



Tools for searches at the LHC

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Outline

- 1. Introduction**
- 2. Implementing new physics in event generators with FEYNRULES**
- 3. Monte Carlo event simulation and analysis with MADANALYSIS 5**
- 4. Precision and automation**
- 5. Summary**

Monte Carlo tools and discoveries at the LHC

- ◆ Establishing an excess over the Standard Model backgrounds:
 - ❖ Difficult
 - ❖ Rely on Monte Carlo event generators (backgrounds, signals)
 - ❖ Possible use of data-driven methods (backgrounds)
- ◆ Confirmation of the excess:
 - ❖ Model building activities
 - ❖ Implementation of the new models in the Monte Carlo tools
- ◆ Clarification of the new physics:
 - ❖ Measurement of the model parameters
 - ❖ Use of precision predictions (possibly with Monte Carlo generators)
 - ❖ Sophistication of the analyses \Leftrightarrow new physics / detector knowledge

!!!→ Monte Carlo tools play a key role!

A framework for LHC analyses: the older way

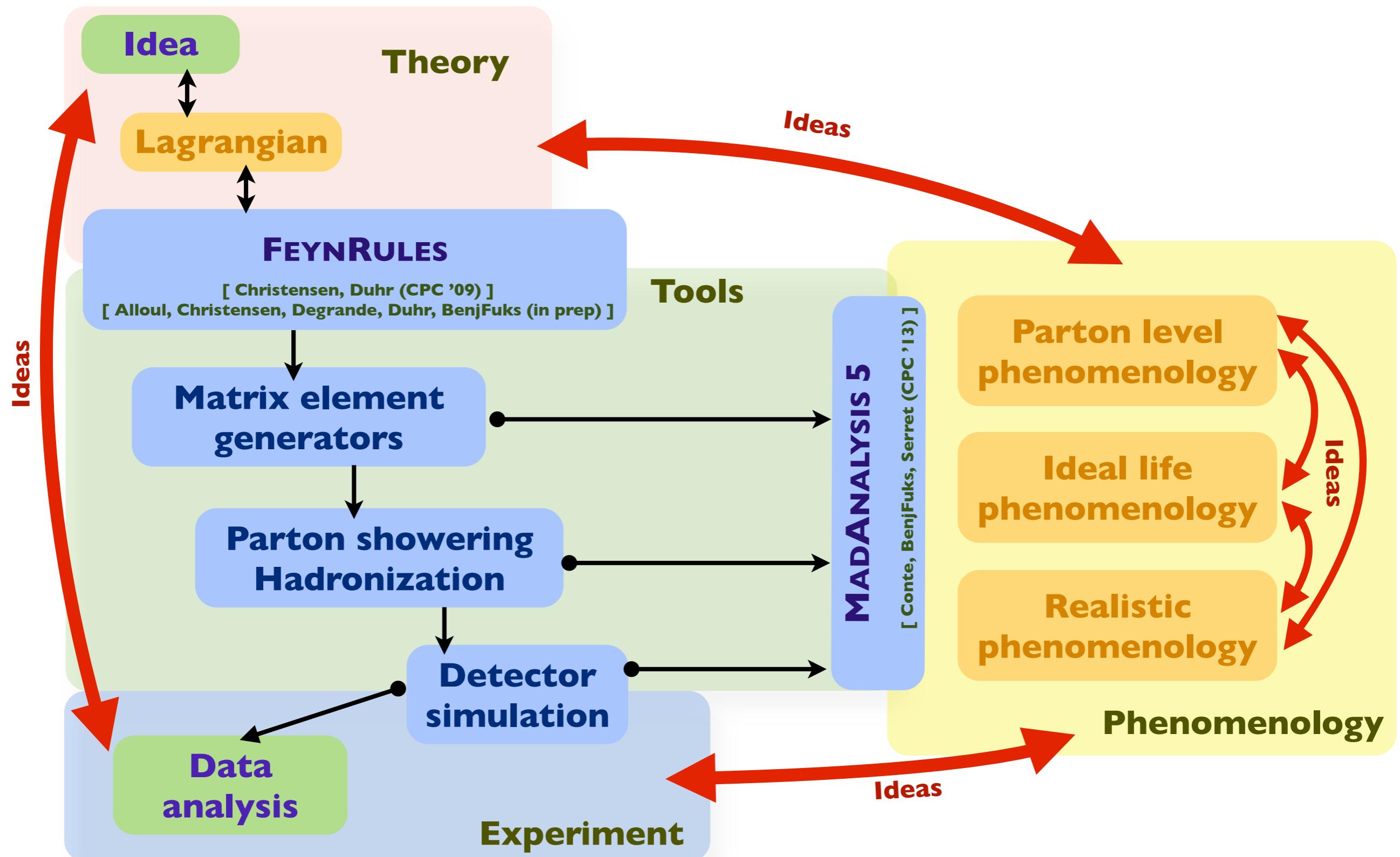
- ◆ New physics theories:
 - ❖ Lots of very different theories
 - ❖ Based on very different ideas
 - ❖ Evolve with time
- ◆ What is a new physics theory:
 - ❖ A set of particles
 - ❖ A set of interactions (or Feynman rules) included in a Lagrangian
 - ❖ The Lagrangian depends on some parameters
- ◆ New physics theory in the context of Monte Carlo tools:
 - ❖ Translation in a programming language
 - ❖ Error prone, time consuming, tedious, painful, ...
 - ❖ Careful validation required
 - ❖ Use of the Monte Carlo for phenomenology

→ Iterate for each model
→ Iterate for each tool

→ Redundancy of the work

A framework for LHC analyses: a modern way

[Christensen, de Aquino, Degrande, Duhr, BenjFuks, Herquet, Maltoni, Schumann (EPJC '11)]



FEYNRULES in a nutshell

[Christensen, Duhr (CPC '09); Alloul, Christensen, Degrande, Duhr, BenjFuks (in prep)]

◆ What is FEYNRULES?

