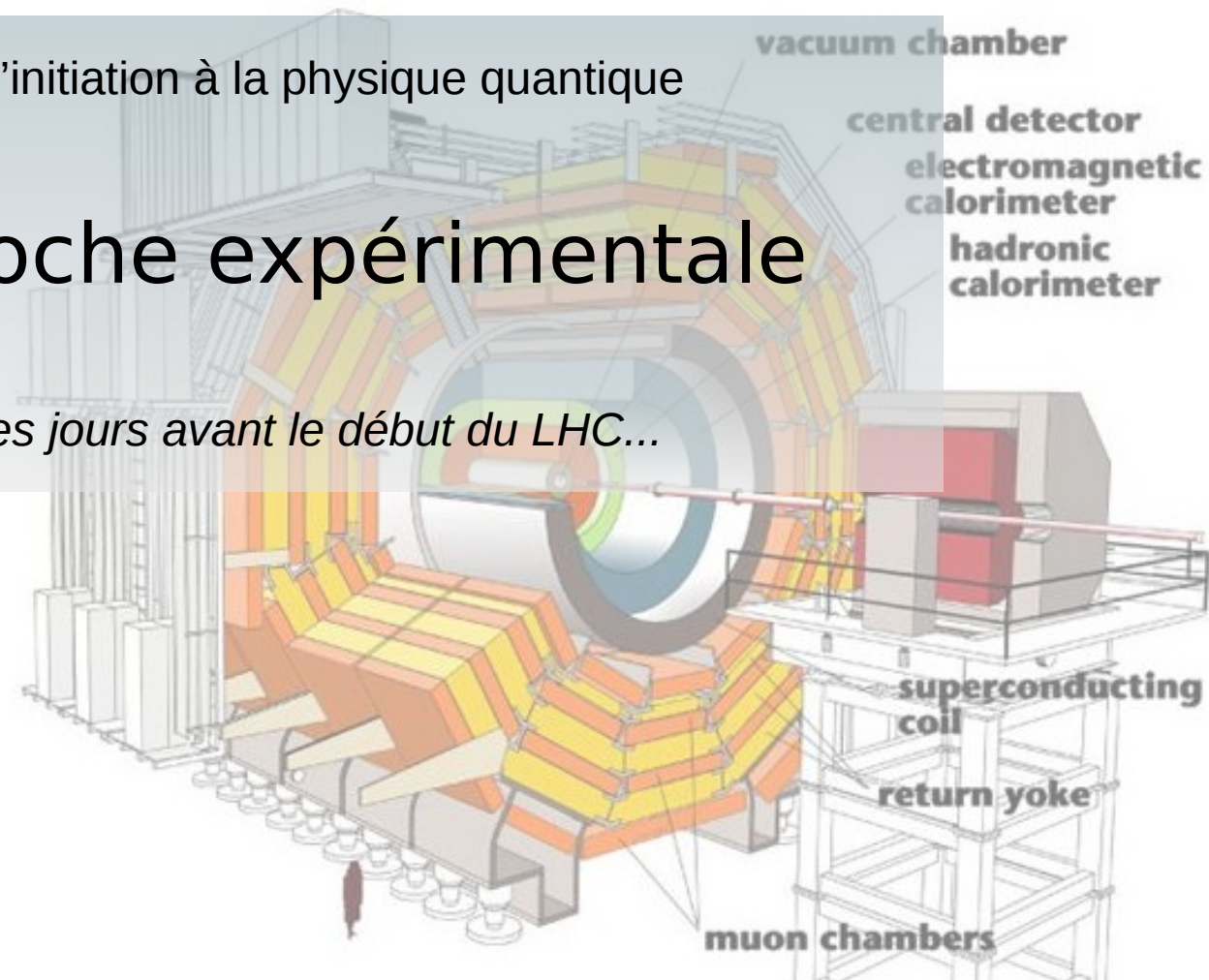


Cours d'initiation à la physique quantique

# Approche expérimentale

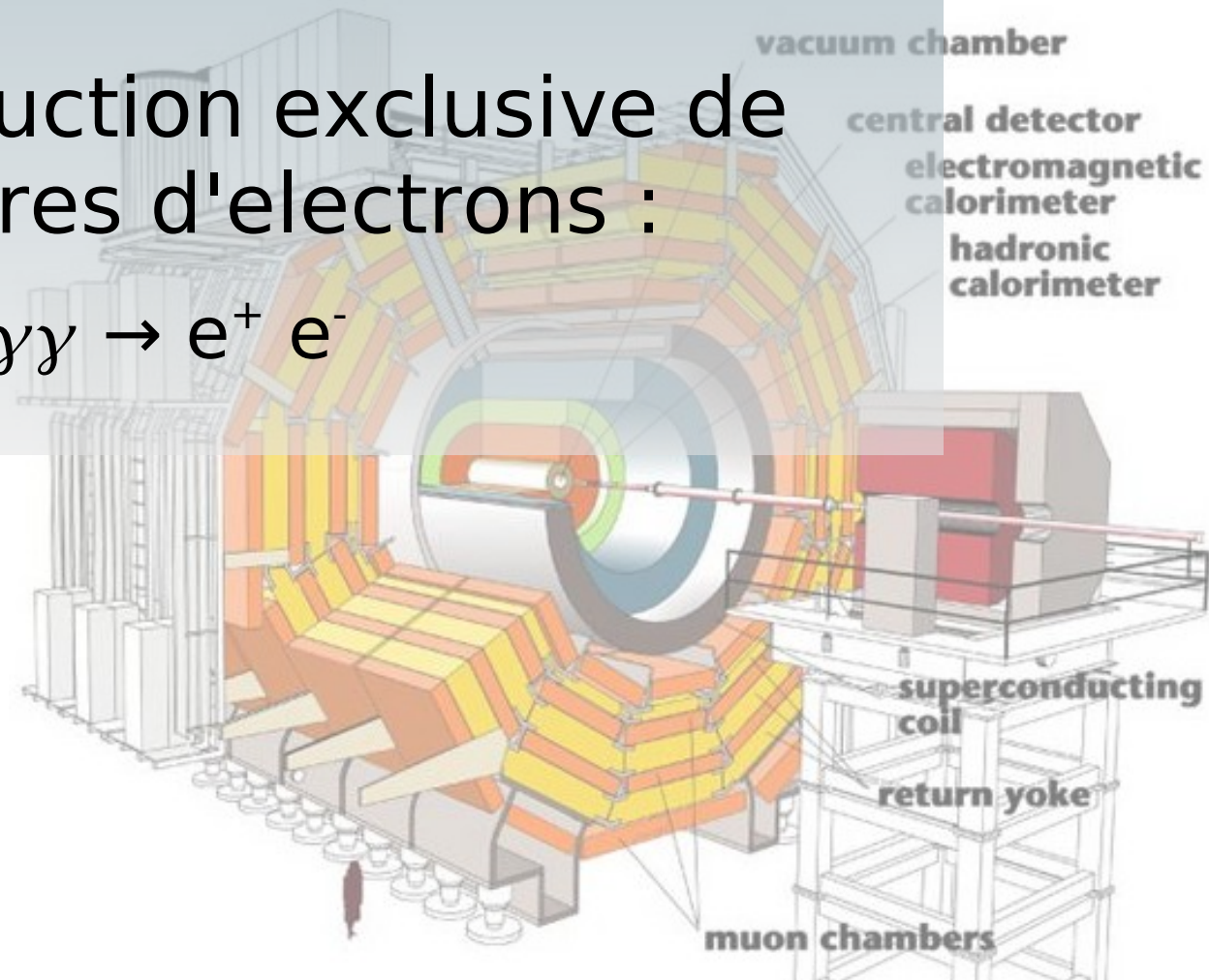
*Quelques jours avant le début du LHC...*



