by **MADGRAPH 5**, **MADANALYSIS 5**, **GoSAM** and **(soon by) HERWIG++**.

● ALOHA [de Aquino, Link, Maltoni, Mattelaer, Stelzer (2011)].

- * ALOHA \equiv Automatic Libraries Of Helicity Amplitudes.
- * Exports the UFO; **produces the related HELAS routines** (C++/PYTHON).
 \Rightarrow to be used for **Feynman diagram computations**.
- * Used by **MADGRAPH5** / as a standalone package.

More details about the UFO (1).

● Particles in UFO.

Example of the top quark.

```
t = Particle(pdg_code = 6,
              name = 't',
              antiname = 't~',
              spin = 2,
              color = 3,
              mass = Param.MT,
              width = Param.WT,
              texname = 't',
              antitexname = 't',
              charge = 2/3)
t__tilde__ = t.anti()
```

- * Similar to FEYNRULES.
- * Slightly **different attribute names**.
- * **Masses and widths** are UFO parameters.
- * Special function to define **antiparticles**.

More details about the UFO (2).

● External parameters in UFO.

```
aS = Parameter(name = 'aS',
                 nature = 'external',
                 type = 'real',
                 value = 0.1184,
                 texname = '\\text{aS}',
                 lhablock = 'SMINPUTS',
                 lhacode = [ 1 ])
G = Parameter(name = 'G',
              nature = 'internal',
              type = 'real',
              value = '2*cmath.sqrt(aS)*cmath.sqrt(cmath.pi)',
              texname = 'G')
```

- * Similar to FEYNRULES.
- * Let us note the **SLHA structure**.
- * **External**: value is numeric.
- * **Internal**: value is a formula.

More details about the UFO (3).

● Vertices in the UFO.

- * Must be decomposed in **the spin \otimes color space**.
- * Concrete example: the **quartic gluon vertex**:

$$\left(f^{a_1 a_2 b} f^{b a_3 a_4}, \quad f^{a_1 a_3 b} f^{b a_2 a_4}, \quad f^{a_1 a_4 b} f^{b a_2 a_3} \right)$$
$$\times \begin{pmatrix} ig_s^2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & ig_s^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & ig_s^2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \eta^{\mu_1 \mu_4} \eta^{\mu_2 \mu_3} - \eta^{\mu_1 \mu_3} \eta^{\mu_2 \mu_4} \\ \eta^{\mu_1 \mu_4} \eta^{\mu_2 \mu_3} - \eta^{\mu_1 \mu_2} \eta^{\mu_3 \mu_4} \\ \eta^{\mu_1 \mu_3} \eta^{\mu_2 \mu_4} - \eta^{\mu_1 \mu_2} \eta^{\mu_3 \mu_4} \end{pmatrix} .$$

- * One line vector in **color space**.
- * One column vector with the **Lorentz structures**.
- * One matrix with the **coupling strengths** \equiv the **coordinates**.

More details about the UFO (4).

● Vertices in UFO.

```
V_2 = Vertex(name = 'V_2',
              particles = [ P.G, P.G, P.G, P.G ],
              color = [ 'f(-1,1,2)*f(3,4,-1)',
                         'f(-1,1,3)*f(2,4,-1)',
                         'f(-1,1,4)*f(2,3,-1)' ],
              lorentz = [ L.VVVV1, L.VVVV2, L.VVVV3 ],
              couplings = {(1,1):C.GC_8,
                           (0,0):C.GC_8,
                           (2,2):C.GC_8})
```

- * **color**: the **color basis**.
- * **lorentz**: the **spin basis**.
- * **couplings**: the **non-zero coupling strengths**.

More details about the UFO (5).