- ❖ A framework to develop new physics models
- ❖ Automated export to several Monte Carlo event generators

→ Facilitate phenomenological investigations of the models
 → Facilitate the confrontation of the models against data

- ❖ Validation of the implementation using several programs

◆ Main features:

- ❖ MATHEMATICA package
- ❖ Core function: derives Feynman rules from a Lagrangian
- ❖ Requirements: locality, Lorentz and gauge invariance
- ❖ Supported fields: scalar, (two- and four-component) fermion, vector, ghost, spin-3/2 field, tensor, superfield

◆ Interfaced to several automated Monte Carlo generators:

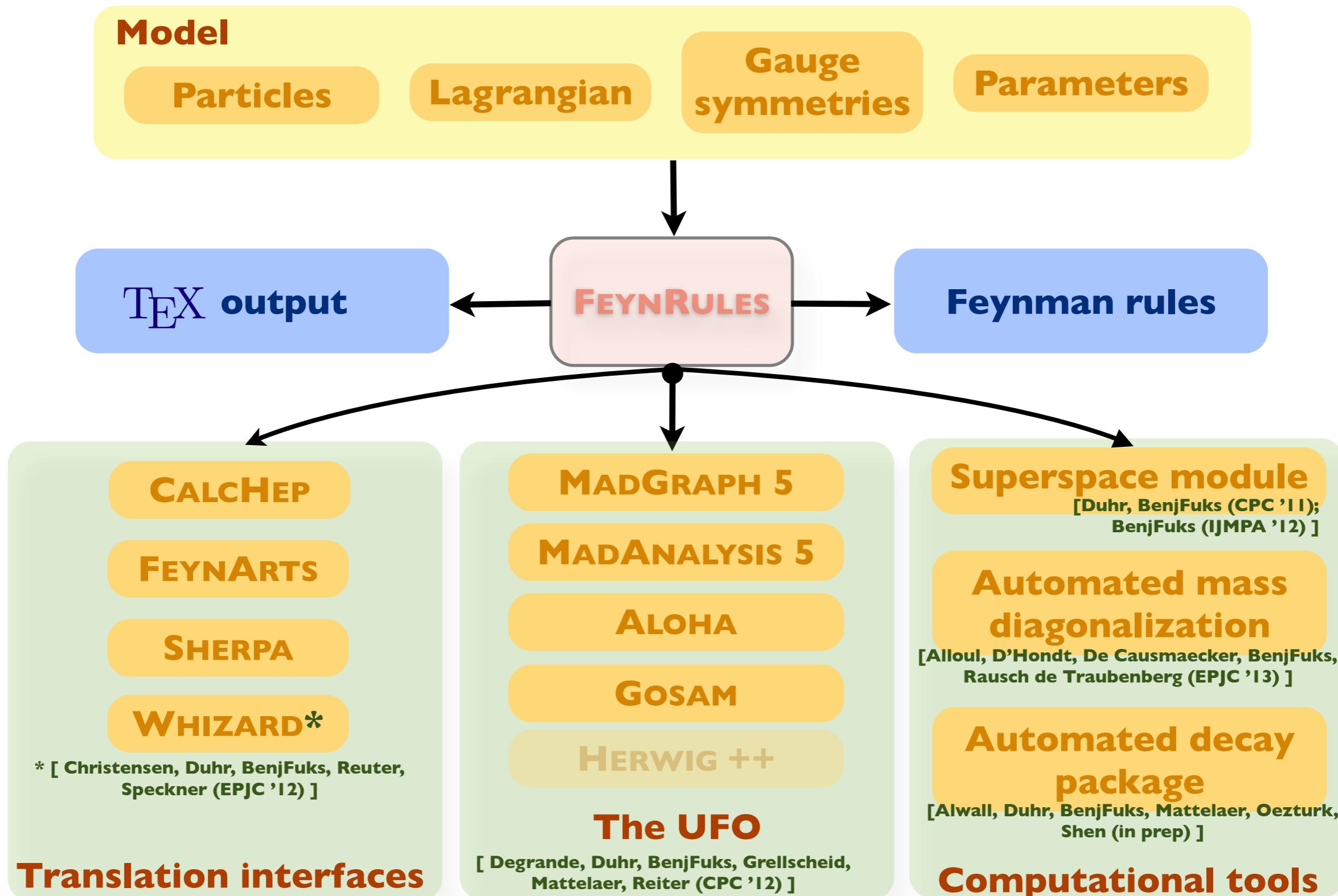
CALCHEP / COMPHEP, FEYNARTS / FORMCALC, SHERPA, WHIZARD / OMEGA

◆ The Universal FEYNRULES Output (UFO):