Diélectrons  
Méson Upsilon  
Higgs

# Production exclusive de paires d'électrons :

$$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow e^+ e^-$$



# Exclusive electrons

Processus similaire à la production d'une paire de muons

$$pp(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow e^+e^-)pp$$

**Total cross section (LPAIR) :**

$7.1 \times 10^{12}$  fb – no cut

**10.4 fb** –  $p_T > 5.5$  GeV : elastic case : the protons remain intact

13.6 fb –  $p_T > 5.5$  GeV : inelastic case : one proton dissociates

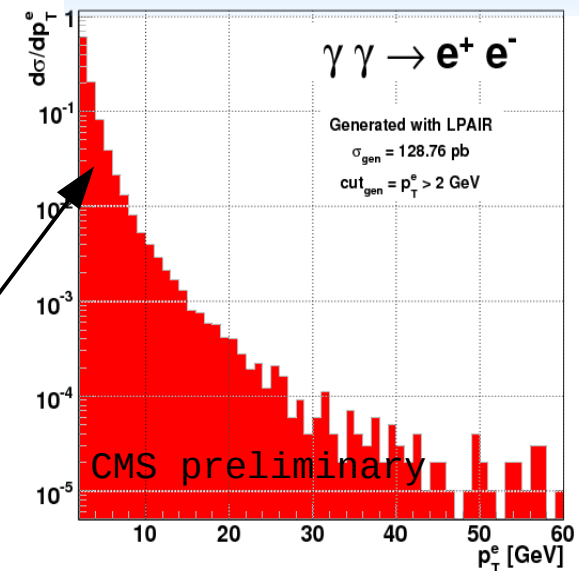
Like dimuons:

- Electrons are balanced in  $\Delta p_T$  and  $\Delta\Phi$
- $p_T$  distribution is really peaked at low values

Unlike dimuons

- **Electrons are more difficult to reconstruct** => higher thresholds

electron  $p_T$



Very narrow peak at low  $p_T$

Excl. Dielectrons

- intro
- selection
- measurement

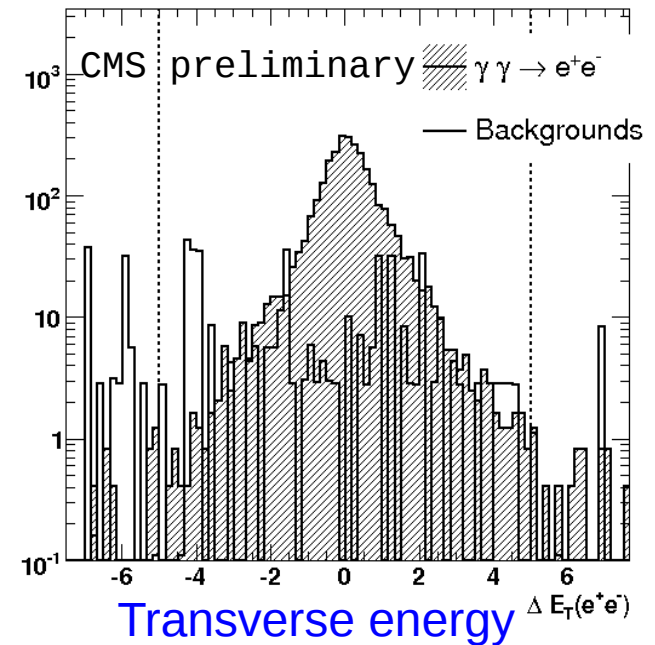
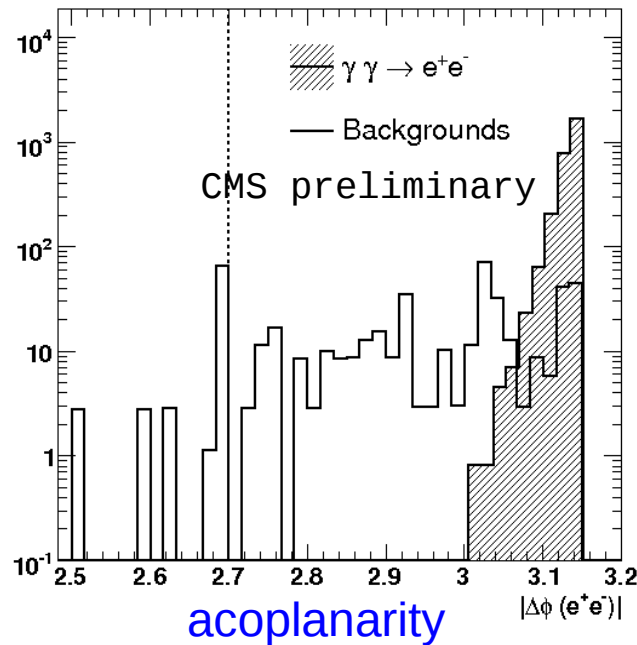


# Exclusive dielectrons

- Trigger :  $p_T > 6 \text{ GeV}$  + exclusivity S. Oryn's talk
  - Dedicated L1+HLT triggers
- Selection : similar to  $\mu\mu$ 
  - Balance in acoplanarity and in  $E_T$
  - Exclusivity conditions : tracking + calorimetry

**Excl. Dielectrons**

- intro
- **selection**
- measurement



# Exclusive dielectrons

Similar process:

exclusive production of an electron-positron pair  $pp(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow e^+e^-)pp$

## Total cross section (LPAIR) :

$7.1 \times 10^{12}$  fb – no cut

**10.4 fb** –  $p_T > 5.5$  GeV : elastic case : the protons remain intact

13.6 fb –  $p_T > 5.5$  GeV : inelastic case : one proton dissociates

Like dimuons:

- Electrons are balanced in  $\Delta p_T$  and  $\Delta\Phi$
- $p_T$  distribution is really peaked at low values

Unlike dimuons

- **Electrons are more difficult to reconstruct** => higher thresholds

Dedicated trigger required !