● Lorentz structures in UFO.

```
VVVV1 = Lorentz(name = 'VVVV1',
                  spins = [ 3, 3, 3, 3 ],
                  structure = 'Metric(1,4)*Metric(2,3) -
                               Metric(1,3)*Metric(2,4)')
```

● Coupling strengths in UFO.

```
GC_8 = Coupling(name = 'GC_8',
                  value = 'complex(0,1)*G**2',
                  order = {'QCD':2})
```

● Coupling orders.

```
QCD = CouplingOrder(name = 'QCD',
                      expansion_order = 99,
                      hierarchy = 1)
QED = CouplingOrder(name = 'QED',
                      expansion_order = -1,
                      hierarchy = 2)
```

* Allows to **speed up** event generation, keeping only the dominant diagrams.

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Latest developments: FEYNRULES gets supersymmetric.



- **A superspace module for FEYNRULES** [Duhr, BenjF (CPC '11)].
 - * Full support for **Weyl fermions and superfields**.
 - * Series expansion in terms of **component fields**.
 - * **Automatic derivation** of supersymmetry-conserving Lagrangians.
 - * **Automatic solution** of the equations of motion for the auxiliaries.
 - * Can be used for **many calculations in superspace**.
- **Renormalization group equations** [Alloul, De Causmaecker, BenjF (to appear)].
 - * Automatic extraction of the **two-loop renormalization group equations**.
 - * Own **numerical framework**.
 - * Future interface to **SuSpect 3**.

Some details on the supersymmetry module (1).

● Definition:

$$\Phi(x, \theta, \bar{\theta}) = \phi(y) + \sqrt{2}\theta \cdot \psi(y) - \theta \cdot \theta F(y) \quad \text{with} \quad y^\mu = x^\mu - i\theta\sigma^\mu\bar{\theta}.$$

- * It describes **matter multiplets**.
- * One scalar field ϕ , one Weyl fermion χ , one auxiliary field F .

● Declaration of the left-handed quark superfield.

```
CSF[1] == {  
    ClassName      -> QL,  
    Chirality      -> Left,  
    Weyl           -> uqLw,  
    Scalar          -> sqL,  
    QuantumNumbers -> {Q->2/3},  
    Indices         -> {Index[Gen], Index[Colour]}  
}
```

- * **Chiral superfield** ⇒ the label is **CSF[1]**.
- * The **Scalar** and **Weyl** components must be declared properly.
- * **The auxiliary field are automatically generated (not explicitly present)**.

Some details on the supersymmetry module (2).

- In the Wess-Zumino gauge, it is defined as:

$$\Phi_{W.Z.}(x, \theta, \bar{\theta}) = \theta^\mu \bar{\theta} v_\mu + i\theta \cdot \theta \bar{\theta} \cdot \bar{\lambda} - i\bar{\theta} \cdot \bar{\theta} \theta \cdot \lambda + \frac{1}{2}\theta \cdot \theta \bar{\theta} \cdot \bar{\theta} D .$$

- * This describes **gauge supermultiplets**: one Majorana fermion $(\lambda, \bar{\lambda})$, one (massless) gauge boson v , one auxiliary field D .

- Declaration of the $SU(3)_c$ vector superfield.

```
VSF[1] == {
    ClassName      -> GSF,
    GaugeBoson     -> G,
    Gaugino        -> gow,
    Indices         -> {Index[Gluon]}
}
```

- * **Vector superfield** \Rightarrow the label is **VSF[1]**.
- * The **Gaugino** and **GaugeBoson** components must be declared properly.
- * **The auxiliary field are automatically generated (not explicitly present)**.

- Vector superfields can be associated to a gauge group.

Some details on the supersymmetry module (3).

- Complete Lagrangian for a model.

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{L} = & \Phi^\dagger e^{-2gV}\Phi|_{\theta^2\bar{\theta}^2} + \frac{1}{16g^2\tau_R} \text{Tr}(W^\alpha W_\alpha)|_{\theta^2} + \frac{1}{16g^2\tau_R} \text{Tr}(\bar{W}_{\dot{\alpha}}\bar{W}^{\dot{\alpha}})|_{\bar{\theta}^2} \\ & + W(\Phi)|_{\theta^2} + W^*(\Phi^\dagger)|_{\bar{\theta}^2} + \mathcal{L}_{\text{soft}}\end{aligned}$$

- * **Chiral superfield** kinetic terms: automatic.
- * **Vector superfield** kinetic terms: automatic.
- * **Superpotential**: model dependent.
- * **Soft SUSY-breaking Lagrangian**: model dependent (and often not related to the superspace).

```
Theta2Thetabar2Component[ CSFKineticTerms[] ] +
Theta2Component[ VSFKineticTerms[] + SuperPot ] +
Thetabar2Component[ VSFKineticTerms[] + HC[SuperPot] ] +
LSoft
```

- * LSoft and SuperPot are the **only** pieces provided by the user.