ALOHA & MADGRAPH 5, MADANALYSIS 5, GOSAM

From FEYNRULES To Monte Carlo tools

[Christensen, Duhr (CPC '09); Alloul, Christensen, Degrande, Duhr, BenjFuks (in prep)]



Example: monotop production at the LHC (I)

[Andrea, BenjFuks, Maltoni (PRD '11)]

A new invisible particle

```
S[4] == {
    ClassName    -> SMET,
    SelfConjugate -> True,
    PDG          -> 9000001,
    Mass          -> {MSM, 50},
    Width         -> {WSM, 0},
}
```

New flavor-changing interactions

```
A0FC == {
    Indices          -> {Index[Gen],Index[Gen]},
    ParameterType   -> External,
    BlockName       -> A0FC,
    Value           -> { ... },
    InteractionOrder -> {NP,I},
    Description     -> "New physics interactions"
}
```

New input parameters → defines the benchmark scenario

The Lagrangian: $\mathcal{L} = \varphi_{\text{MET}} \bar{u} a_{\text{FC}}^0 u$

```
Lag = SMET uqbar[sp1,f1,c1].uq[sp1,f2,c1] A0FC[f1,f2];
```

Example: monotop production at the LHC (2)

[Andrea, BenjFuks, Maltoni (PRD '11)]

MATHEMATICA screenshot

```
In[1]:= olddir = SetDirectory["~/Work/tools/FeynRules/trunk/models/Monotops"];
        $FeynRulesPath = SetDirectory["~/Work/tools/FeynRules/trunk/feynrules-development"];
        << FeynRules`
        SetDirectory[olddir];
        LoadModel[$FeynRulesPath <> "/Models/SM/SM.fr", olddir <> "/monotops.fr"];

In[6]:= Lag = SMET uqbar[spl, f1, cl].uq[spl, f2, cl] A0FC[f1, f2];

In[7]:= FeynmanRules[Lag]
Starting Feynman rule calculation.
Expanding the Lagrangian...
Collecting the different structures that enter the vertex.
1 possible non-zero vertices have been found -> starting the computation: 1 / 1.
1 vertex obtained.
(* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *)
Vertex 1
Particle 1 : Dirac , uq
Particle 2 : Dirac , uq
Particle 3 : Scalar , SMET
Vertex:
i AFC0f1,f2 δm1,m2 δs1,s2
(* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *)
Out[7]= { {{ { uq, 1 }, { uq, 2 }, { SMET, 3 } }, i AFC0f1,f2 δm1,m2 δs1,s2 } }

In[8]:= WriteUFO [LSM + LMono]
```

Getting ready for phenomenology

In[8]:= WriteUFO [LSM + LMono]

From FEYNRULES to event analysis

0. Implementation of the model in FEYNRULES and generation of the UFO files

I. Event generation with MADGRAPH 5 [Alwall, Herquet, Maltoni, Mattelaer, Stelzer (JHEP '11)]

- ❖ Both signal and backgrounds
- ❖ Precision in the normalization: (N)NLO inclusive results
- ❖ Other generator is possible (beware of restrictions for new physics)
 - ⇒ MADGRAPH 5 is agnostic of the Lorentz and color structures of the interactions

2. Parton showering and hadronization with PYTHIA [Sjostrand, Mrenna, Skands (JHEP '06; CPC '08)]

- ❖ Precision in the shapes: MLM-merging technique [Mangano, Moretti, Piccinini, Treccani (JHEP '07)]
- ❖ Other generator is possible

3. Fast detector simulation with DELPHES [Ovyn, Rouby, Lemaitre (2009)]

- ❖ CMS-like and ATLAS-like detectors available

4. Event analysis with MADANALYSIS 5 [Conte, BenjFuks, Serret (CPC '13)]

- ❖ Parton-level and reconstructed-level analyses

MADANALYSIS 5 in a nutshell

[Conte, BenjFuks, Serret (CPC '13)]

◆ What is MADANALYSIS 5?

- ❖ A framework for **phenomenological analyses**
- ❖ **Multiple input format:** STDHEP, HEPMC, LHE
- ❖ **Any level of sophistication:** partonic, hadronic, detector, reconstructed
- ❖ **User friendly and fast**
- ❖ **Flexible**

→ Professional analyses in an easy way
→ No limit on the analysis complexity

◆ Two modules

- ❖ A **PYTHON** command line interface (interactive)
- ❖ A **C++/ROOT** core module, SAMPLEANALYZER