# Exclusive dielectrons

S Ovin, X Rouby  
CMS IN 2008 in preparation

## Level 1 selection of $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow l^+l^-$ events

Very low luminosity phase


### $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$

- Thresholds of the default dimuon triggers are already as low as 3 GeV (L1) and (HLT)
- 

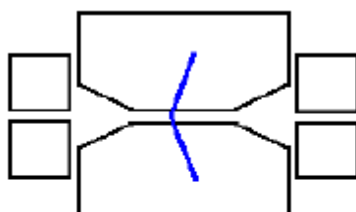
### Goals :

- decrease the thresholds of the default level1 triggers
- preserve the output rate

### $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow e^+e^-$

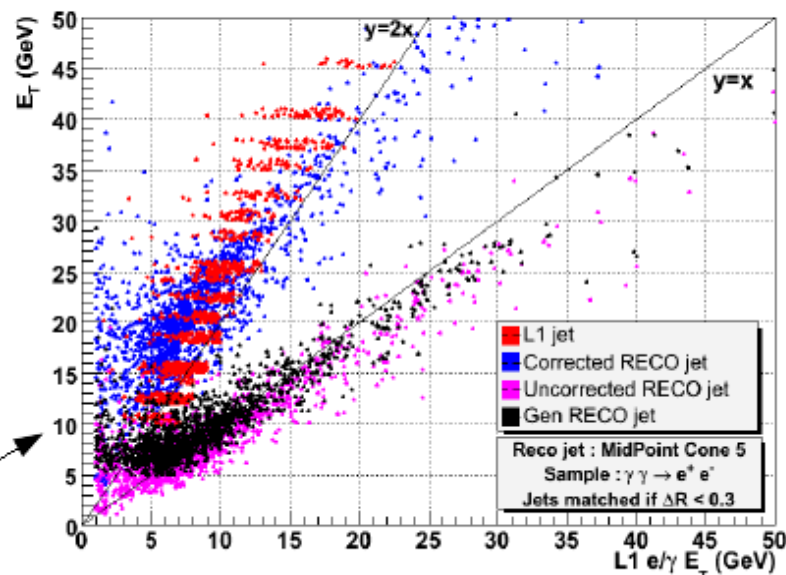
- Very low transverse momentum of the leptons
- High threshold of the defaults di-egamma trigger
-  **Need a special trigger**

Add exclusivity requirement specific to  $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow l^+l^-$



L1 e/ $\gamma$  are seen as jets candidates

Comparison between L1 e/ $\gamma$ 's and L1/RECO jets



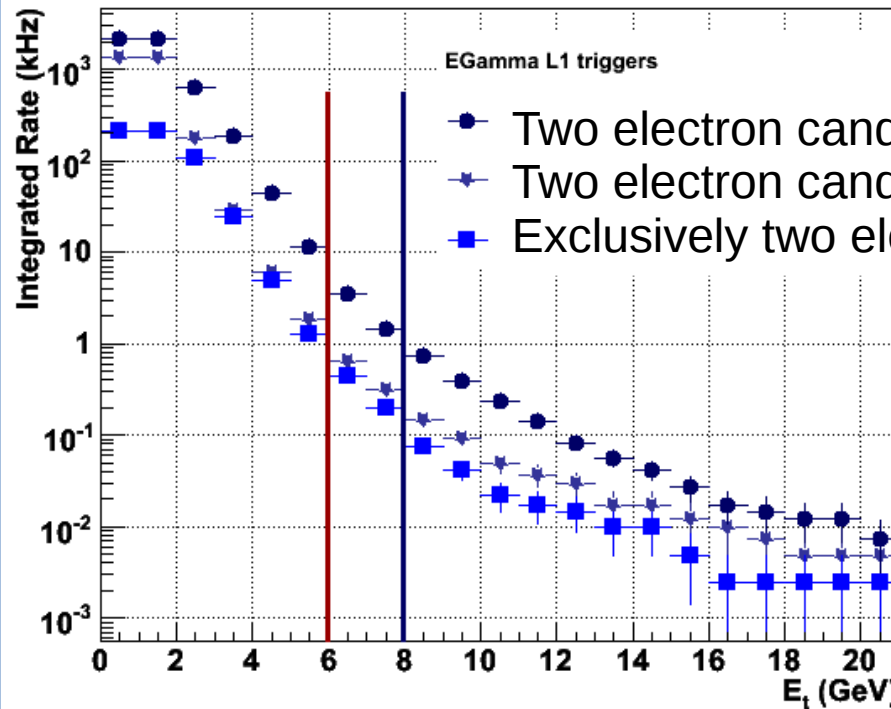
Depends on the energy scale applied on the jets



# Exclusive dielectrons

## Trigger conditions :

- at least 2 e/γ candidates with a  $p_T$  bigger than a threshold value
- nothing else ...



LPAIR  
 $p_T^e > 5.5$  GeV  
 Rates for  $10^{32}$  cm<sup>-2</sup> s<sup>-1</sup>

	$p_T^e$ (GeV)	Rates (kHz)	$\epsilon$ (%)
Default trigger	8	0.73	10.99
New trigger	6	0.45	15.91

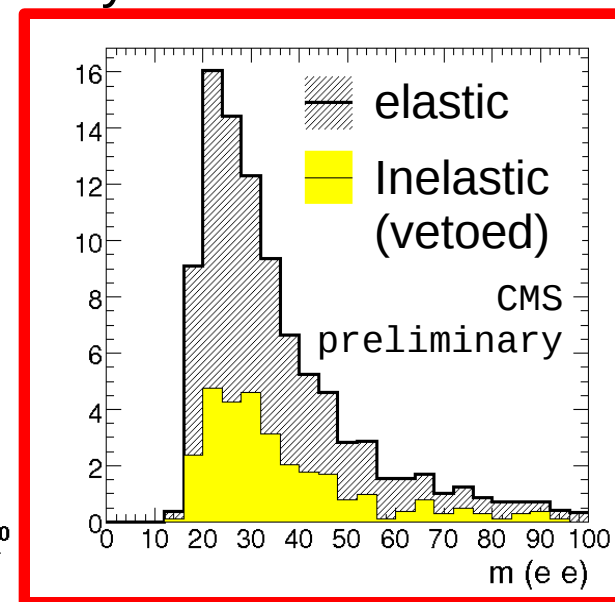
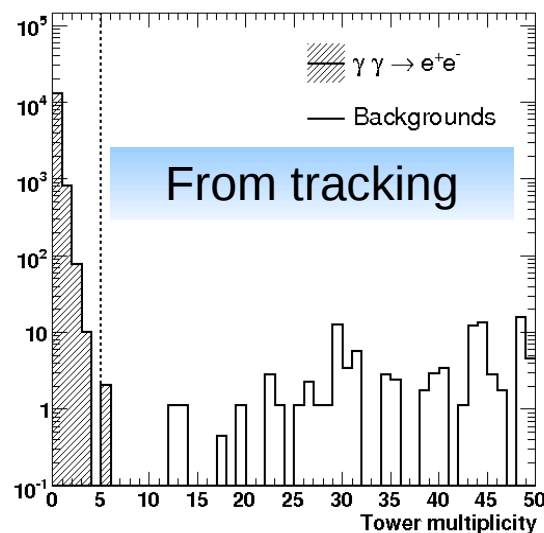
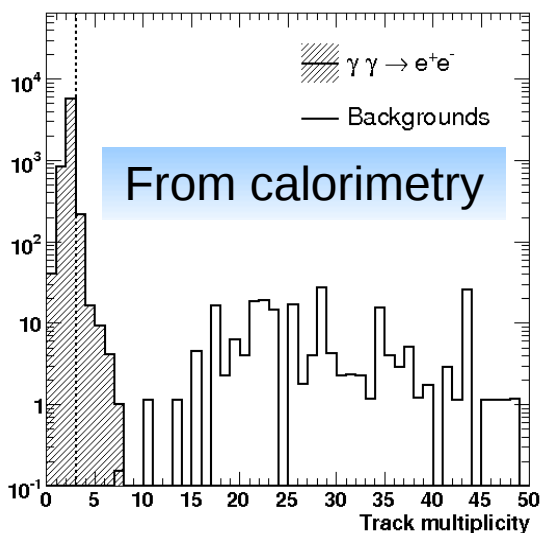
Events passing the exclusive 2 e/γ trigger must satisfy a dedicated **High Level Trigger**