Some details on the supersymmetry module (4).

● Solution of the equation of motions.

- * Get rid of the auxiliary D -fields and F -fields through their **eqs. of motion**.

```
lagr = SolveEqMotionD[ lagr ] ;  
lagr = SolveEqMotionF[ lagr ] ;
```

● Back to four-component fermions.

- * Usual FEYNRULES routine (cf. MC code requirements).

```
lagr = WeylToDirac[ lagr ] ;
```

Some details on the supersymmetry module (5).

- Renormalization group equations for generic supersymmetric models.

- * One or two loops included.

```
RGE[ LSoft, SuperW, NLoops->1 ] ;
```

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{d\mu}{dt} &= \mu \left[-\frac{3g'^2}{80\pi^2} - \frac{3g_w^2}{16\pi^2} + \frac{3}{16\pi^2} \text{Tr}[y^{\mathsf{d}\dagger} y^{\mathsf{d}}] + \frac{3}{16\pi^2} \text{Tr}[y^{\mathsf{u}\dagger} y^{\mathsf{u}}] + \frac{1}{16\pi^2} \text{Tr}[y^{\mathsf{e}\dagger} y^{\mathsf{e}}] \right], \\ \frac{db}{dt} &= b \left[-\frac{3g'^2}{80\pi^2} - \frac{3g_w^2}{16\pi^2} + \frac{3}{16\pi^2} \text{Tr}[y^{\mathsf{d}\dagger} y^{\mathsf{d}}] + \frac{3}{16\pi^2} \text{Tr}[y^{\mathsf{u}\dagger} y^{\mathsf{u}}] + \frac{1}{16\pi^2} \text{Tr}[y^{\mathsf{e}\dagger} y^{\mathsf{e}}] \right] \\ &\quad + \mu \left[\frac{3g'^2 M_1}{40\pi^2} + \frac{3g_w^2 M_2}{8\pi^2} + \frac{3}{8\pi^2} \text{Tr}[y^{\mathsf{d}\dagger} \mathbf{T}^{\mathsf{d}}] + \frac{3}{8\pi^2} \text{Tr}[y^{\mathsf{u}\dagger} \mathbf{T}^{\mathsf{u}}] + \frac{1}{8\pi^2} \text{Tr}[y^{\mathsf{e}\dagger} \mathbf{T}^{\mathsf{e}}] \right].\end{aligned}$$

- Development plans:

- * Interface to a own numerical code \Rightarrow **spectrum generator generator**.
- * Interface to **SUSPECT 3**.

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Validation of new models.

[Christensen, Salmon, Setzer, Speckner, Stefanus (to appear)].

- FEYNRULES provides a platform to:
 - * Develop Beyond the Standard Model theories.
 - * Validate them to an unprecedented level.
- Using the different interfaces, we can compare different Monte Carlos:
 - * Using different conventions.
 - * Using different gauges.
 - * Using different way of handling large cancellations.
- This can be fully automated.
- This can be stored on the Internet.
- A full FEYNRULES web interface is also under development.

Web validation.