◆ Normal mode

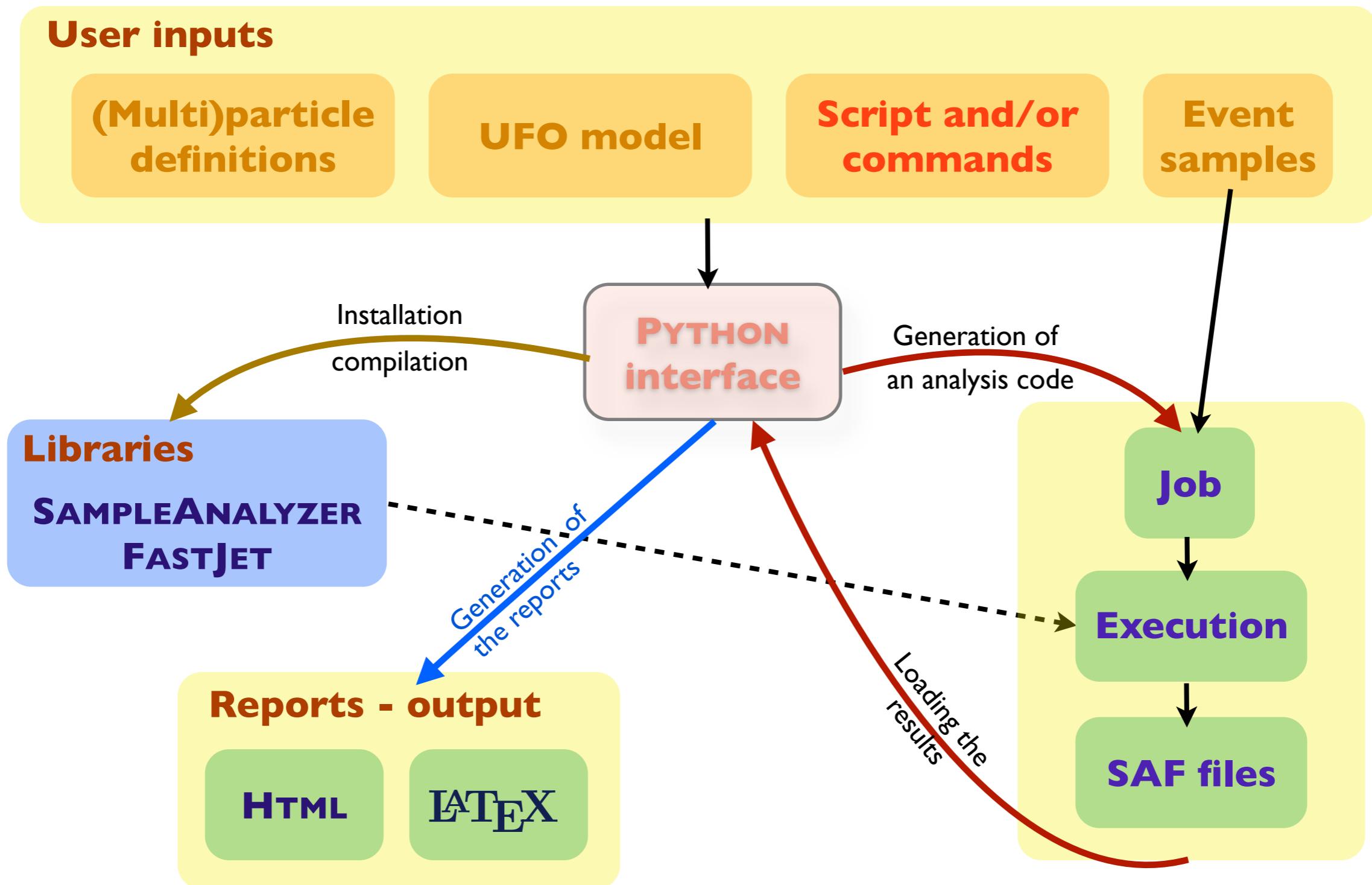
- ❖ Intuitive commands typed in the **PYTHON** interface
- ❖ Analysis performed **behind the scenes** (black box)
- ❖ Human readable output: **HTML** and **LATEX**

◆ Expert mode

- ❖ **C++/ROOT** programming within the SAMPLEANALYZER framework

MADANALYSIS 5: normal running mode

[Conte, BenjFuks, Serret (CPC '13)]



Example: background analysis (I)

Commands

```
import ttbar_lep.lhe.gz as ttbar
import wjets.lhe.gz as wjets
import zjets.lhe.gz as zjets
set ttbar.xsection = 139.6
set wjets.xsection = 35678
set zjets.xsection = 10319
set main.lumi = 20
plot MET 30 0 300 [logy]
define l = l+ l-
plot PT(l[l]) 20 0 200 [logy]
set selection[2].rank = Eordering
define j = j b b~
plot N(j)
select (j) PT > 20
reject THT < 200
plot M(j[l] j[2])
set wjets.type = background
set zjets.type = background
set main.sbratio = 'S/B'
submit
```