# Exclusive dielectrons

- Selection (continued)

JJ Hollar, S Olyn, X Rouby  
CMS PAS DIF-07-001

- Balance in acoplanarity and in  $E_T$
- Exclusivity conditions : tracking + calorimetry



$L = 100 \text{ pb}^{-1}$

$$N_{elastic}(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow e^+e^-) = 67 \pm 8(stat)$$

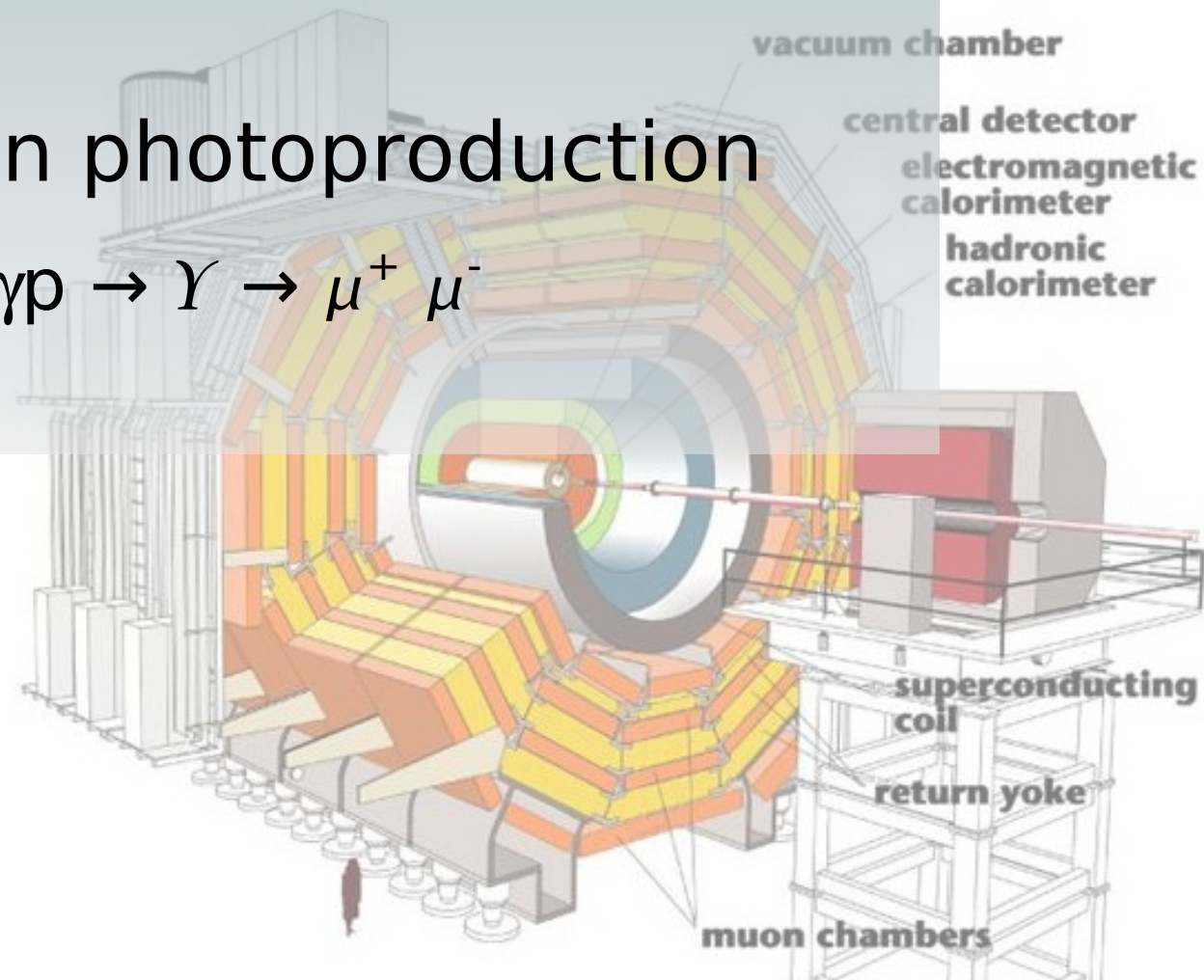
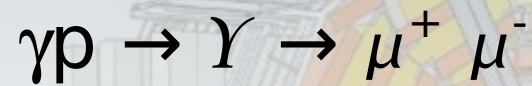
$$N_{inelastic}(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow e^+e^-) = 82 \pm 9(stat) \pm 15(model)$$

$$N_{inelastic}^{w/veto}(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow e^+e^-) = 31 \pm 6(stat) \pm 6(model)$$