The screenshot shows a web application titled "Standard Model" by Benjamin Fuks. The interface includes:

- A navigation bar with links like File, Edit, View, History, Bookmarks, Tools, Help, and a search bar for Google.
- A toolbar with icons for Papers, ToRead, IPHC, Labs - Universities, Webpages, Grants, Conferences, CMS, Tools, Misc, and Leagues.
- A sidebar with a link to "Standard_Model".
- A main content area:
 - Model Files:** SM.fr (marked with a green checkmark).
 - Restriction Files:** Lagrangian : LSM, Test Process : Z, Z → Z, Z.
 - Parameter Files:** R. File, P. File, CH, FA, HW, MG4, MG5, SH, WO1, WO2. A grid of checkmarks indicates status: CH, HW, MG4, MG5, SH, WO1, WO2 are marked with green checkmarks; FA, R. File, P. File, MG4, MG5, SH, WO1, WO2 are marked with question marks.
 - Add New Restriction Parameter Combination** button.
 - Stock Models:** Add New Stock Model button.
 - Validations:** Remove, VVVV 14 processes: 13 agree, 1 questionable, 0 disagree, 0 not finished. Create New Validation button.
 - Done** button at the bottom.

Web validation.

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL <http://localhost:8080/author/validation?vdtnid=164>. The title bar says "VVVV Standard_Model Benjamin Fuks". The page contains several tables and sections:

- A top table with columns CH, FA, HW, MG4, MG5, SH, WO1, and WO2, each with a checkmark or question mark.
- A "Field Type" table with rows for Scalar, Fermion, Vector, and Spin 2, and columns for Field Type, Requires, Requires Real, Index, Requires, Requires Real, Charge, Requires, and Requires Real.
- A "Indices" table with rows for Colour, Q, and GhostNumber, and columns for Requires, Requires Real, and Charge.
- A "Charges" table with rows for LeptonNumber, Q, and GhostNumber, and columns for Requires, Requires Real, and Charge.
- A section for "Process Generators" with checkboxes for CalcHEP (Fermion gauge), CalcHEP (unitary gauge), FeynArts, and Herwig, and options for MadGraph4, MadGraph5, Sherpa, Whizard1 (Fermion gauge), Whizard1 (unitary gauge), Whizard2 (Fermion gauge), and Whizard2 (unitary gauge). Buttons for "Check All" and "Check None" are present.
- A "Stock Models" section with buttons for "Start Fresh Validations" and "Finish Validations".
- A status message: "14 processes : 13 agree, 1 questionable, 0 disagree, 0 not finished".
- A diagram at the bottom labeled "Standard_Model" showing a square with internal lines forming a grid pattern.

<http://localhost:8080/author/validation?vdtnid=164>

Web validation.

File Edit View History Bookmarks Tools Help

http://focalhost:8080/author/validation?vdtnid=164

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Standard_Model : VVV

Start Fresh Validations Finish Validations

14 processes : 13 agree, 1 questionable, 0 disagree, 0 not finished

Standard_Model

VS PTest CH(F) CH(u) MG4 W01(F) W01(u) W02(F) W02(u) Δ

VS	PTest	CH(F)	CH(u)	MG4	W01(F)	W01(u)	W02(F)	W02(u)	Δ
G , G → G , G	200.0	50.0	18335.8	18835.0	19066.0	19066.6	19054.8	19066.9	-0.86%
W+, W+ → W+, W+	1277.0	319.25	25.687	25.687	25.652	25.705	25.6851	25.7012	-0.13%
Z , Z → Z , Z	1459.0	364.75	0.24493	0.24493	0.24513	0.244905	0.244978	0.244889	0.07%
Z , Z → W+, W-	1368.0	342.0	26.189	26.189	26.176	26.1973	26.1925	26.1982	-0.06%
A , Z → W+, W-	1003.0	250.75	19.311	19.311	19.299	19.3016	19.3145	19.3069	-0.51%
A , A → W+, W-	639.0	159.75	16.319	16.319	16.316	16.3246	16.3172	16.317	-0.03%
A , A → A , A	200.0	50.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.0%
A , A → A , Z	365.0	91.25	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.0%
A , A → G , G	200.0	50.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.0%
A , Z → Z , Z	1094.0	273.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.0%
A , Z → G , G	365.0	91.25	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.0%
Z , Z → G , G	730.0	182.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.0%
W+, W- → G , G	639.0	159.75	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.0%

Done

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4 Web validation.