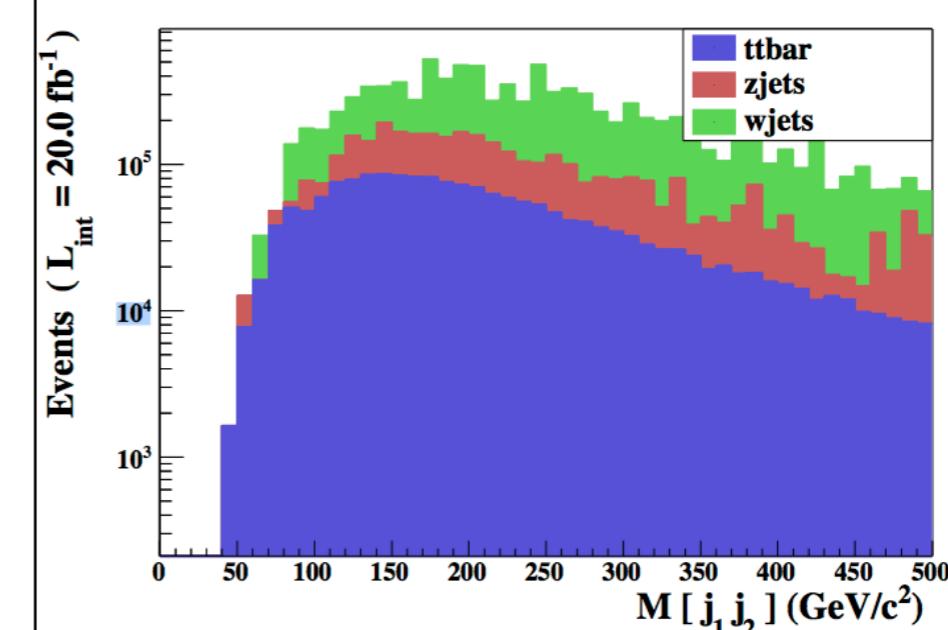
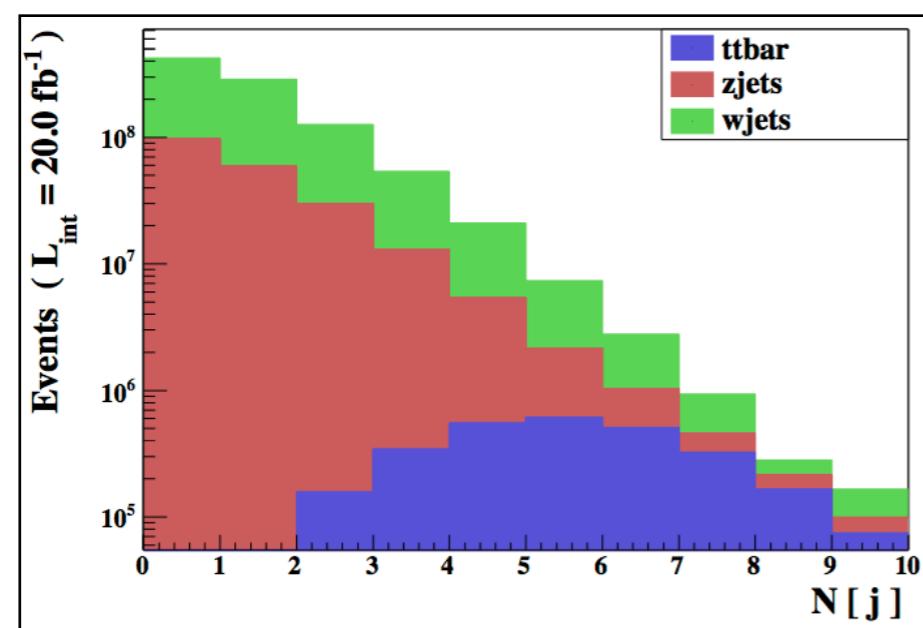
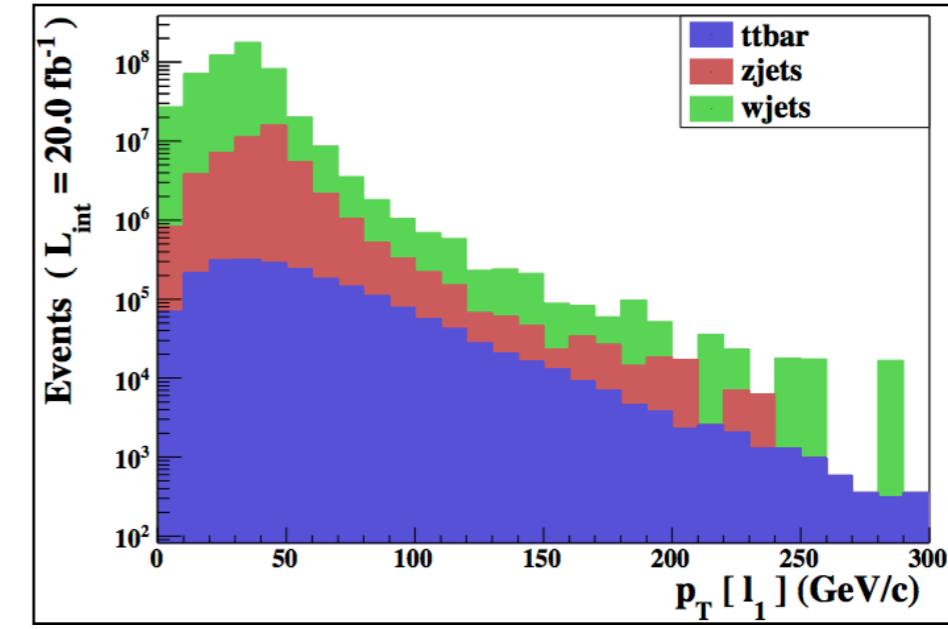
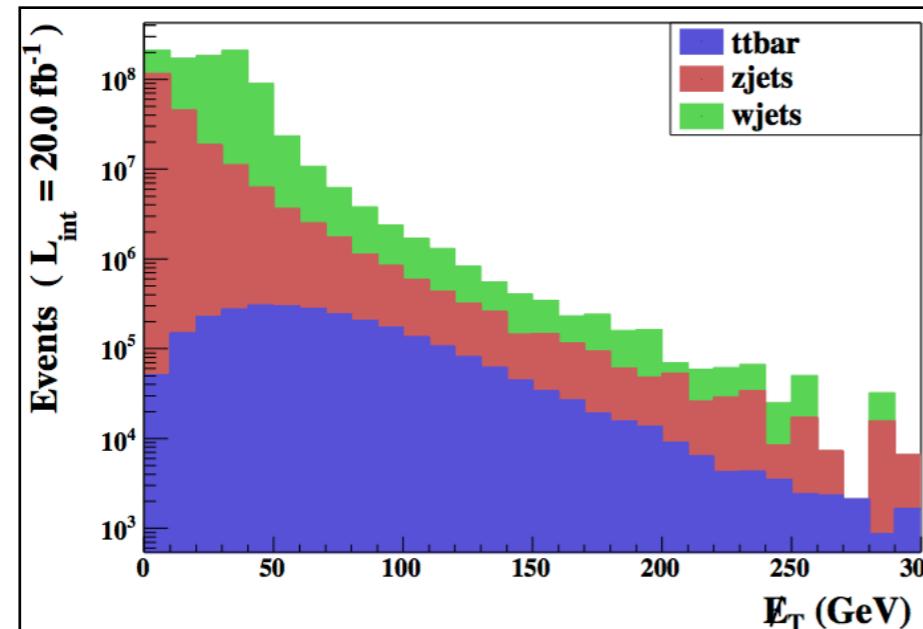
Importing event samples