Interesting but 10x smaller sample than for dimuons

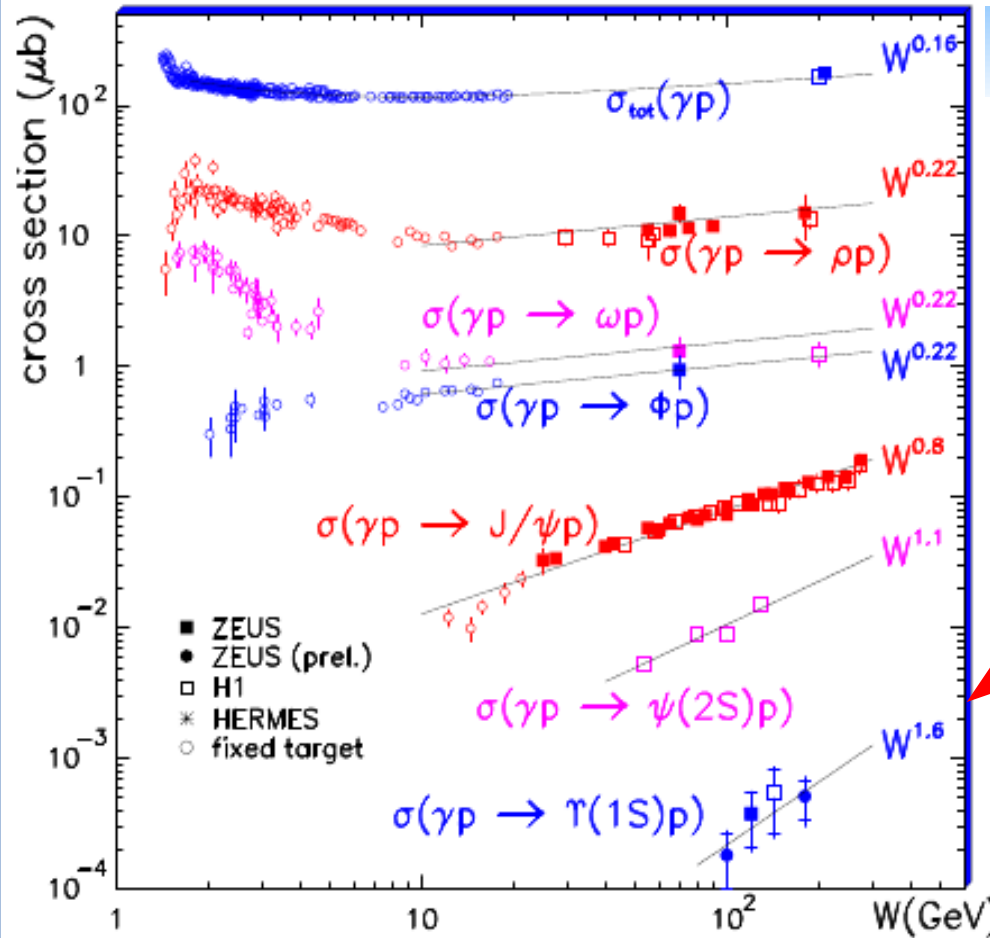


# Upsilon photoproduction





# Upsilon photoproduction



photon – proton interaction

Mass and branching ratio

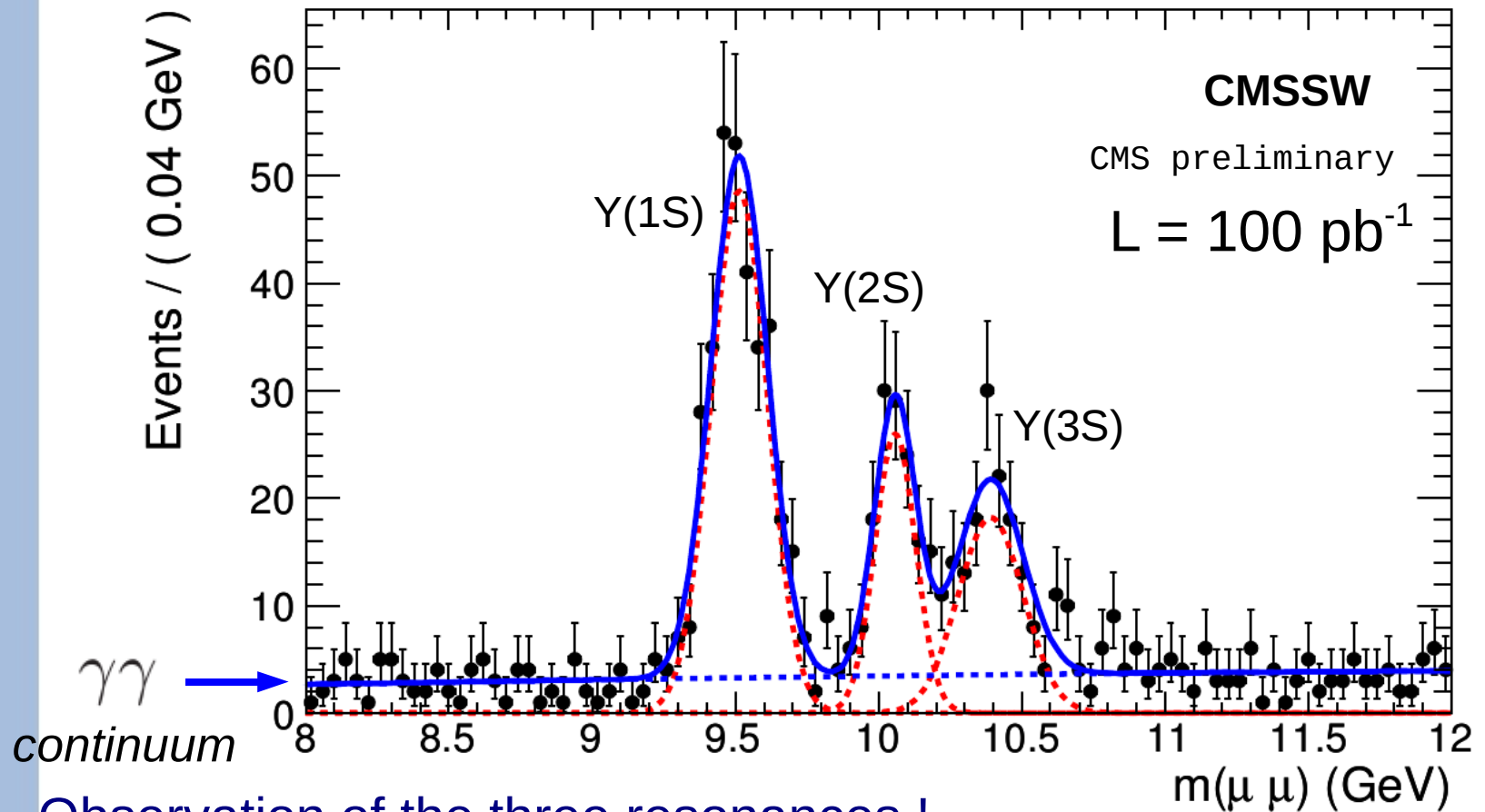
- (1S)  $m = 9.46 \text{ GeV}$   
 $\text{BR}(\mu\mu) = 2.48\%$
- (2S)  $m = 10.02 \text{ GeV}$   
 $\text{BR}(\mu\mu) = 1.93\%$
- (3S)  $m = 10.36 \text{ GeV}$   
 $\text{BR}(\mu\mu) = 2.18\%$

Process	$\sigma_{\text{prod}}$ (pb)	Generator
$\gamma IP \rightarrow \Upsilon \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$	12 (1S)	PHITI
$\gamma IP \rightarrow \Upsilon \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$	39 (1S), 13 (2S), 10 (3S)	STARLIGHT