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ooooooooo

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Summary
○

FEYNRULES 2012 @Sainte Odile - the 'official' picture



NLO with FEYNRULES.

[Degrande, Duhr, Frederix, BenjF, Hahn, Hirschi, Mattelaer]

● Real emission.

- * Must include the appropriate **subtraction terms**.
⇒ Automated.
- * The tree-level Feynman rules are the **only required components**.



No particular problem for BSM ⇒ problem solved.



(Use of FEYNRULES, its interfaces to MC tools)

● One-loop virtual amplitudes.

- * Several algorithms have been proposed in the last few years. ⇒ some are based on OPP reduction [Ossola, Papadopolous, Pittau (NPB '07)].
- * Requirements:
 - ◊ **Tree-level Feynman rules**.
 - ◊ **UV renormalization counterterms**.
 - ◊ **Rational R_2 terms**.



The two latter must be included by hand.



NLO calculations in the context of FEYNRULES.

- Counterterms and R_2 terms.

- * Non-automatic steps.

- * Can be derived from the tree-level Lagrangian.

All the information is already there at the FEYNRULES-level.

- Automatic renormalization in the $\overline{\text{MS}}$ -scheme with FEYNRULES

- ① Automated extraction of the renormalized Lagrangian ✓.
- ② Modification of the FEYNARTS interface to include counterterms ✓.
- ③ Calculation of the renormalization constants with FORMCALC.
- ④ Re-injection in FEYNRULES ✗.

- Automatic R_2 terms ✗.

- **SM**: done.

- **MSSM**: on-going

- The UFO at NLO: basically there.

Automatic renormalization with FEYNRULES.

- Expansion of the renormalization constants (works with full Lagrangians).
 - * The type of the interactions in the loops can be specified.
 - * The loop-level can be specified.

```
ExtractCounterterms[l[s,f],{aS,1}]
```

$$\blacktriangleright I_{sf} \rightarrow I_{sf} + \frac{\alpha_s}{4\pi} \left[(\delta Z_{II}^{L(1)})_{ff'} (P_L)_{ss'} + (\delta Z_{II}^{R(1)})_{ff'} (P_R)_{ss'} \right] I_{s'f'}$$

```
ExtractCounterterms[ydo,{{aS,2},{aEW,1}}]
```

$$\blacktriangleright y_d \rightarrow y_d + \frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi} \delta y_d^{(1,0)} + \frac{\alpha}{2\pi} \delta y_d^{(0,1)} + \frac{\alpha_s^2}{4\pi^2} \delta y_d^{(2,0)} + \frac{\alpha_s \alpha}{4\pi^2} \delta y_d^{(1,1)} + \frac{\alpha_s^2 \alpha}{8\pi^3} \delta y_d^{(2,1)}$$

- Treatment of the internal parameters.

- * Automatic computation of the relations among renormalization constants.
- * Only the ren. cnsts of the external parameters will have to be computed.

g_s and α_s at first order in QCD.

$$g_s = 2\sqrt{\pi\alpha_s} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \delta g_s^{(1)} = \frac{\sqrt{\alpha_s}}{2\sqrt{\pi}} \delta \alpha_s^{(1)}$$

Importing the counterterms to FEYNARTS.

- New FEYNARTS interface [Degrade, Duhr, BenjF].

- * Allows for **generic** Lorentz structures.
- * Creates both the **model dependent and independent** FEYNARTS files.
- * Update of FORMCALC \Rightarrow **multifermion interactions**.
- * For the counterterms: **the loop level must be specified**.
- * Automated introduction of the **renormalization constants**.