Normalization to (N)NLO
and to 20 fb⁻¹

Analysis strategy;
histograms and cuts

Cut-flow charts

Example: background analysis (2)

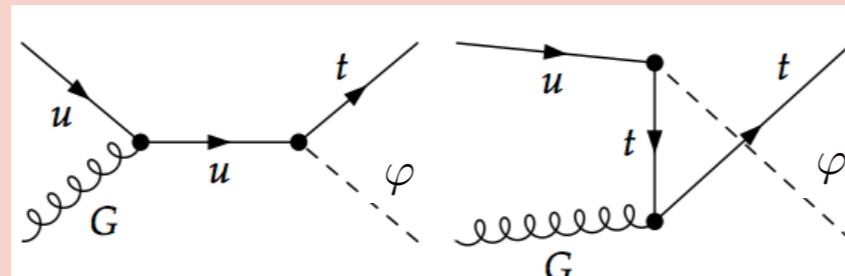


Cuts	Signal (S)	Background (B)	S vs B
initial	2792000	919940000	0.00303
cut 1	2792000	919940000 +/- 0.000173	3.034981e-03 +/- 5.7e-16
cut 2	2792000	919940000 +/- 0.000173	3.034981e-03 +/- 5.7e-16
cut 3	1928561 +/- 772	9583745 +/- 3079	0.201233 +/- 0.000103

From theory to event analysis: monotops

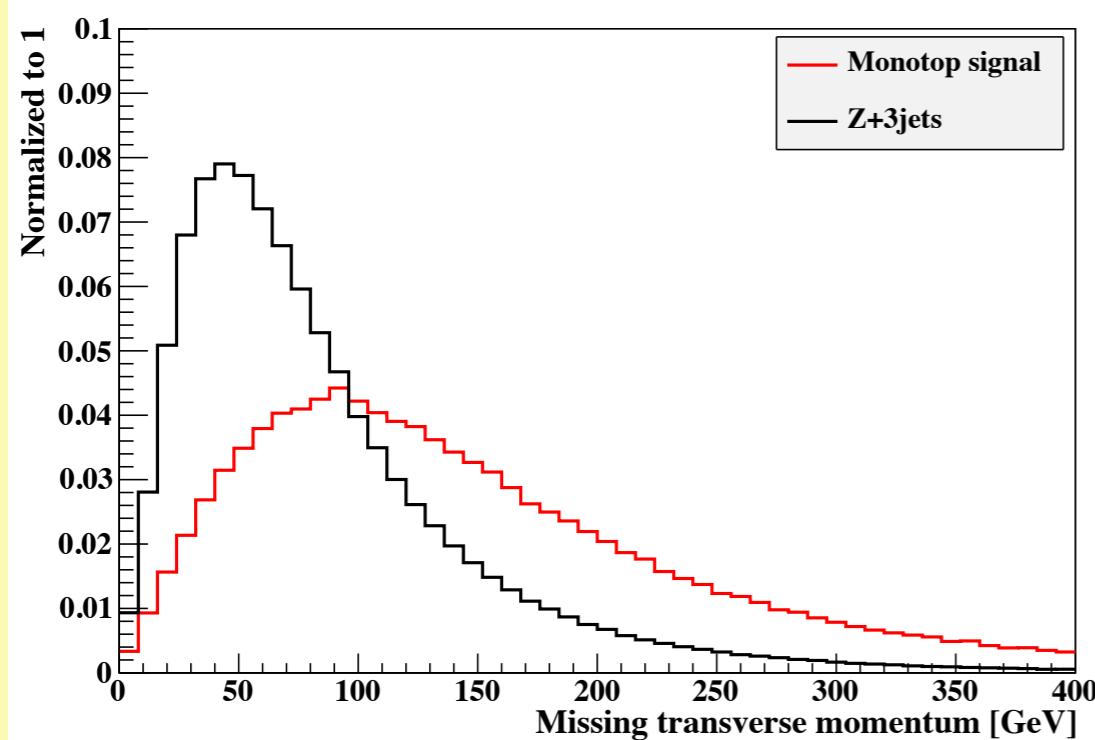
[Andrea, BenjFuks, Maltoni (PRD '11); Andrea, Conte, BenjFuks (in prep)]