# Upsilon: measurement

JJ Hollar, S Oryn, X Rouby  
CMS PAS DIF-07-001

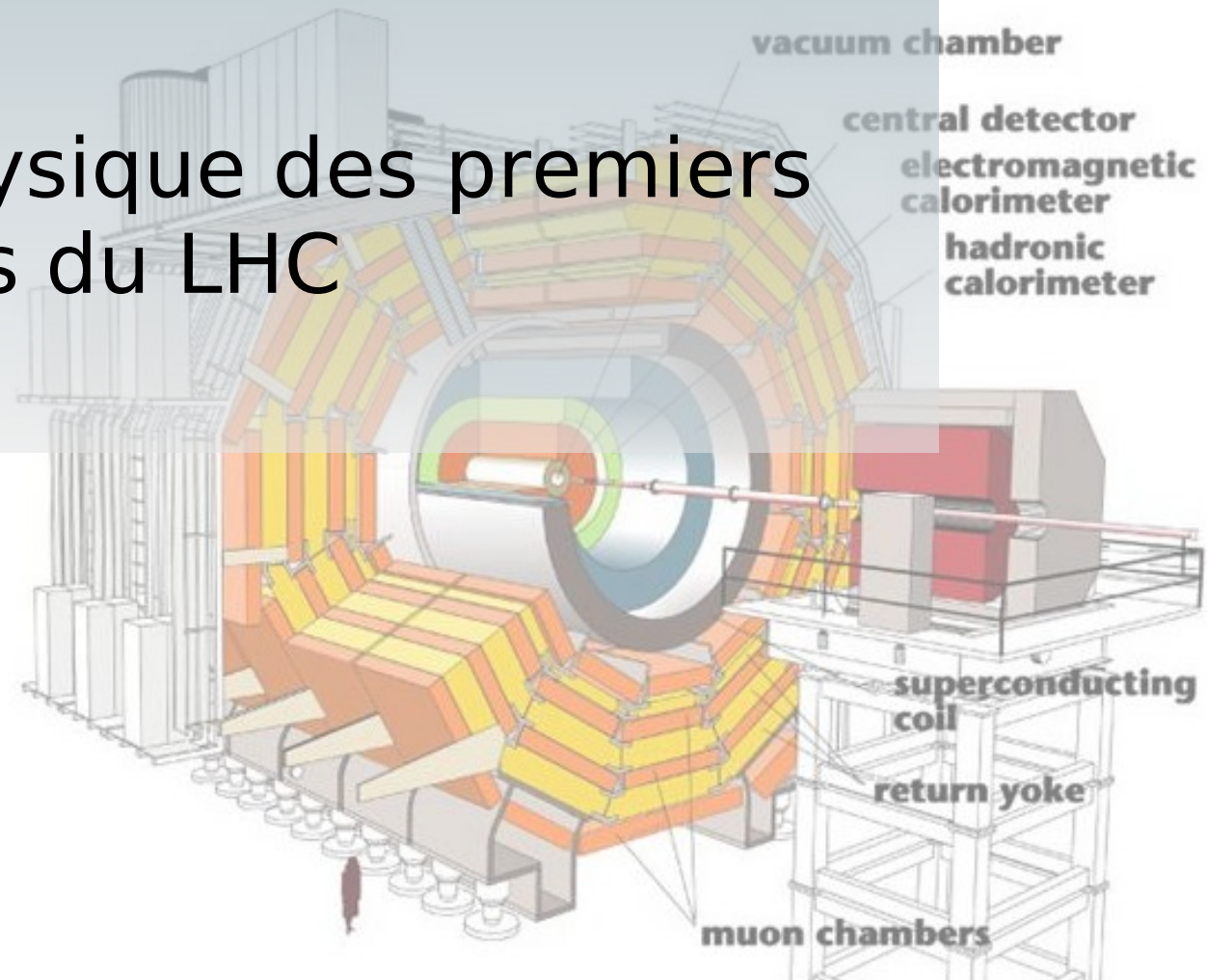
Selection of the dimuon pairs as before



Observation of the three resonances !

- low  $p_T$  track calibration
- detector alignment
- sensitivity to very low-t distributions

# La physique des premiers jours du LHC





# Taux d'événements

$$\mathcal{L} = 2 \times 10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1} \quad (\text{en supposant } 20 \text{ fb}^{-1}/\text{an})$$

Processus	Nombre/s	Nombre/an
$W \rightarrow e\nu$	40	$4 \cdot 10^8$
$Z \rightarrow ee$	4	$4 \cdot 10^7$
$t\bar{t}$	1.6	$1.6 \cdot 10^7$
$b\bar{b}$	$10^6$	$10^{13}$
$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}$ ( $m = 1 \text{ TeV}$ )	0.002	$2 \cdot 10^4$
Higgs ( $m = 120 \text{ GeV}$ )	0.08	$8 \cdot 10^5$
Higgs ( $m = 120 \text{ GeV}$ )	0.08	$8 \cdot 10^5$
Higgs ( $m = 800 \text{ GeV}$ )	0.001	$10^4$
QCD jets $p_T > 200 \text{ GeV}$	$10^2$	$10^9$

# Prérequis pour une analyse...

- Génération des événements (monte-carlo)
- Simulation de la réponse du détecteur
- Reconstruction
  - Trigger : sélection “en ligne”
  - Analyse : sélection “en différé”
    - Signal
    - Bruits de fond (réductible / irréductible / pile-up)
    - Erreurs systématiques





# Effet du pile-up

- Section efficace inélastique  $\sim 80$  mb.
- 40 MHz mais 2808/3584 “bunches”  $f_{BX}$

$$p(n; \mu) = \mu^n \frac{e^{-\mu}}{n!}$$
 Nombre moyen de collisions:  
 statistique de Poisson

$$\mu = \frac{\sigma \mathcal{L}}{f_{BX}}$$

$$\mathcal{L} = 2 \times 10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$$

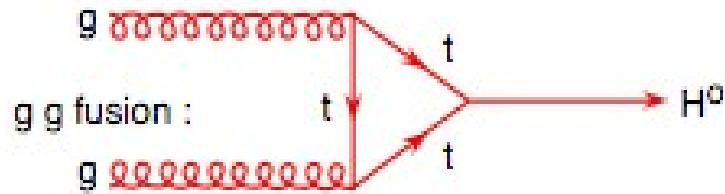
$$\mu \approx 5$$

$$\mathcal{L} = 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$$

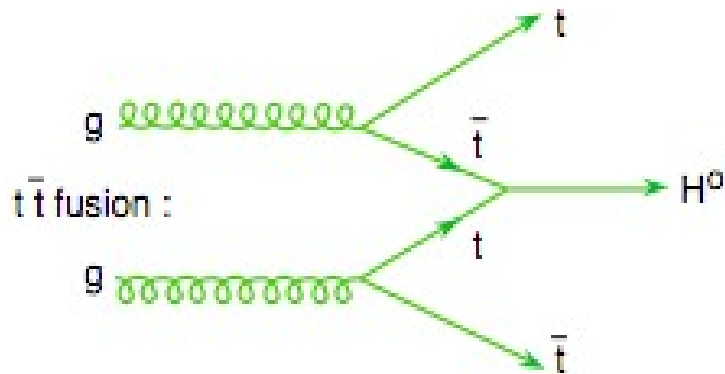
$$\mu \approx 25$$

# Recherche du boson de Higgs

## 1) Production

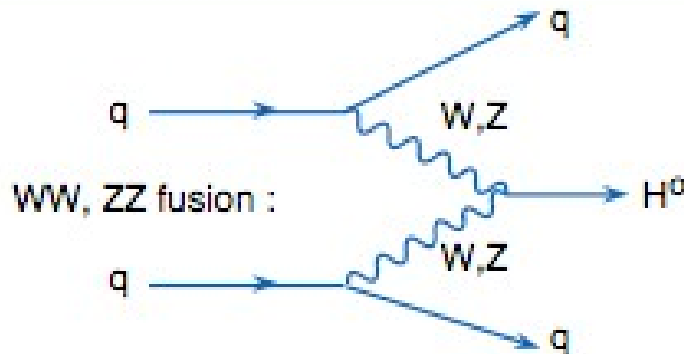


Fusion gluon gluon



# Recherche du boson de Higgs

## 1) Production



### Vector Boson Fusion

2 jets vers l'avant !