The FEYNRULES command

```
WriteFeynArtsOutput[LSM, LoopOrder -> {aS, 1}];
```

```
C[ S[1] , S[1] , S[1] , S[1] ] == {{(-6*I)*lam,
  (-3*I)*aS*(deltalam1 + 2*deltaZHH1*lam))/Pi} }

C[ V[3] , -V[3] ] == {{0, ((-I/2)*aS*deltaZWW1)/Pi},
  {0, ((I/2)*aS*deltaZWW1)/Pi}, {0, ((I/8)*aS*EL*vev*
  (2*deltavev1*EL*sw - 2*deltaew1*EL*vev + 2*deltaee1*
  sw*vev + deltaZWW1*EL*sw*vev))/(Pi*sw^3)}}}
```

Spin-3/2 Rarita-Schwinger fields.

[Christensen, de Aquino, Duhr, BenjF, Mattelaer, Mawatari, Oexl]

- **Spin 3/2 fields.**

- * **Four-component fields** are now fully supported ✓.

Gravitino implementation.

```
R[1] == {  
    ClassName      -> Gvno,  
    SelfConjugate   -> True,  
    Mass           -> {MGvno,500},  
    Width          -> {WGvno, 10},  
    ParticleName    -> "Gvno",  
    PDG            -> 1000039}
```

- * Analytical **validation** with the literature ✓.
- * Extension to **two-component fermions** ✓.
- * Automatic extraction of the **gravitino Lagrangian in SUSY** ✓.
- * Inclusion in the **UFO** ✓.
- * **Being validated**.

Automated decay package (1).

[Duhr, BenjF, Mattelaer]

- Tree-level $1 \rightarrow 2$ decay widths.

- * Are now **automatically computed** for any model.

Computation of decay widths.

```
verts = FeynmanRules[Lag];
vertsexp = FlavorExpansion[verts];
results = ComputeWidths[vertsexp];
```

- **Everything is analytical.**

- **Phase-space closed channels included.**

- ▶ No information on the (numerical values of the) spectrum at this level.
- ▶ **Benchmark scenario independent.**

Automated decay package (2).

- **Interfaced to the UFO.**

UFO interface.

```
WriteUFO[Lag, AddDecays->True];
```

```
Decay_t = Decay(name = 'Decay_t', particle = P.t,
partial_widths = {
    (P.W__plus__,P.d) : '(CKM3x1*ee**2*(MT - MW)**2*(MT + MW)**2*
        (MT**2 + 2*MW**2)*complexconjugate(CKM3x1))/
        (64.*cmath.pi*MT**3*MW**2*sw**2)',
    (P.W__plus__,P.s) : '(CKM3x2*ee**2*(MT - MW)**2*(MT + MW)**2*
        (MT**2 + 2*MW**2)*complexconjugate(CKM3x2))/
        (64.*cmath.pi*MT**3*MW**2*sw**2)',
    (P.W__plus__,P.b) : '(CKM3x3*ee**2*(MB**4 - 2*MB**2*MT**2 +
        MT**4 + MB**2*MW**2 + MT**2*MW**2 - 2*MW**4)*
        complexconjugate(CKM3x3)*cmath.sqrt(MB**4 - 2*MB**2*MT**2 +
        MT**4 - 2*MB**2*MW**2 - 2*MT**2*MW**2 + MW**4))/(
        64.*cmath.pi*MT**3*MW**2*sw**2)'})
```

- * **Numerically:** checks open channels.
- * **Flexible:** closed formulas (NLO, n -body, BSM) can be included.
- **Validation on-going** (SM done, MSSM on its way).

Outline

- 1 FEYNRULES in a nutshell.
- 2 The Universal FEYNRULES output.
- 3 Supersymmetry developments.
- 4 Web validation.
- 5 Future development plans.
- 6 Conclusions.

Conclusions.

- FEYNRULES provides a platform to:
 - * Develop new models.
 - * Investigate their phenomenology.
- The current version now includes:
 - * A superspace module.
 - * A UFO interface ⇒ MADGRAPH5, GoSAM.
 - * Supports color sextets.
 - * The web-validation platform is online.
 - * An automated decay package (soon).
 - * Spin 3/2 fields (soon).
- New developments:
 - * Automated supersymmetric spectrum generator.
 - * An interface to SUSPECT 3.
 - * A NLO module.
 - * A full web-interface.
- <http://feynrules.irmp.ucl.ac.be>