Illustrative example: monotops

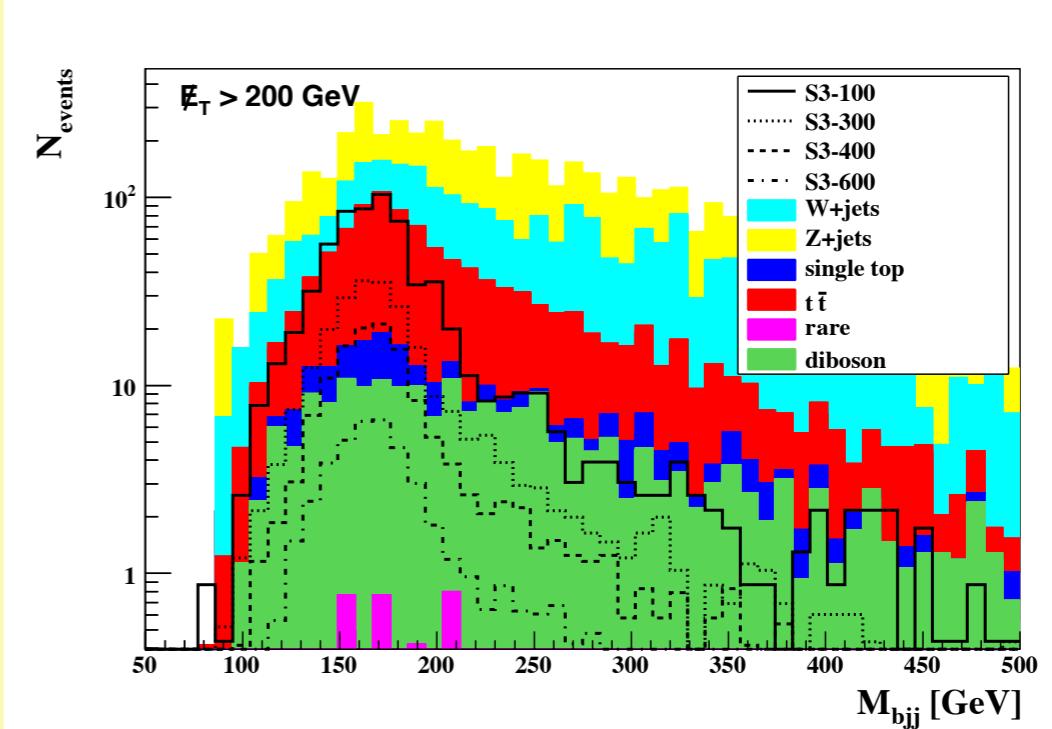


After top reconstruction

Parton level



Detector level



Monte Carlo event generators @ NLO (I)

◆ Why is NLO necessary? Advantages and disadvantages of Monte Carlo tools @ NLO

- ❖ Reliability of the predictions
- ❖ Theoretical uncertainties (scales, PDFs) under a better control

■■■→ More predictive power

- ❖ Large increase in the process **complexity** for high-multiplicity final states
- ❖ **Double counting** issues with real emissions, with virtual contributions

■■■→ Prescriptions are needed

◆ Classes of Monte Carlo tools @ NLO

- ❖ **MC@NLO**: explicit removal of the double counting
[Frixione, Webber (JHEP '02); Frixione, Nason, Webber (JHEP '03)]
- ❖ **POWHEG**: parton shower modification + inclusive NLO correction to each event
[Nason (JHEP '04)]

Monte Carlo event generators @ NLO (2)

◆ aMC@NLO: Automation (achieved for the Standard Model)

[Alwall, Frederix, Frixione, Hirschi, Maltoni, Mattelaer, Pittau, Torrielli, Zaro (in prep)]

- ❖ Reliability of the results (many checks possible)
- ❖ The computer does the hard job (process complexity \leftrightarrow CPU)

◆ Multiparton matrix element merging @ NLO (à la MLM, CKKW, ...)

[Lavesson, Lonnblad (JHEP '08); Hamilton, Nason (JHEP '09); Hoeche, Krauss, Schonherr, Siegert (JHEP '11); Giele, Kosower, Skands (PRD '11); Alioli, Hamilton, Re (JHEP '11); Frederix, Frixione (JHEP '12); Gehrmann, Hoeche, Krauss, Schonherr, Siegert (JHEP '13)]

- ❖ New techniques in development
- ❖ Automation in progress (within the aMC@NLO framework)

FEYNRULES and UFO @ NLO

[Degrade, Duhr, BenjFuks, Hirschi, Mattelaer, Shao (in prep)]