W/Z : pas d'échange de couleur

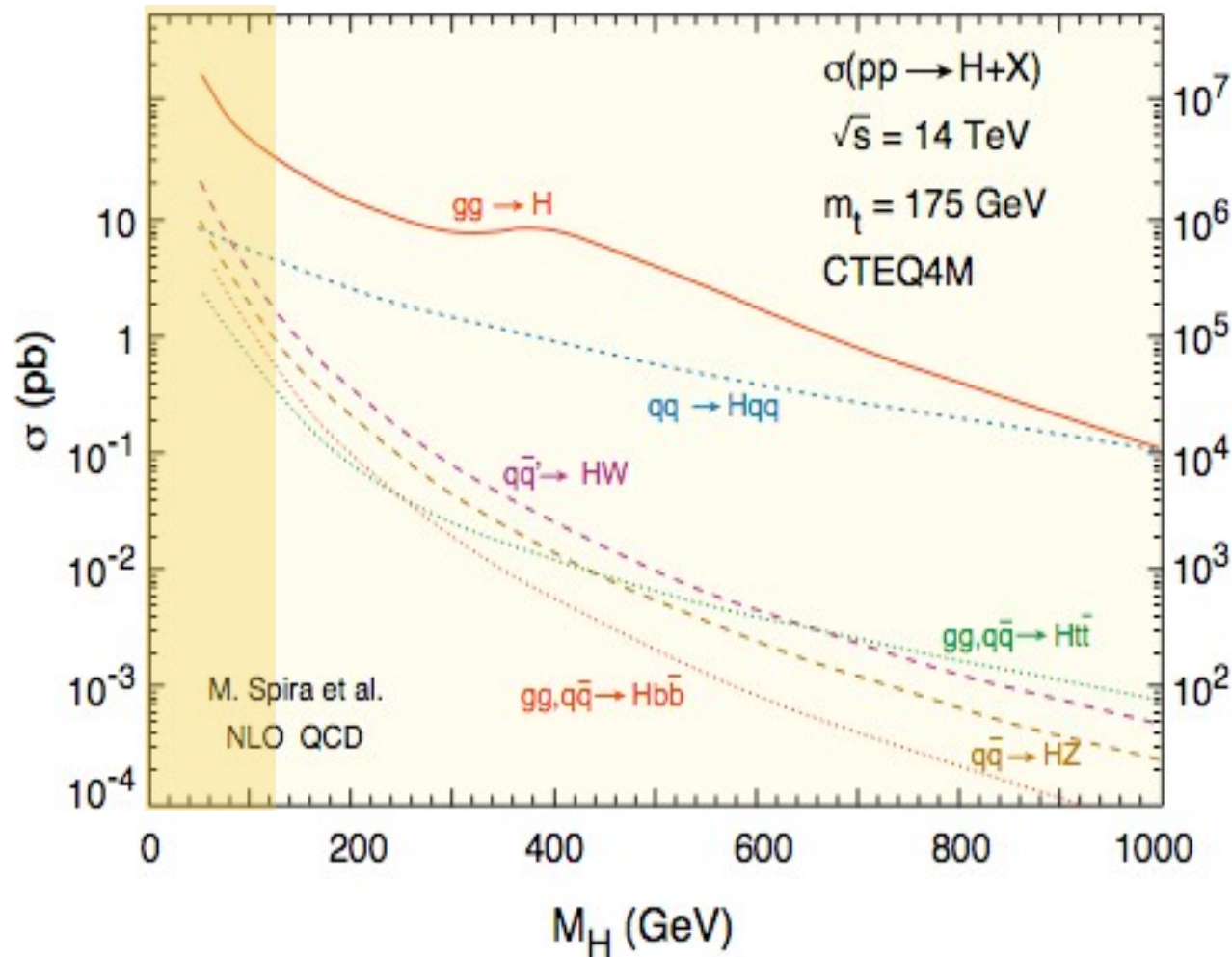


### Productions associées WH ou ZH



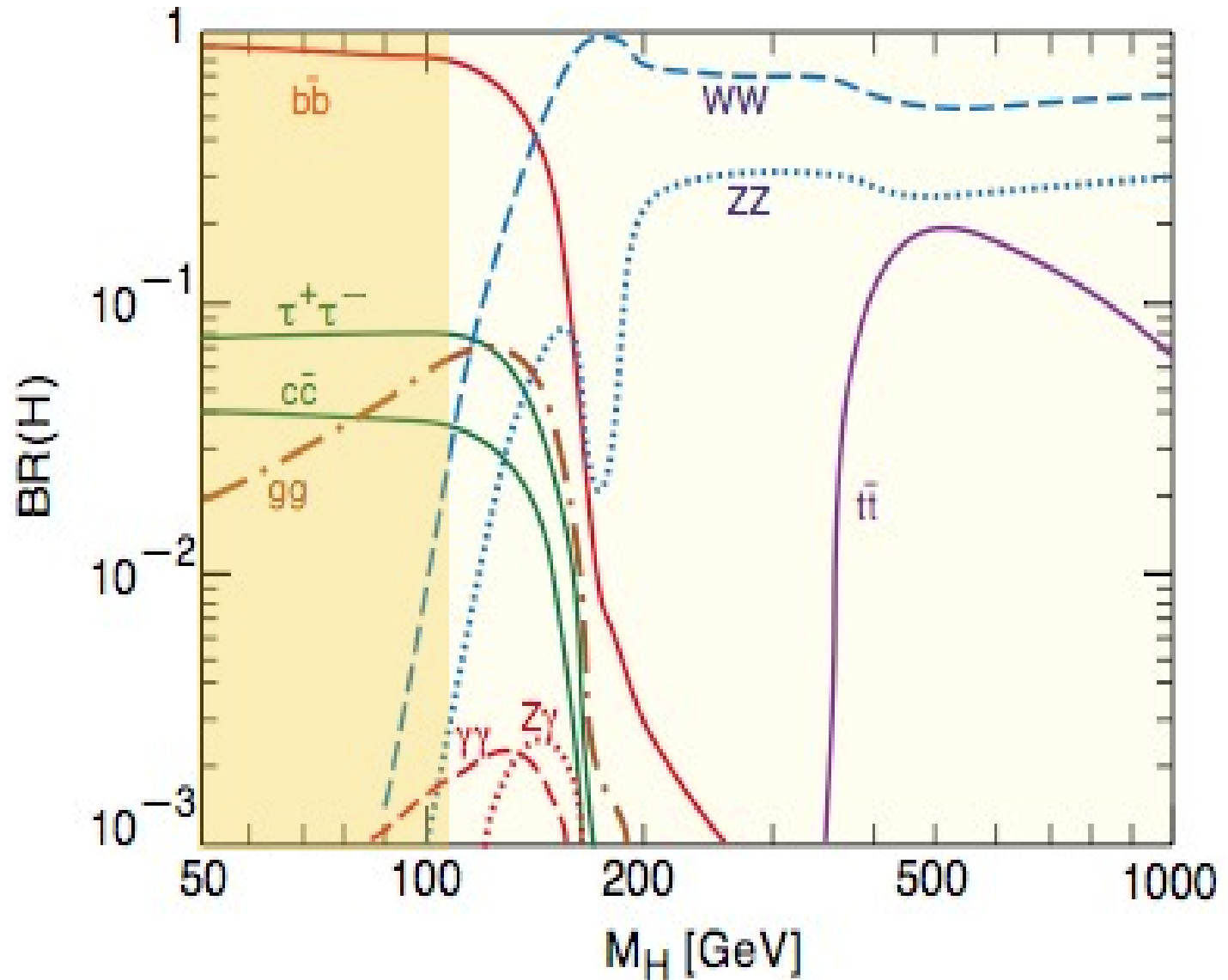
# Recherche du boson de Higgs

## 1) Production



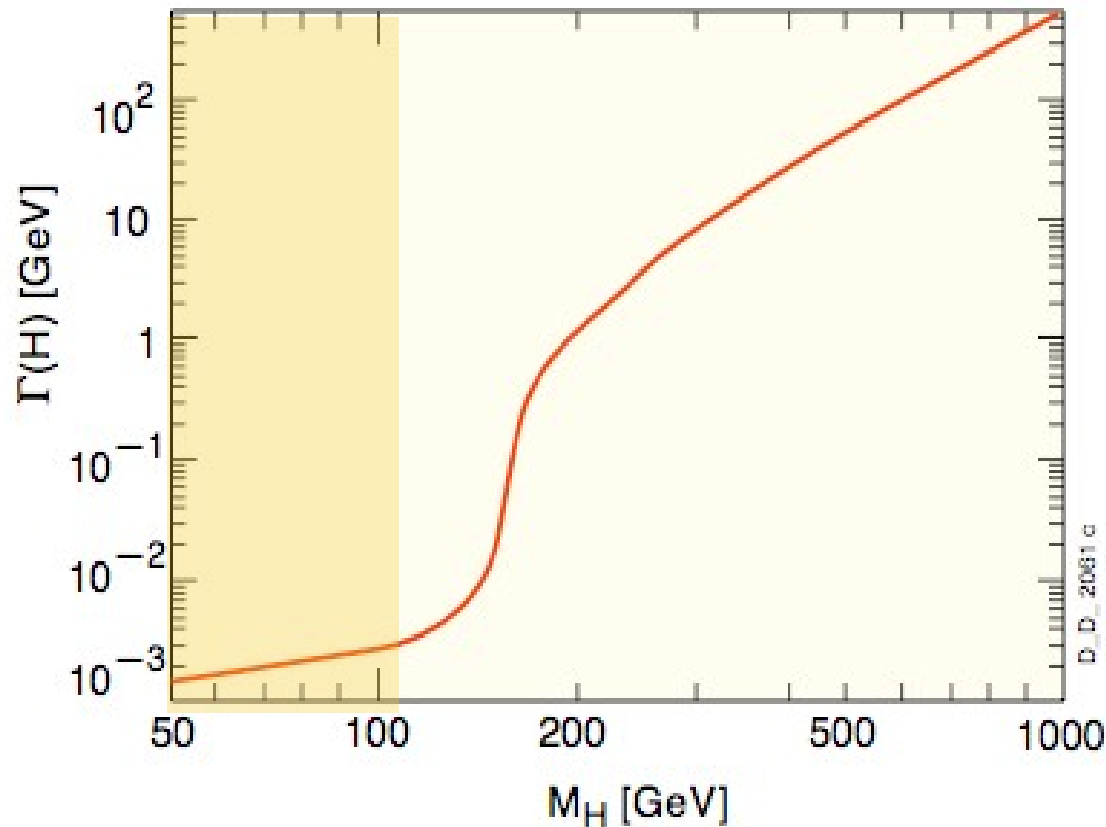
# Recherche du boson de Higgs

## 2) Désintégration



# Recherche du boson de Higgs

## Largeur du Higgs







# Recherche au LEP

Topologies: (*Higgs-strahlung*)

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow (h \rightarrow b\bar{b})(Z^0 \rightarrow q\bar{q}) \quad \text{4 jets}$$

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow (h \rightarrow b\bar{b})(Z^0 \rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu}) \quad \text{2 jets + MET}$$

