LHC-friendly minimal freeze-in models

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ABSTRACT: In this brief note we describe the FeynRules implementation of the three simple freeze-in models with a charged vector-like fermion. If you use these models, please cite [1, 2].

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1 Model description

In [1, 2] we proposed three simple models of freeze-in dark matter with an interesting phenomenology at the LHC. In all three models the Standard Model of particle physics is augmented by a scalar dark matter candidate s that is neutral under the Standard Model gauge group, along with a vector-like fermion F transforming as (1, 1, -1) ("heavy lepton"), (3, 1, -2/3) ("heavy up-type quark") or (3, 1, 1/3)("heavy down-type quark") under $SU(3)_c \times SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y$ for the three models respectively. Both the dark matter candidate and the vector-like fermion are taken to be odd under a discrete \mathbb{Z}_2 symmetry, under which all Standard Model particles are even. The dark matter candidate is coupled to the Standard Model through Yukawa-type terms involving the left-handed component of the vector-like fermion and the Standard Model right-handed fermions. The Lagrangian reads

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{\rm SM} + \partial_{\mu}s \; \partial^{\mu}s - \frac{\mu_s^2}{2}s^2 + \frac{\lambda_s}{4}s^4 + \lambda_{sh}s^2 \left(H^{\dagger}H\right)$$

$$+ \bar{F}\left(iD\!\!\!/\right)F - m_F\bar{F}F - \sum_f y_s^f \left(s\bar{F}\left(\frac{1+\gamma^5}{2}\right)f + \text{h.c.}\right),$$
(1.1)

where $f = \{e, \mu, \tau\}$, $\{u, c, t\}$ or $\{d, s, b\}$, depending on the $SU(3)_c \times U(1)_Y$ transformation properties of F.

2 Implementation of the models in FeynRules

Let us now describe the implementation of our models in FeynRules.

- The three models have been implemented separately. If the user wishes a single model involving all three kinds of vector-like fermions, our models can serve as a basis for further development.
- In all three cases, the dark matter candidate is denoted by $\sim s0$ and the vectorlike fermion as $\sim he$ and $\sim HE$ for the particle and its antiparticle respectively.

• The three models are each described by a set of seven free parameters. We choose these parameters to be

$$m_s, m_F, \lambda_{sh}, \lambda_s, \left\{ y_s^f \right\} . \tag{2.1}$$

The first four, respectively called ms0, mHE, lams0h and lams0 in the model files, are common to the three models, and correspond to the dark matter mass, the vector-like fermion mass, the dark matter-Higgs quartic coupling and the dark matter quartic self-coupling respectively. Note that the dark scalar mass is related to the μ_s parameter entering Eq.(1.1) through

$$\mu_s^2 = m_s^2 + \lambda_{sh} v^2 . (2.2)$$

The Yukawa-type couplings (three for each model) y_s^f are called yHEeR, yHEmuR, yHEtaR in the lepton case, yHEuR, yHEcR, yHEtR in the up-type quark case and yHEdR, yHEsR, yHEbR in the down-type quark case, for the first, second and third generation fermions respectively in each case.

• All three models are available both in Feynman and Unitary gauge. By default, the existing UFO and CalcHEP model files that can be found in the FeynRules webpage have been exported in Feynman gauge (recommended for use with micrOMEGAs 5.0). This can be changed by setting

```
FeynmanGauge = True or False
```

in the files LesHouchesModelFreezeIn-leptons/up/down.fr respectively and exporting anew to UFO and CalcHEP model file formats by running the corresponding Mathematica scripts. Don't forget to change the FeynRules path according to your system.

• Upon running these scripts, the Standard Model Lagrangian is also loaded through the file SM_noH.fr, which is a tweaked version of the Standard Model model file that can be found on the FeynRules Model Database. The tweaking consists in that the Higgs doublet and the Standard Model scalar potential are declared in the New Physics .fr files.

Feel free to use these model files and, if you do so, please don't forget to cite [1, 2]. Have fun!

References

- G. Brooijmans et al., Les Houches 2017: Physics at TeV Colliders New Physics Working Group Report, in 10th Les Houches Workshop on Physics at TeV Colliders (PhysTeV 2017) Les Houches, France, June 5-23, 2017, 2018. arXiv:1803.10379.
- [2] G. Bélanger et al., LHC-friendly minimal freeze-in models, arXiv:1811.05478.