◆ Ingredients of a NLO model file for aMC@NLO

- ❖ Tree-level vertices
- ❖ UV counterterms
- ❖ R_2 counterterms

◆ Technicalities

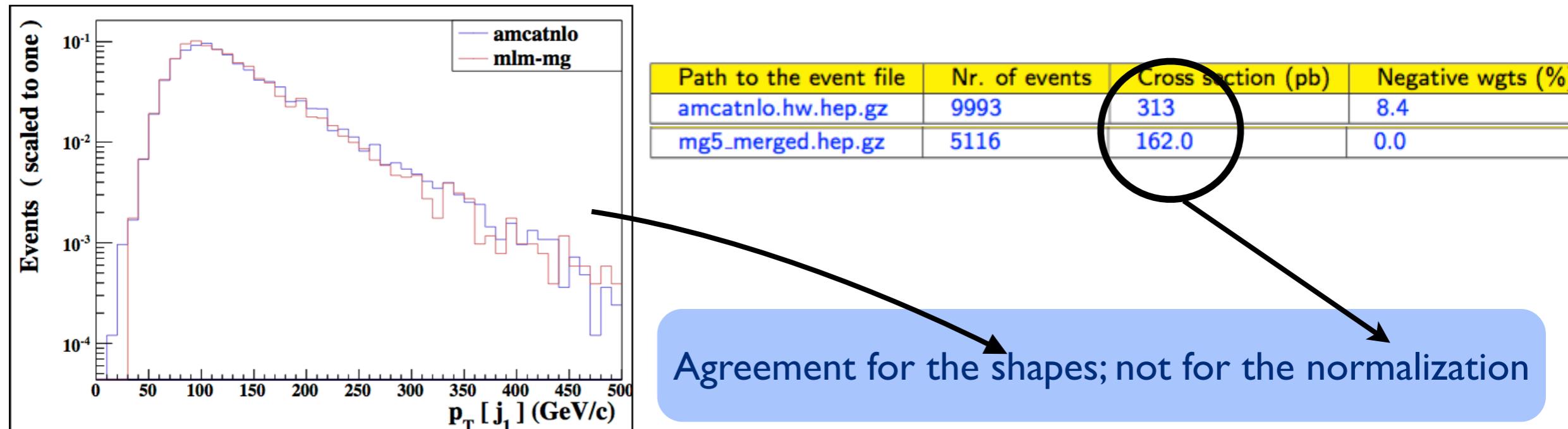
- ❖ Use of the FEYNARTS-FORMCALC interface of FEYNRULES
- ❖ Generation of a FEYNARTS-FORMCALC script for NLO vertex generation
- ❖ Script execution → R_2 and UV counterterms
- ❖ Inclusion of the R_2 and UV counterterms in a UFO@NLO model file

→ aMC@NLO for new physics on its way

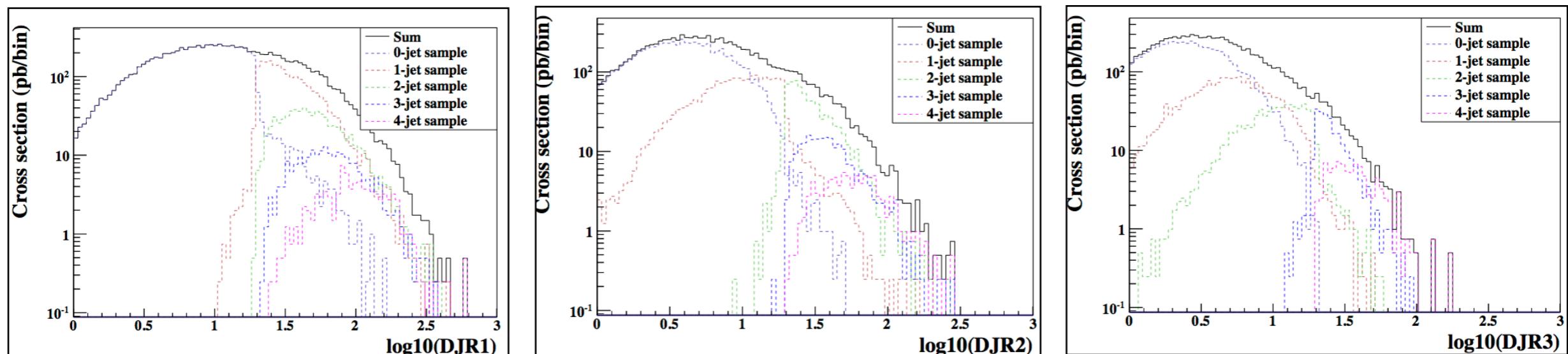
MADANALYSIS 5 and precision

[Conte, BenjFuks (in prep)]

◆ Handling events with negative weights (as generated by aMC@NLO)



◆ Automated check of the merging procedure



Summary

- ◆ The quest for new physics at the LHC has started
 - ❖ Rely on Monte Carlo event generators for background and signal modeling
 - ❖ Satellite tools have been intensively developed (FEYNRULES, MADANALYSIS 5, ...)
- ◆ FEYNRULES:
 - ❖ Straightforward implementation of new physics model in the Monte Carlo tools
 - ❖ Has its own computational modules
 - ❖ Will be soon interfaced to NLO tools
- ◆ MADANALYSIS 5:
 - ❖ Analysis of event samples generated by Monte Carlo tools
 - ❖ Correct handling of the output of the precision tools

Automation and precision for new physics phenomenology are almost there