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow (h \rightarrow b\bar{b})(Z^0 \rightarrow e^+e^-, \mu^+\mu^-) \quad \text{2 jets + leptons}$$

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow (h \rightarrow q\bar{q})(Z^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-) \\ (h \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-)(Z^0 \rightarrow q\bar{q})$$

2 jets + 2 taus

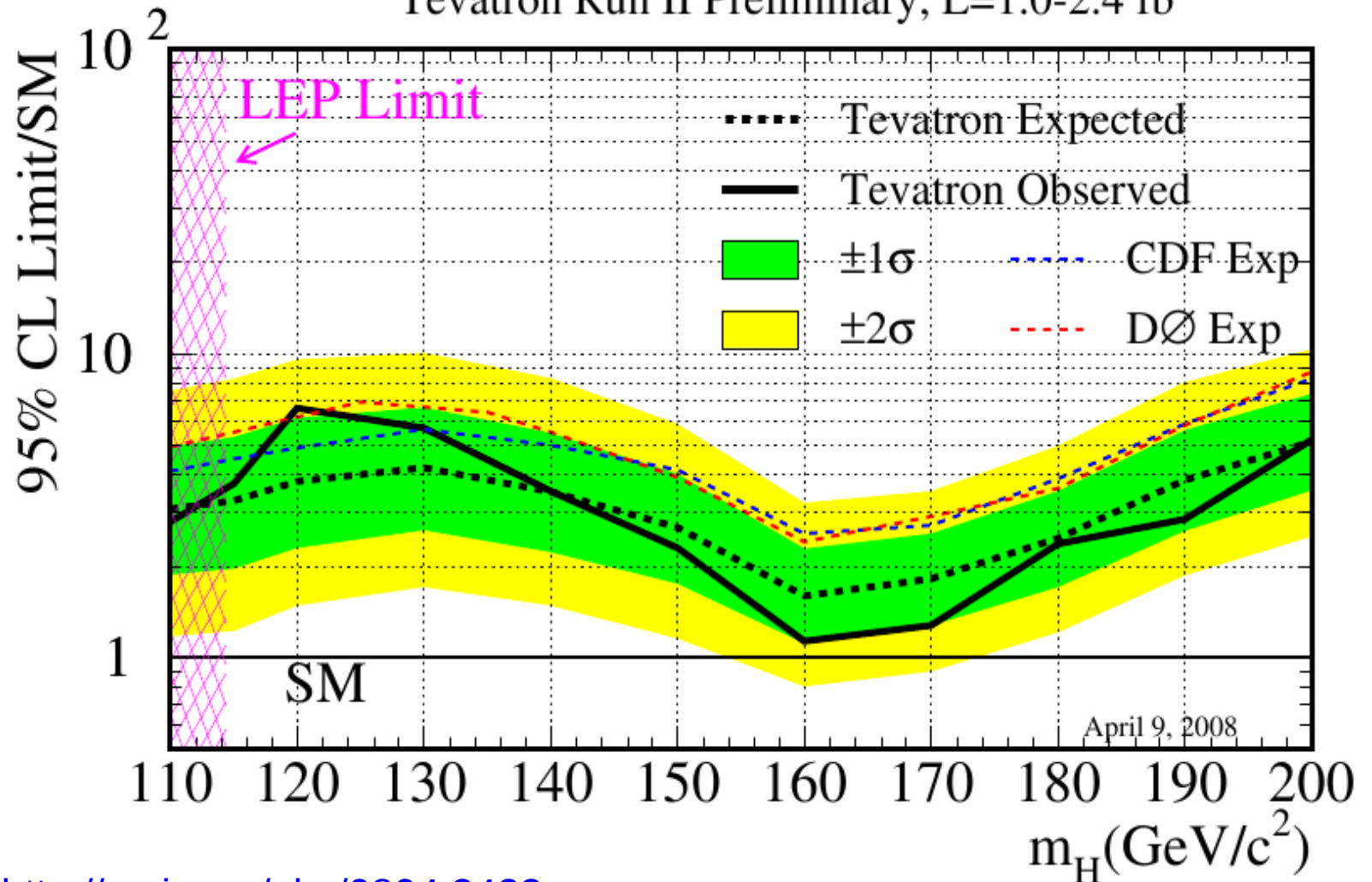
$$M_H > 114.4 \text{ GeV (95\% CL)}$$



# Recherche au Tevatron

Collisions  $p\bar{p}$  à  $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$  TeV

Tevatron Run II Preliminary,  $L=1.0-2.4$  fb $^{-1}$



<http://arxiv.org/abs/0804.3423>